INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
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WEATHER — PARIS: Thursday: cloudy, 64 (61-46). Friday: similar. LONDON: ...y showers. Temp. 15-9 (58-48). Friday: ... CHANNEL: Moderate. ROME: Thursday, ...mp. 25-16 (77-61). NEW YORK: Thurs... ...s. Temp. 21-19 (70-66).

...TIONAL WEATHER — COMICS PAGE.

Austria	12 S.	Lebanon	£1.50
Belgium	30 B.Fr.	Luxembourg	30 L.Fr.
Denmark	3.50 D.Kr.	Morocco	2.50 Dr.
Eire	16 P.	Netherlands	1.50 Flor
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Iran	40 Rials	Turkey	T.£8
Italy	350 Lire	U.S. Military (Eur).	$0.35
Israel	I.£ 4.50	Yugoslavia	12 D

9,123 * PARIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1976 Established 1887

The Sakharovs Go On 5,000-Mile Trip To See Siberia Exile

By Christopher S. Wren

MOSCOW, Sept. 15 (NYT).—Andrei Sakharov, the Nobel ...e Prize-winner, sallied nearly 5,000 miles from Moscow into ... remote wilderness of Siberia last month, seeking out a ...d who had been exiled there for anti-Soviet activity.

Despite local warnings to turn back, the dissident nuclear ...icist and his wife, Yelena Bonner, walked the last dozen ...s together at night through forest and swamps to reach ...nall Yakut village where Andrei Tverdokhlebov, another ...icist, had been sent to ... as a laborer in a saw-

...was an epic journey even ... the Sakharovs, who have ...tired a reputation for ...ing up to support other ...et dissidents. The balding, ...rtly stooped Mr. Sakharov ...5 and has suffered from a ...t condition. Mrs. Sakharov ...erwent major eye surgery ...taly a year ago and must ...r thick corrective lenses. ... they clearly enjoyed relat... their adventure Monday ...t over hot tea and home... ...le cake in their small ...rtment kitchen.

5 Years' Exile

...r. Tverdokhlebov, who is ...was secretary of the small ...iet chapter of Amnesty In...ational, the London-based ...anisation concerned about ...tical prisoners. He was ...enced last April to five ...rs of exile for anti-Soviet ...ider and sent to Yakutia, ... of the country's most ...ote regions.

...etermined to see how he ... faring, the Sakharovs ...y to Mirny, a mining town ... western Yakutia. From ...re they had to catch a ...all plane that flew—when ...ther permitted—to a dirt ...strip at Nyurba, a smaller ...wn about 160 miles east ...oss the trackless taiga. ...ey were told that no tickets ... Nyurba were available.

Mr. Sakharov produced his ...dentials as a three-time ...ro of Socialist Labor, earn... for having helped develop ... Soviet hydrogen bomb. ...e airport manager promis... to find them space, Mr. ...kharov said, but then went



NYT.

Andrei Sakharov

off duty. The Sakharovs took turns sleeping on waiting-room chairs for the night.

After waiting for about 27 hours, they said, they caught their plane to Nyurba. More than 12 miles were left to Nyurbaichan, the hamlet to which Mr. Tverdokhlebov was exiled, and there was no sign of the bus that ran once a day.

Rebuffed when they asked for a car ride, the Sakharovs set out on foot down the unpaved road. A captain of the GAI, the Soviet highway police, came up to warn them that they would get lost in the forest. After they had walked two miles, the captain, who knew their identity, (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Russians Link Japan And U.S. in MiG Plot

By Peter Osnos

MOSCOW, Sept. 15 (WP).—The Soviet Union accused Japan last night of "flouting elementary norms of international law" with the connivance of the United States in the handling of a fleeing Soviet Air Force pilot and the MIG-25 fighter he used to defect.

The Kremlin, in an angry commentary through the official press agency Tass, said that the affair "aggravates Soviet-Japanese relations," but that the United States was primarily responsible for the action. President Ford was specifically attacked for offering asylum to the pilot.

After four days in Japan last week, the defector, Lt. Viktor Belenko, 29, was flown to the United States, where he has been granted asylum. The plane, the fastest and one of the most sophisticated in the Soviet arsenal, is in Japan.

Moscow conveyed a formal protest to Tokyo last Friday, but had not previously commented here. The tone of last night's statement reflects the Kremlin's frustration over having lost so valuable a weapon to U.S. and Japanese intelligence, but contains no threat of escalating the affair into an international crisis.

Meeting Called "Farce"

Instead, the Russians say that the Japanese refused repeated requests for a meeting with Lt. Belenko, which "grossly" violated the consular convention between the countries. The statement asserts that a meeting that was *held just before Lt. Belenko's* departure for the United States was a "farce" in which the pilot "was under the influence of narcotics or some other effect."

The Russians assert that Lt. Belenko landed at a small airfield in northern Japan only because he had run low on fuel while on a routine training mission *in Siberia and had no* intention of seeking asylum until he was taken into custody by the Japanese.

Lt. Belenko, who has a wife and child in the Soviet Union, reportedly told the Japanese that his plan was to fly directly to the United States but a fuel shortage forced him to land in Japan. He was quoted as saying that he defected because there is "no freedom" in the Soviet Union.

Underlying Message

Although Moscow's formal protest and last night's statement were directed mainly at Japan, the underlying message was that Tokyo was "acting on prompting from outside to please external forces of one kind or another"—clearly a reference to the United States.

Mr. Ford, the Russians said, offered asylum to Lt. Belenko before the defector had ever officially stated that he wished to go to the United States. That White House statement, Tass said, "can only be described as an incitement."

Tass also accused U.S. "special agencies"—presumably the CIA—of conniving with the Japanese in keeping Lt. Belenko away from Soviet diplomats and then flying him out of the country. The delay in arranging the meeting with the pilot and its brevity were in response to Lt. Belenko's request, U.S. sources said in Tokyo.



Associated Press.

REUNION—Druze women in traditional dress file past Israeli troops at a checkpoint in the Golan Heights on their way to meetings with relatives in Syria. The visits were agreed upon recently by Israeland Syria under UN auspices, allowing Druze families in Israeli-occupied zones their first reunions since the 1967 war.

After Talks in Dar es Salaam

Kissinger, Nyerere Are Pessimistic

DAR ES SALAAM, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—Secretary of State Henry Kissinger and Tanzanian President Julius Nyerere ended the first round of Mr. Kissinger's African peace shuttle today with expressions of pessimism about the prospects for its success.

President Nyerere said the U.S. secretary, reporting on his meeting 10 days ago with South African Prime Minister John Vorster, had told him nothing encouraging about the chances of a settlement in either Rhodesia or Namibia (South-West Africa).

Mr. Kissinger was slightly less pessimistic but said at a news conference that the chances for the success of his mission were less than 50-50.

He added: "There are several coinciding views. There are several sharply differing views.

"The question that we face in the next week is whether the differing views can be bridged. If there were not some possibility of bridging these views, we would not have undertaken the journey."

Mr. Kissinger and the Tanzanian leader had more than four hours of talks on this first full day of the secretary's mission, which is aimed at bringing black and white governments in southern Africa closer together on the region's crucial problems.

The two men agreed to meet again next Tuesday after Mr. Kissinger has visited Zambia and South Africa.

Nyerere Less Hopeful

After today's discussions, President Nyerere said he was even less hopeful than before about peacefully speeding the independence of Namibia.

Questioned at a news conference here this evening, the President said that, to be encouraged, he would have to be told that Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith was ready to surrender power and that South Africa was willing to withdraw from Namibia at once.

Both developments, the Tanzanian leader said, would be "miracles."

"At one time I was more hopeful on Namibia," he said. "I am not now."

The points of difference as of tonight between President Nyerere and Mr. Kissinger are these:

- Tanzania believes a conference on the future of Namibia should be attended only by South Africa and SWAPO (the South-West Africa People's Organization) which it and the United Nations regard as the only group speaking for the South-West African people. Mr. Kissinger said "all authentic groups," which would mean groups in addition to SWAPO, should also take part in the negotiations.
- Tanzania thinks most of Rhodesia's 250,000 whites will want to leave the country once a black majority government (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

Cape Town Is Hit by Walkout As Johannesburg Strike Ends

By David B. Ottaway

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 15 (WP).—The three-day strike by black workers of this major South African industrial center ended today after six persons reportedly died in sporadic violence last night in the huge black suburb of Soweto.

The strike unexpectedly spread to Cape Town, where many of the estimated 200,000 colored workers stayed away from their jobs today. The new walkout affected primarily the building industry and the docks, but small businesses downtown were also involved.

However, a Cape Town Chamber of Commerce spokesman said that "by and large commerce is not seriously affected," and the walkout there appeared to take less of a toll on business than the Johannesburg work stoppage did.

One reason may be that the Cape Town walkout apparently was staged prematurely. Militant students organizing the strike issued leaflets calling on colored workers to postpone the walkout until Monday, but their last-minute appeal went partly unheeded as thousands failed to show up for work.

Meanwhile, Foreign Minister Hilgard Muller appealed to black African states to enter a concerted "peace offensive" with this country and the United States to resolve the racial and governmental problems of southern Africa. "The destiny of all of us greatly depends on this," he said.

Not Too Late, He Says

Prime Minister John Vorster's four-hour meeting yesterday with Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith was part of this offensive, Mr. Muller said. He expressed confidence that it was not too late for the drive to succeed.

There was press speculation here that there might still be a three-way summit among Mr. Vorster, Mr. Smith and Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, depending upon the outcome of the ruling Rhodesian Front's party congress now under way in Umtali in Eastern Rhodesia. Mr. Smith was expected to present the Kissinger-Vorster proposals for a Rhodesian transition to black-majority rule to the congress for its approval or rejection.

As the strike here, called to protest the recent death or detention of hundreds of blacks, dividled in its last day, the World, a black newspaper, report- (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Hundreds Flee, 8 Die as Quakes Jolt Italy Again

From Wire Dispatches

UDINE, Italy, Sept. 15—Two powerful earthquakes struck northern Italy today, killing at least eight persons and sending hundreds fleeing from the Friuli region, already devastated by a quake that killed almost 1,000 persons four months ago.

About 80 persons were injured, many having jumped from windows in panic as the quakes toppled buildings and caused landslides that blocked road and rail links. Rescue squads began digging out several buried cars and two army trucks, possibly containing passengers. The government declared a state of emergency following the tremors, which registered 6.3 and 6.4 on the Richter Scale and were felt over a large portion of northern and central Italy as well as in Austria, Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, West Germany and France. The two shocks were nearly as strong as the disastrous quake of May 6, which registered 6.9.

Police said that roads were jammed with cars heading out of the stricken area. Shops closed and Udine looked like a ghost town.

5th Straight Day

There were about two dozen smaller tremors during the morning. The area has trembled more than 240 times since May, but this was the fifth straight day of strong tremors.

Police said that the dead included four persons buried under debris of falling buildings, three killed by heart attacks and a man who fell 20 feet to his death trying to reach the dock while working on a ship in Venice.

The injured included soldiers who jumped from barracks windows. The injuries were mostly minor, hospital officials said. The fire brigade said that several motorists may have died in a landslide on a mountain road.

Fifty families left the Friuli area for the coastal resort of Lignano, where local authorities said that up to 10,000 could be accommodated. Hundreds more fled to other areas.

Evacuation Arranged

Special Commissioner Giuseppe Zamberletti, in charge of relief work, said that voluntary evacuation was being arranged for all who wanted to leave the region.

In the sprawling tent cities, where more than 60,000 have been living since the May quake, there was despair.

Authorities estimated that today's shocks left 20,000 more homeless, adding to the 70,000 displaced in May.

Damage stretched over a wide area of Friuli, which is between the Alps and the Adriatic in northeastern Italy, and reached as far southwest as Padua, 80 miles away.

In Austria, the tremors were felt in Vienna, Innsbruck and the Salzburg area. Roof tiles fell and windows were shattered at Villach, near the Italian border.

Yugoslav Damage

Thirty buildings in the Yugoslav village of Breginj, also near the Italian border, were destroyed after having been weakened by the May earthquake, official sources there said.

The tremors also were felt in Munich, in Strasbourg and in Czechoslovakia.

Experts said that the damage was less serious than in the May quake because the tremors had a wavelike, less destructive motion.

Among Italians jolted from their beds by the first shock, at 5:15 a.m., were members of a parliamentary commission visiting Udine to check the needs of the region. The parliamentarians later had to adjourn talks with local officials after the building in which they were meeting was declared unsafe.

The injured included former Labor Minister Mario Toros, who was slightly hurt when the ceiling of his bedroom collapsed.

Prof. Marco Mattina of Bologna University's Geophysics Institute said that the shocks ap- (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Hanoi Voted Into the IMF

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (AP).—Vietnam was voted into the International Monetary Fund today over the opposition of the United States.

The vote to admit the Hanoi government, as the successor to a seat formerly held by the old, since-toppled Saigon regime, was conducted at a special restricted session of the IMF Executive Board. The issue was decided by a majority vote.

The United States provides approximately 20 per cent of the financial support of the 128-member IMF, which supervises the international monetary system and provides assistance to members experiencing international financial problems.

Trudeau Puts New Faces in His Cabinet

By Michael Lavoie

OTTAWA, Sept. 15 (WP).—Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau made sweeping Cabinet changes last night, appointing a new external affairs minister and naming seven new ministers to other jobs as three veteran ministers resigned.

The changes, the most extensive since Mr. Trudeau became Prime Minister eight years ago, were a response to the recent decline in his personal popularity and in public support for his Liberal party.

"It's major surgery," Mr. Trudeau said after delaying the announcement of the changes for 5 1/2 hours to persuade some ministers to accept new jobs.

The emphasis is on politically visible ministers who can help rescue Mr. Trudeau's Liberals from falling popularity caused by the introduction last year of compulsory wage and price controls. Liberal support dropped to an unprecedented 29 per cent in opinion polls last month, compared with 47 per cent for the opposition Conservative party under recently elected leader Joseph Clark.

MacEachen Replaced

The new external affairs minister is former Trade Minister Donald Jamieson, 65. He replaced Allan MacEachen, 55, who is returning unwillingly to his old job as the minister responsible for steering legislation through the House of Commons. Mr. Trudeau acknowledged that Mr. MacEachen strongly resisted the change but accepted it because of the need for an experienced hand in the job.

"Politics is the name of the game here," Mr. Trudeau said.

Three veteran ministers resigned to clear the way for new faces. They were Mitchell Sharp, 65, former finance minister; Charles Drury, 64, former works minister, and Bryce MacKasey, 55, former postmaster general.

Mr. Trudeau created new ministries for small business and for physical fitness and amateur sport, attempts to restore dwindling Liberal support among businessmen and to make the most of public interest over the recent Olympic Games here. The new ministers include Leonard Marchand, the first native Indian to be appointed to a Canadian Cabinet, as minister for small business.

He also named Monique Begin of Quebec as minister of revenue, bringing the number of women in the Cabinet to three.

Other new members include John Roberts of Toronto as secretary of state, Francis Fox of Montreal as solicitor general, Anthony Abbott of Ontario as consumer affairs minister and Jean-Jacques Blais of Ontario as postmaster general.

Mr. Trudeau also juggled ministerial jobs among six veteran Cabinet members.

24-Hour Basis in Devon

...ater to Homes Turned Off; ...0,000 in Britain Affected

...NDON, Sept. 15 (AP).—...r to private homes was cut ...round the clock in parts of ...west England today and ...ans began trekking with ...ts to standpipes in the ...ks.

...e measure, which will affect ...0 persons in Devonshire by ...y, is the most stringent so ...r in Britain's drought. But ... Devon residents complain... ...he indefinite cutoff would ... been unnecessary if the lo... ...ater authority had taken ac... ...earlier.

...orkmen began the water ...f at 8 a.m. and by tonight ...30 towns in the area were ...ted. The main ones are Oke...pton, Holsworthy and Tavi...

Eight other towns will be ...ely on standpipes by Friday ...k.

...e measure took effect despite ...y rains in the area—and ...ughout much of Britain—in ... last few days. But a spokes... ... for the South Western ...er Authority said: "The rain ... fallen heavily in some parts, ... the ground is just like a dry ...ge. It's not getting into the ...voirs."

...ntil now the people most af...ed by the drought have been ...million or more residents of ...h Wales who have had their ...r shut off for 17 hours a day ...p.m. to 7 a.m.—for the past ...th.

...outhern Yorkshire is also crit...y short of water. Some ...900 residents of the area were ... to start getting their water ... standpipes this week but ... rain gave them a reprieve.

John Brown, chairman of the Yorkshire Water Authority, said in Leeds that despite the rains a "knife-edge situation" still existed in the southwestern part of the county, which includes the towns of Wakefield, Dewsbury, Huddersfield and Halifax.

"The decision as to whether we start operating on standpipes or give another reprieve will be made on Monday," he said.

As the cutoff got under way in Devon, many residents voiced sharp disapproval over the handling of the water shortage. At Northam, water engineers sent to turn off stopcocks in the streets met a barrage of complaints.

Criticism

"The whole business is stupid anyway; pressure should have been reduced and more done months ago," one housewife said. "Now we have the ludicrous situation of continuous water one day and none whatsoever the next. I have been doing my bit and saving every drop for months."

Philip Higgins, 73, also of Northam, said: "I'm bloody annoyed at being cut off. The water people showed lack of foresight. They should have seen what was going to happen ages ago. The organization has been terrible. They should have thought about another reservoir years ago—then none of this would have happened."

Of three reservoirs which serve the affected area, two are only 30 per cent full and one is 18 per cent full.

Bruce Pell, information officer for the South West Authority, commented: "We had no option. Savings were just not good enough. Standpipes provide the only practical form of rationing."

He said the authority "felt that shutting off supplies for a certain number of hours a day, as in Wales, would lead to a greater wastage of water. It could lead to burst pipes and pressure fluctuation in the hills. It could lead to water discoloration and consequent wastage and much more hoarding of water."

Paris Weighs Farm Aid

PARIS, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—A government committee has estimated that drought-stricken French farmers will lose about (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

...S. Inquiry Set ...n Swedish Fund

...ASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (Reu...).—Air Force Secretary Thom... Reed yesterday ordered an ...ounting of all Air Force fi...cial transactions with Sweden. ...leftist Swedish magazine re...ted that the Swedish govern... ...ot had made secret cash pay...nts to the U.S. Air Force.

...efense Department spokesman ...n Woods declined comment ... the substance of the story in ... magazine Folket I Bild, but ...d that Mr. Reed had asked ... the accounting.

...Mr. Woods also declined to ...scribe the accounting as an ...estigation, although he said it ...uld embrace all transactions ...ween Sweden and the U.S. Air ...ce.

Sex Life of Jesus

Elizabeth Finds Plan for Film 'Obnoxious'

By Joseph Collins

LONDON, Sept. 15 (NYT).—Queen Elizabeth has added her voice to a chorus of protests against the plan of a Danish movie producer to make a film in England of the sex life of Jesus. She found it "obnoxious."

The Queen, who is the temporal head of the Church of England and formally styled "Defender of the Faith," made her highly unusual excursion into public controversy in replies to letters of protest sent to her by her subjects.

She has received about 150 such complaints, a Buckingham Palace spokesman said today.

The objections began to arrive in July when Jens Thorsen, a Danish producer, proposed making such a film in England. Religious leaders and politicians including Prime Minister James Callaghan opposed the idea.

Mr. Thorsen has been coldshouldered by France and Sweden. The Film Institute in his native Denmark withdrew its financial backing of the venture after public protests.

Love Scenes

The film would portray Jesus in frank love scenes with Mary Magdalene among others.

The Queen's letter replying to complaints was sent by a secretary. It said:

"While Her Majesty finds this proposal quite obnoxious, as most of her subjects do, the permission for the making of such a film in the U.K. or the exclusion from this country of Mr. Thorsen could only be accomplished within the laws of the U.K.

"Accordingly, your letter has been referred, at Her Majesty's command, to the Home Office."

Although careful not to presume to speak for her ministers, the Queen was immediately involved in controversy.

Barbara Smoker, president of the National Secular Society, noted today that the Queen asserted that she spoke for "most of her subjects."

"On what statistical evidence does she base this claim?" Miss Smoker demanded.

Some liberal voices have been raised in defense of the movie simply on the grounds that a ban on Mr. Thorsen would constitute 'artistic censorship.'

Equity, the actors' union, rejected an appeal this week by the Roman Catholic primate, Basil Cardinal Hume, that its members refuse to take part in the film.

The Rev. Donald Coggan, the Archbishop of Canterbury, head of the Anglican Church, said he would fight the proposal "with every power at my disposal."

Earlier this month Mr. Callaghan said he had powers to refuse entry into Britain of nationals from Common Market countries "on issues relating to public order."

He said that Mr. Thorsen's film "would cause deep offense to the great majority" of Britons and added, "I very much hope that he will not seek to come here."



AP

Queen Elizabeth

Later, Mr. Thorsen, speaking to British Broadcasting Corp. television from Denmark, said he might try to go to England next month.

"It would be completely illegal to refuse me entry," he declared, adding that the Queen knew nothing about the film and "maybe she gets her ideas from God."

Barre Stresses Nuclear Defense

PARIS, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—France's nuclear deterrent will remain the country's fundamental defense, Prime Minister Raymond Barre said in a major policy speech yesterday.

"Our military defense policy rests in the first place upon the nuclear capability, which constitutes the fundamental condition of our freedom of action," Mr. Barre told the Institute of Higher National Defense Studies.

He added that France belonged to the Atlantic Alliance as it belonged to Europe and that French defense policy will follow the broad outlines of Presidents Charles de Gaulle and Georges Pompidou.

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On Political and Scientific Mission

Russians Orbit 2 With an East German Camera

By David K. Shipler

MOSCOW, Sept. 15 (NYT).—The Soviet Union launched two cosmonauts into orbit today to carry out research on geological and geographical features of the earth's surface.

The spacecraft, Soyuz-22, was loaded with sophisticated East German photographic equipment, Tass said.

The cosmonauts, air force Col. Valery Bykovsky and a civilian, Vladimir Aksenov, apparently do not plan to rendezvous with Salyut-5, the orbiting space station occupied by a two-man crew durinf a 50-day flight in July and August.

[The Associated Press reported that Mr. Aksenov, in a television interview taped before the flight, said that Soyuz-22 would not dock with Salyut-5, that it was on a relatively short "solo" flight. In another television interview, veteran cosmonaut Vladimir Shatalov said: "Soyuz-22 is designed for independent observation and a large volume of photography. This is not to be a prolonged flight."]

That crew that went to Salyut-5 this summer returned to earth Aug. 25 after complaining of what the official press described as "sensory" psychological problems —"a state of sensory deprivation, a sort of sensory hunger," as the newspaper Izvestia put it. The two, Col. Boris Volynov and Lt. Col. Vitali Zholobov, were asking for more and more news from earth, and ground communicators had taken to playing music for them over the radio circuits.

The 50-day flight fell far short of the record 84 days in space set in 1974 by a U.S. Skylab crew, a record most Western experts here thought the Russians were trying to break.

The mission begun today has clear political significance as well as scientific purpose. Tass stressed the presence of the East German camera, whose photographs will be used by both Moscow and Berlin for economic research, to underscore the benefits that small members of Comecon, the Soviet bloc's trading organization, would derive from joint space programs.

As some Western European Communists have drifted away from Moscow's influence, the Soviet party has made more visible efforts to strengthen the scientific, political and economic ties among its closer Communist allies in Eastern Europe. Yesterday an agreement was announced under which cosmonauts from Bulgaria, Hungary, East Germany, Poland, Romania and Czechoslovakia, as well as Cuba and Mongolia, would fly in Soviet spacecraft between 1978 and 1983.

Soyuz-22 is the first manned Soviet craft to carry foreign-made equipment, Tass said. However, unmanned satellites have had such instruments aboard.

Benefits Cited

In a preflight interview carried by Tass, Col. Bykovsky said that the mission would benefit the economies of both East Germany and the Soviet Union. The East German camera, which the colonel called "multizonal," occupies a "whole section of the Soyuz spaceship," he said.

East Germany's first deputy premier, Gunter Mittag, was present at the Baikonur launching area in Soviet Central Asia today to watch the launching, and Tass referred to the mission as "the U.S.S.R.-G.D.R. joint space experiment."

Col. Bykovsky piloted the Vostok-5 capsule in 1963 that joined Vostok-6, piloted by Valentina Tereshkova, the only woman to fly in space.



Associated Press

SOYUZ CREW—Flight engineer Vladimir Aksenov, foreground, and pilot Valery Bykovsky in the landing capsule of their Soyuz-22 flight simulator during pre-launch training.

Kissinger and Nyerere Talk, Voice Pessimism on Africa

(Continued from Page 1)

takes power, and that those whites should be encouraged to go. Mr. Kissinger believes the Rhodesian whites should remain, with all their rights protected.

● Tanzania thinks the United States is obsessed with the Cuban intervention in Angola and the possible spread of Communism, and is arguing that the southern African guerrillas are not Communist. Mr. Kissinger said the United States opposes outside intervention as such, rather than the fact it might be Communist.

Today's talks went into great detail about both the Rhodesian and Namibian issues, U.S. officials said. Mr. Kissinger reported on discussions he held in Zurich last week with Mr. Vorster.

The United States and black African nations regard South Africa as the key to both problems since it has controlled Namibia for 57 years and provides the only external support for the white-minority government in Rhodesia.

Asked whether he had heard of any possible concessions on the part of South Africa, President Nyerere said:

"Frankly, I don't feel particularly encouraged but we must wait until after Dr. Kissinger has seen Mr. Vorster."

Mr. Kissinger will meet Mr. Vorster in Pretoria this weekend.

Mr. Nyerere said: "I hope this shuttle, if it does not end in a negotiated settlement and [if] therefore the war has to go on, at least will make the United States understand that the fighting in southern Africa has nothing to do with Communism."

Smith Seeks Mandate

UMTALI, Rhodesia, Sept. 15 (UPI).—Prime Minister Smith today launched an attempt to win from his Rhodesian Front party a mandate to participate in Mr. Kissinger's efforts to stave off racial war in southern Africa.

Party officials at the three-day Rhodesian Front congress, which opened today amid stringent security, said that if Mr Smith gets the mandate, he may meet with Mr. Kissinger in the South African capital of Pretoria next week.

The officials said Mr. Smith will outline tomorrow a plan for new negotiations over majority rule in this white-run country. Previous constitutional talks between white and black Rhodesians collapsed.

Vorster Sees Apartheid Lasting

PRETORIA, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—The South African policy of apartheid will remain in force for as far as anyone can see into the future. Prime Minister Vorster said here today.

"The government has laid a sound foundation as far as separate developement is concerned and any government which comes after it will be unable to change that policy," he told a congress of the Transvaal branch of the ruling National party.

"The policy of separate development is not the denial of human dignity, but rather the recognition of it. This policy is essential if the identity of the various peoples is to be retained."

The Prime Minister was replying to a resolution requesting the government to take a strong stand over the maintenance of white identity.

Water Off In Britain

(Continued from Page 1)

5.6 billion francs ($1.14 billion) in earnings, an Agriculture Ministry spokesman said today.

The government will decide how much aid to give to farmers at a Cabinet meeting on Sept. 22. It will use the committee's estimate, based on a comparison with earnings last year, as a starting point for discussions.

Last month, the government granted interim aid of 2.2 billion francs to the farmers worst hit by this summer's severe drought, particularly livestock producers.

The ministry spokesman said the final amount of aid could be greater or smaller than the committee's estimate, which combines the losses through drought and the impact of inflation on farmers' incomes.

Agriculture industry sources said farmers' organizations estimated that the drop in earnings between the two years was much higher and objected to using 1975 as a comparison, as it was a poor year.

Scientists Unjam Viking-2 Scoop For Soil Study

PASADENA, Calif., Sept. 15 (Reuters).—Space scientists today freed a jammed scoop that was preventing the Viking-2 vehicle on Mars from carrying out a chemical analysis of the soil.

A faulty switch on the automatic soil scoop was blamed for the breakdown.

The scoop jammed Sunday after collecting soil for the spacecraft's biology experiment and twisting to unload gravel into another test chamber.

Viking team spokesman Alan Wood said scientists freed the scoop by ordering it to go backward in its delivery sequence to a point where the spacecraft's cameras could monitor what was wrong.

He said that the soil-delivery sequence was to be repeated tonight and signals would bypass the faulty switch.

Toll at 139 in Collapse Of Karachi Building

KARACHI, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—The death toll from the collapse two days ago of a new six-story apartment building was put at 139 today.

Government officials said that 49 persons had survived the disaster, including a man trapped for 25 hours.



AP.

Nicole Pasquier

Doctor Named Women's Affairs Aide in France

PARIS, Sept. 15 (UPI).—Nicole Pasquier, 46, today was named French government delegate for women's affairs.

Dr. Pasquier, a mother of three and a doctor specializing in child psychiatry, follows Françoise Giroud, who was named secretary of state for culture last month in the new government of Prime Minister Raymond Barre.

France is the only country with a government post devoted to women's affairs. The post was created in 1974 by President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing.

Cape Town Is Hit by Walkout As Johannesburg Strike Ends

(Continued from Page 1)

ed that 16 blacks had died during walkout-related violence—all but three apparently as a result of being shot by police.

Police have confirmed only three deaths. The number of injured persons is estimated at between 50 and 100.

The newspaper—the main source of information about events in Soweto—said strikebreakers returning from Johannesburg last night attacked by militant youths and strike partisans at half a dozen points in the township. One report said two strikebreakers were set afire.

The current strike has been less violent than the last walkout, held Aug. 23-25. One reason is that migrant workers packed into single men's hostels in Soweto, who opposed last month's walkout, supported this strike.

African sources said their conversion was a result of secret meetings between hostel inhabitants and strike organizers explaining their motives.

In an incident thought related to the strike, a chemical factory near the black township of Alexandra, north of this city, was burned out last night, and there was a strong suspicion of arson. Incidents of apparent industrial sabotage have been increasing in this area.

White authorities fear that there will be more attempts to burn down or otherwise damage factories and businesses. Some employers have begun organizing white vigilante groups to protect their property at night.

Officials here announced the cancellation today of celebrations marking the 90th anniversary of the city's founding. They cited the continuing racial disturbances. "This is simply not the time to celebrate," an official said.

Regime's Plans

Meanwhile, more details of the government's plans for limited changes in the political setup were released at the Transvaal National party's congress in Pretoria.

Interior Minister Connie Mulder, the No. 2 leader of the party, announced that the term "separate development," the official euphemism for apartheid policy of strict racial segregation, will be replaced by the expression "plural democracy."

It was also reported that the government is planning to set up a loose, consultative confederation of whites, colored persons and Indians living outside the homelands, which are reserved for the nation's majority 18 million blacks. The 8 million blacks now in white farm and urban areas would apparently remain disenfranchised.

World's Catholics To 700 Million

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 15 (UPI).—The world's Roman Catholic population has exceeded 700 million, Vatican Radio said.

Quoting the AIMIS Missionary News Agency, it said there were about 705 million Catholics as of June 30, 1974, out of a world population of 3.874 billion.

It said there were 550 million other Christians, 550 million Moslems, 510 million Hindus, 310 million Confucians, 280 million Buddhists, 75 million Shintoists, 50 million Taoists, 16 million Jews and 878 million persons belonging to smaller religions or no religion.

Callaghan-Giscard Talks

PARIS, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—British Prime Minister James Callaghan is expected to meet French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing Nov. 12 for the first of their recently agreed regular consultative meetings, informed sources said today.

Upper Volta Minister, Aides Die in Air Crash

OUAGADOUGOU, Upper Volta, Sept. 15 (AP).—The minister of information and posts of this West African nation, Capt. Jean-Luc Koulidiati, was among four victims of a helicopter crash during a storm last night near Poa, 30 miles west of the capital, it was learned today.

The commandant of the National Gendarmerie, a senior official of the ministry and the pilot were the other victims. The sole survivor was the director-general of posts, who was seriously injured.

Despite State Department Warning

U.S. Citizens in Rhodesia Planning to Stay

By Robin Wright

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, Sept. 15 (WP).—Red Parham is one of Rhodesia's wealthiest and most prominent residents, a man who helped develop Rhodesia's tobacco industry in the 1920s.

Mary Jane Woram is a past president of the Salisbury Women's Club and chairman of a new letter campaign appealing for international support of Rhodesia's white minority government.

Dave and Mike are soldiers in Rhodesia's army, members of a special division fighting black nationalist guerrillas who have been waging war against the government of Prime Minister Ian Smith since December, 1972.

Bruce Glenn is one of Rhodesia Broadcasting Corporation's reporters, host of a new "Psychological War and You" weekly program on Rhodesia's rapidly escalating guerrilla war.

All five were born and brought up in the United States and are now among some 1,200 U.S. residents and 250 U.S. soldiers in the southern African territory.

No Official Protection

All five are planning to stay, despite a State Department warning issued last April to Americans in Rhodesia, advising them to leave since no official protection could be provided if their lives were endangered by the guerrilla war.

Each one feels strongly that there is a future for whites in Rhodesia—where Africans outnumber them by more than 20 to 1—despite the increasing international pressure to bring majority rule to the former British colony.

Mrs. Woram has made this clear in a letter she drafted for distribution to families and friends in the United States. The letter appeals for pressure on the State Department and Congress to reverse their position on Rhodesia.

Entitled, "A Plea from Americans in Rhodesia," the letter warns: "Your fellow Americans living in Rhodesia are deeply concerned for the future of this beautiful country, a country which like America treasures the ideals of justice and liberty.

"The black nationalist movements are now controlled and manipulated by their white Communist masters. Rhodesia stands in grave peril of falling a victim of the U.S.S.R.'s expansionist goals."

A native of New Jersey, Mrs. Woram came here eight years ago with her Rhodesian husband and seven sons. Her disappointment with the new U.S. policy on Africa announced by Secretary of State Henry Kissinger in Zambia last April led her to launch the letter campaign.

Communist Aggression

"The terrorist activity is straightforward Communist aggression. We want to urge Americans to come here to see for themselves and help prevent a tragedy, a bloodbath, a take-over by the Communists."

Dave and Mike are among those Americans who have recently arrived in response to a similar appeal. Both Vietnam veterans and former Green Berets, they traveled more than 10,000 miles from Indiana and Washington state to join the Rhodesian Army after seeing recruiting ads in Soldier of Fortune magazine.

Mike explained his involvement idealistically: "The West isn't doing its job. The U.S. especially isn't doing its duty. If they're too scared to fight the Communists, then people like me have to act independently. I consider it my duty to fight in Rhodesia. After Vietnam and Angola, we can't affort to lose any other countries."

He acknowledged that he was technically breaking U.S. law by serving in a foreign army, but said that none of the boys who had fought in the Rhodesian Army and then returned home had been prosecuted.

For Dave, politics was not involved: "I had five contracts to choose from and this seemed to be the one with the best possibilities. These people are organized, they won't screw you like the Angolans messed up the British [mercenaries]."

Lowest Risks

"If you're going to be paid to kill, you choose the employers with the lowest risks of getting yourself killed."

The conditions are not all that attractive in comparison with U.S. Army standards. The pay scale begins at $337 a month for a private and runs up to $1,194 for a major, according to an army recruiting brochure now available at the Salisbury Airport. In the U.S. Army, a private gets $361 a month and a major $1,308.

But the offer has so far lured more than 1,000 "foreign volunteers," according to unofficial estimates, mainly Britons, Americans, Australians, Portuguese and Greeks. New U.S. recruits coming in rapidly.

Bruce Glenn is also fighting, but on the psychological side of the war. A native of Iowa, who came to Rhodesia two years ago, he has become what a South African publication called Rhodesia's leading "Communist critic" on the air waves and one of the most outspoken optimists about the presence of whites in Rhodesia.

Absolute Confidence

"I have absolute confidence that this government can hold back the terrorists. Even if the war escalates and urban terrorism is introduced, we can withstand it. This army is on a par with the best in the world," he said.

Mr. Glenn added that he does not feel majority rule was inevitable in Rhodesia, because even if blacks came to power they would not allow majority rule. "Look at the rest of Africa. There is no semblance of democratic institutions in any black African country. What makes anyone believe Rhodesia will be different?"

But Red Parham may be the most outspoken American in Rhodesia on the subject of white presence. "I first saw Salisbury in 1925," he said, "when it was dirt roads and temporary buildings. I've seen what the whites did for this country and I know what will happen to it if they are forced to go.

"Africans in Rhodesia are better off than in any other country on the continent. I hate to think about their future if the black nationalists take over."

Hundreds Flee Italian Region As Two Major Tremors Strike

(Continued from Page 1)

peared to be part of a new seismic activity rather than a continuation of the "settling" tremors, which have been registered since May.

"This is something totally new, and from the statistical point of view it was absolutely unpredictable," he said.

At Rome's Monteporzio Observatory, scientists said they believed that a new center of seismic activity had been formed close to the one which caused the May quake.

"An enormous amount of energy was released, energy which must have been accumulated over decades," an expert said. "There has not been enough time between May and now for that amount of energy to be collected in the same place."

Full Emergency

Mr. Zamberletti, reappointed to his job of supervising relief work last Saturday after the first tremors of the new series, said today: "We have gone back to the full emergency like the one after May 6."

He appealed for accommodations to be made available immediately for the thousands of homeless, noting that food supplies also were needed.

Mr. Zamberletti said that the 70,000 left homeless by the May quake would be offered the opportunity to leave the tent cities near the wrecked towns and settle in hotels and summer houses now empty in the seaside resorts about 50 kilometers south.

Many chose resettlement as soon as they were informed of the plan. About 100 persons were taken to hotels on the coast immediately.

Authorities said that virtually all the population of Gemona, the village that was almost flattened in May, had asked for accommodations at the coast. Thousands of Friuli residents, disheartened by the continuing tremors, had already started procedures for emigration abroad.

Schmidt Denies Lockheed Delay

BONN, Sept. 15 (AP).—Chancellor Helmut Schmidt today dismissed as "laughable" and absurd" opposition charges that his government was deliberately delaying efforts to obtain secret papers on the Lockheed scandal from the U.S. Justice Department.

Mr. Schmidt said at a news conference that his government had prolonged negotiations with Washington to insure that the West German Parliament, which is not just law enforcement agencies, will have access to documents collected by the Security and Exchange Commission in the sale of Lockheed fighter planes abroad.

Sakharovs Went 5,000 Miles to Visit Exile

(Continued from Page 1)

drove up and offered them a lift.

When they got in, Mrs. Sakharov said, he turned the car around and instead drove them back to where they had started. The local deputy police chief appeared. The Sakharovs said they prosed hitching a ride on a motorcycle, but the officer demurred, saying that Mr. Sakharov "would catch cold."

Though it was growing dark, the Sakharovs started walking again. A passing driver stopped to apologize that police had told him not to pick them up. The road was unlit and unmarked and, Mrs. Sakharov said, they made their way from one pile of dirt to the next." But a moon came out and, she said, "though it usually gets cold, that night it stayed warm."

After several hours they came upon two surprised teen-agers who, after first urging them to turn back, offered them directions and warned them not to stray into the adjacent swamps. They arrived at the village about 3 a.m.

They did not know where Mr. Tverdokhlebov lived. But they recalled that his mother had shown them a snapshot of a house with an old car tire and pot out front. After half an hour of looking, Mrs. Sakharov said, "we recognized it and went up to the doors."

"Andryusha hadn't expected us," Mr. Sakharov said. "He kept saying, 'Well, well!'" Since it was Sunday, they planned to spend the day together, but Mr. Tverdokhlebov's boss appeared to tell him that he would have to go to work for a "subbotnik," or unpaid work day for the state.

Two "geologists" had arrived earlier, purportedly to look for mineral water in the permafrost soil, and settled in "just the other side of the wall," Mrs. Sakharov said. She identified them as KGB security agents. But Mr. Sakharov said that he and Mr. Tverdokhlebov still enjoyed a good visit before a local mechanic was ordered on Monday to drive the Sakharovs back to Nyurba.

The only mishap occurred Sunday. While waiting for Mr. Tverdokhlebov to finish work, Mr. Sakharov said, he stepped into a hole during a walk and twisted his left ankle. As he displayed the bandaged foot, the Nobel laureate quipped, "but the KGB didn't have anything to do with it."

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...edy, Humphrey Renominated

...oynihan Edges Abzug by 1% ...N.Y. Democratic Primary

By Spencer Rich

...HINGTON, Sept. 15 (WP). ...er UN Ambassador Daniel ...an won a slender victory ...ep. Bella Abzug yesterday ...w York State's Democratic ...nomination for the U.S. ...

...pponent will be incumbent ...ames Buckley, who easily ...ed the Republican nomina... ... the primary.

... 99 per cent of the state's ... districts reporting, Mr. ...han edged Rep. Abzug by ...35 per cent, with a margin ...ut 9,000 votes.

...e other Democratic hope... former U.S. Attorney Gen...amsey Clark, New York City Council president Paul O'dwyer and businessman Abraham Hirschfeld—trailed far behind the leaders.

Sen. Buckley, who already has been endorsed by the Conservative party, took the Republican nomination over Rep. Peter Peyser by a margin of about 2 1/2-1.

A Militant Liberal

Mrs. Abzug, a member of the House for six years and a militant liberal and advocate of women's rights, had hoped to become the first woman senator since Margaret Chase Smith, R-Maine, lost her seat four years ago.

In a statement issued this morning, Mrs Abzug said: "Mr. Moynihan appears to have won the primary and I congratulate him."

But because of the closeness of the race, she said, the official canvass of the vote "must be awaited before the result becomes final."

She added that if the Moynihan victory is confirmed, "I will of course cooperate with him in unifying the Democratic party to defeat Sen. Buckley and insure a Carter-Mondale victory."

A group of veteran Democratic senators won renomination in yesterday's 12-state primary balloting. They included Edward Kennedy of Massachusetts, Hubert Humphrey of Minnesota, Frank Moss of Utah, Gale McGee of Wyoming, Howard Cannon of Nevada and William Proxmire of Wisconsin.

In Rhode Island, Gov. Philip Noel, the favorite for the Democratic nomination for the Senate, trailed wealthy Providence auto dealer Richard Lorber by 361 votes in final unofficial returns. But 3,111 absentee ballots are still to be counted. Gov. Noel has had difficulties, according to some accounts, because of remarks taken as derogatory by some blacks.

For governor, Joseph Garrahy won the Democratic nomination and will face Republican James Taft jr., who was unopposed for the GOP nomination.

In Vermont, Gov. Thomas Salmon narrowly defeated consumer advocate Scott Skinner, a 34-year-old representative of Ralph Nader's Public Interest Research Group, for the Democratic nomination for the Senate.

The Republican senatorial victor was incumbent Sen. Robert Stafford.

Gubernatorial Contest

In the Vermont governor's race, State Treasurer Stella Hackel, 49, won the Democratic nomination over two opponents. Republican state House majority leader Richard Snelling won the GOP nomination.

In New Hampshire, Gov Meldrim Thomson, seeking a third term as GOP governor, easily defeated Gerard Zeiller for the Republican nomination. Harry Spanos, a former state senator from Newport, edged his two major opponents in the race for the Democratic nomination.

In Massachusetts, Sen. Kennedy, a veteran of 14 years in the Senate, swept to an easy victory over two challengers. He will face a town selectman, Michael Robertson, who was unopposed for the Republican nomination.

Here are results of key races in other states:

Minnesota—Sen. Humphrey had little trouble defeating his challenger, the Rev. Dick Bullock. In the Republican contest, a college professor, Jerry Brekke, defeated four challengers.

Nevada—Sen. Cannon won renomination and former Rep. David Towell won the GOP nomination to challenge him.

Wisconsin—Sen. Proxmire will face a challenge from Republican Stanley York in November.

Utah—Sen. Moss will face Republican Orrin Hatch.

Wyoming—Sen. McGee will face Republican state Sen. Malcolm Wallop.



Associated Press.

NEW YORK WINNER—Daniel Moynihan faces press at his headquarters after narrow victory in primary.

...rd Curbs ...tra Powers ... Presidency

By John H. Averill

...SHINGTON, Sept. 15.— ...ident Ford signed yesterday ...ation that will terminate a ...array of emergency powers ... Congress has conferred on ...idents during four decades.

... bill's enactment culmi... a six-year campaign by Sen. ...es Mathias, R-Md., and rep... is the latest effort by Con... to recover authority it sur...red during economic and ...ary crises.

...ile endorsing the objectives ...e bill, Mr. Ford strongly ob...ed to a provision that will ...wer Congress to pass resolu... ending states of national ...gency in the future. Such a ...tion would not be subject ... presidential veto.

...is feature of the bill is un...itutional," the President ... adding that he has in...ted the attorney general to ... a court test of the legality ... similar provision in another ...

'Having Force of Law'

... Ford said such provisions ...e the constitutional require... "that resolutions having ... force of law be sent to the ...ident for his signature or ...

...n. Frank Church, D-Idaho, ...ted Mr. Ford's argument, as...ng: "The bill doesn't tie the ...ident's hands. But to use ... emergency powers, the presi... has to declare a new emer...y subject to congressional ...sight. It restores the bal...."

...though the bill does not af... a president's authority to ...are a national emergency, it ...terminate within two years ... existing states of national ...rgency. The oldest dates back ...33 and was declared by Presi... Franklin Roosevelt, shortly ...r his inauguration, to cope ...t the economic crisis of the ...ression.

...nder a maze of laws enacted ... Congress over the years, a ...aration of national emergency ...its a president almost 500 ...rgency powers, some of them ...pping.

...n. Mathias said in a recent ...ch:

...Various provisions in the law ...mit the president to institute ...tial law, to seize property, to ...rict travel, to send U.S. armed ...es into action abroad, to take ...rol of communications media ... to exercise numerous other ...ordinary powers, with no ...ification required other than ... existence of a declared state ...mergency."

Lapse After 2 Years

...hile most of the laws that ...t these powers will remain ...ffect, the powers themselves ... lapse after two years unless ... president declares a new ...rgency. The two-year delay ...rovided to give the executive ...ch time to recommend per...tent laws where needed to ...ace authority that will be ...minated.

...r declaring a new emergency, ... president must advise Con...s what special powers he in...s to exercise. Congress will ...required to review the situa...at least every six months. A ...olution by both houses could ...minate the emergency.

...he three other emergencies ...t the bill will end are the ...ean war emergency proclaim...by President Harry Truman in ...0, the postal strike emergency ...lared by President Richard ...on in 1970 and the interna...al economic emergency pro...imed by Mr. Nixon in 1971 to ...plement currency restrictions ...d control foreign trade.

© Los Angeles Times

Threat Is Discounted

Levi Ends 38-Year FBI Probe Of the Socialist Workers Party

By Robert L. Jackson

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.— U.S. Attorney General Edward Levi has ordered the FBI to abandon its 38-year-old investigation of the Socialist Workers party and its youth affiliate, the Young Socialist Alliance, it was disclosed yesterday.

The two organizations are pressing a $40-million damage suit against the government for alleged burglaries committed against them by FBI agents.

Mr. Levi's action brings to an end a case that amassed 5 million separate file entries and included numerous FBI burglaries—92 in a 5-year period alone—as well as hundreds of separate acts of harassment under the now discredited counter-intelligence program known as Cointelpro.

In a letter to U.S. District Judge Thomas Griesa of New York, who is hearing the suit, Justice Department attorneys said that Mr. Levi "has now concluded that the investigation of plaintiff organizations should be terminated."

"Instructions to FBI field offices implementing the attorney general's decision will be issued very shortly," the letter said.

New Guidelines Cited

The letter did not give a reason for Mr. Levi's decision. But a department spokesman said that Mr. Levi determined that the long FBI probe did not comply with the department's new guidelines announced in March. Officials said that Mr. Levi felt the investigations constituted an unnecessary invasion of privacy since the two organizations did not pose a threat to the security of the United States.

Under the new guidelines, investigations of domestic organizations may be terminated if they are not productive, if they are harmful to free expression or privacy, or if groups being investigated no longer constitute a serious threat to national security.

The FBI began its investigation of the Socialist Workers party shortly after that group separated from the Socialist party in 1938. The Socialist Workers and the Young Socialist Alliance espouse social changes but reject the idea of violent revolution.

Peter Camejo, a member of the Socialist Workers party's national committee and its presidential candidate, said that Mr. Levi's decision represents "an admission that the FBI has been wrong for 40 years." He said his party would continue to press in court for details of FBI break-ins and the names of informants used by the bureau.

© Los Angeles Times

Burglary Admitted

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 15 (NYT).—An FBI operative acknowledged yesterday that he twice burglarized the house of a lawyer whose son is believed linked to the Weathermen underground organization, in 1974.

Alan Selling, 23, said in an interview that, while a bureau informant, he had twice been instructed by FBI agents to enter the Portland residence of David Spiegel, the lawyer, and to search for clues to the whereabouts of Mr. Spiegel's son, Michael.

Michael Spiegel, 30, has evaded capture since he failed to appear in court six years ago in connection with a 1969 Chicago disturbance that involved members of the violent Weathermen faction of Students for a Democratic Society.

205 Freed in Chile

SANTIAGO, Sept. 15 (AP).— The military government has released 205 persons who were being held in political detention centers, the official newspaper El Cronista reported this week.

U.S. Army Posts in California Mobilized for a War on Squirrels

FORT ORD, Calif., Sept. 15 (AP).—The Army is declaring war against millions of California ground squirrels.

The problem involves two facilities south of here, the 166,000-acre Hunter-Leggitt Military Reservation and Camp Roberts, which covers 42,000 acres. Both are overpopulated by ground squirrels, which resemble chipmunks.

Army officials say there is an emergency because the population of squirrels, which can harbor fleas that carry bubonic plague, has jumped from 1 million to 10 million since 1972.

No cases of the plague have been reported, but the Army said the ground squirrels still are a problem because they have undermined the land so seriously that an earthen dam collapsed. Farmers also complain that the ground squirrels eat their crops.

"They have even burrowed into a road junction, through asphalt pavement," Maj. Dan O'Brien, public information officer here at Fort Ord, said yesterday. "It gives you quite a start to see their heads sticking up in the middle of the road."

Army officials originally wanted to use sodium fluoroacetate, also known as Compound 1080, in an obliteration campaign, next spring, after the animals' forthcoming hibernation. The Army planned to seek an exemption from a 1971 federal order banning the use on federal land of Compound 1080 and other poisons that can be passed from one animal to another.

This plan drew opposition from environmentalists and reached the halls of Congress, so the Army will use a milder poison regularly employed against rats—Diaphacione.

The fleas on the squirrels will be attacked by dusting squirrel burrows with a powder.

Analysis Given to Politburo

Moscow Sees a Carter Victory But No Major Shift in Policy

MOSCOW, Sept. 15 (WP).— The Soviet leadership now expects Jimmy Carter to be elected president Nov. 2, but does not believe there will be any major shift in policy toward the Kremlin in the new administration, at least initially.

Those conclusions were drawn for the Politburo by senior Soviet experts here on the United States and were based on a detailed analysis of polls and published materials in the United States, plus extensive travel there. The views do not, however, reflect a Kremlin endorsement of Mr. Carter.

Soviet specialists say it would be "psychologically much easier" to deal with another Ford administration that represents—despite all the difficulties that have arisen recently in Soviet-U.S. relations—a known quantity with relatively predictable attitudes.

Although Mr. Carter's public statements, his choice of foreign policy advisers and the Democratic party platform have persuaded Kremlin analysts that he would make no drastic changes in policy, he remains something of a mystery.

"Understandably," a Soviet expert said, "that makes us nervous. The personal imprint of a president is very important."

Perhaps the most important immediate consequence of a Carter victory from the Soviet perspective is the likelihood of further delay in the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks. Unless there is significant headway made before the election, which experts here doubt will happen, it will be well into next year, they say, before a SALT accord is again possible.

This raises the prospect that the present SALT agreement, signed in 1972, might expire before a new one is completed—removing even the present modest controls on the nuclear arms race. For that reason alone, Kremlin specialists regret the expected departure of Mr. Ford (as well as Secretary of State Henry Kissinger) and the loss of negotiating continuity.

On the other hand, Soviet experts agree that détente, as it is still known here, has grown increasingly stale in the past two years. Aside from the SALT stalemate, such issues as the collapse of special trade arrangements and the Angolan conflict represent what sophisticated Russians recognize is a general resurgence of skepticism in the United States about the Kremlin and have brought momentum to a halt and led, in fact, to some reversals.

Democratic Majority

The belief is that a Carter administration with a Democratic majority in Congress (which Soviet experts have told the Politburo is a certainty) will be in a stronger position to take initiatives than the Ford people are, particularly with Mr. Kissinger so much less an imposing figure than he once was.

They blame much of the trouble that has arisen in superpower ties on Mr. Ford's lack of a popular mandate and his susceptibility to pressures from his right flank. Whether Mr. Carter's prospective authority will turn out to be a plus for Moscow is the main remaining question.

The Russians are relieved that Ronald Reagan did not receive the Republican nomination and that Sen. Henry Jackson, D-Wash., was eliminated in the primaries. These two were regarded as genuine opponents of the Kremlin who do not recognize "the serious objective reasons" for maintaining ties that are at least nominally designed to avoid confrontation.

The Russians bristle at the hard-line language in the Republican party's "morality in foreign policy" plank and are wary of Mr. Carter's assertions that more should be demanded of the Russians in return for concessions. But that displeasure is nothing, they say, compared to the alarm that was felt here about the presence of an "extremist" like Mr. Reagan.

Soviet press coverage of the campaign thus far has been noticeably even-handed in appraising the two candidates, accusing both at various times of lapsing into anti-Soviet and cold war rhetoric.

Kremlin specialists say they wish to be scrupulous about not interfering in the U.S. election process by seeming to favor one candidate over another. That may be the case, but it is also true that the Russians were chagrined at reports in the spring that their diplomats had approached Mr. Carter's staff and had implied that the Kremlin could be helpful to him by its actions.

—By PETER OSNOS.

Concorde Noise Found Lower but Complaints Rise

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (UPI).—British and French Concorde flights were quieter last month than in July but drew more complaints, apparently because the hot and humid weather trapped noise close to the ground, the Federal Aviation Administration said yesterday.

In its fourth monthly report on SST noise monitoring, the FAA said that landing-noise levels ranged from 111 to 129 perceived noise decibels and takeoff noise varied between 113 and 127 decibels.

During July, the landing-noise levels ranged between 114-130 decibels and the takeoff range between 120-131.

But the number of complaints about Concorde operations rose to 115 last month compared with 68 in July. There were more complaints about takeoffs than landings.

Nothing that complaints about subsonic flights also increased last month to 42, compared with 28 in July, FAA officials speculated that the increase was partly due to the muggy weather trapping sounds close to the ground and partly due to people spending more time outdoors.

11 U.S. Navy Men Hurt In NATO War Games

LONDON, Sept. 15 (AP).—Eleven U.S. Navy men were injured in a ship collision and an aircraft accident yesterday during a NATO exercise northwest of Scotland, the Navy reported today.

The U.S. aircraft carrier John F. Kennedy and the destroyer Bordelon collided and six of the Bordelon's crew were injured. Earlier, a Navy F-14 jet went out of control aboard the Kennedy and struck three deck crewmen before plunging over the side. The two flight crewmen suffered minor injuries.

Senate Confirms New Ambassadors

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (UPI).—The Senate today routinely confirmed the nomination of Walter Stoessel jr. to be Ambassador to West Germany.

The Senate also confirmed Davis Eugene Boster to be Ambassador to Guatemala, François Dickman to be Ambassador to the United Arab Emirates, Frank Crigler to be Ambassador to Rwanda, Charles James to be Ambassador to Niger, Patricia Byrne to be Ambassador to Mali, Ronald Palmer to be Ambassador to Togo and Melissa Wells to be Ambassador to the Republic of Guinea-Bissau.

Administration sources said that Malcolm Toon, a State Department specialist in East European affairs, is expected to be named shortly as new Ambassador to Moscow.

Mice Expected to Fall For New Mousetrap

HELSINKI, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—A Finnish shoemaker has just patented a painless mousetrap.

It took Vaino Hummonen 30 years to develop his idea. A mouse, touching the bait in the boxlike device, springs a trapdoor which drops it into a secure cell below.

The trap then returns to its original position to await the next victim. The inventor, who made the trap to save mice from suffering, does not say what should be done with them once caught.

170,000 Out in 22 States

UAW Chief Warns of a Long Ford Strike

DETROIT, Sept. 15 (AP).—United Automobile Workers president Leonard Woodcock today cautioned against assuming that his union's nationwide strike against Ford Motor Co. will be a short one.

"I am not optimistic it will be a short one," he said in an interview on the "Today" show. "I just have no feel as to the length it will be."

Some labor observers, including Labor Secretary W.J. Usery, have predicted that any strike against Ford would be brief. The strike began at midnight when 170,000 UAW members struck Ford, forcing the company's operations in 22 states to halt.

The UAW has sent its bargainers home and said it will recall them early next week for more talks.

Mr. Woodcock said he hoped to meet with Ford officials before negotiations resume for "probing sessions" to lay groundwork for future bargaining talks.

Picket lines went up at midnight at Ford plants around the country. No violence was reported. The police in Dearborn, Mich., today reported only minor traffic jams caused when salaried personnel sought to cross picket lines to get to the plants.

"The pickets are out in orderly fashion," said John Anspach, financial secretary of the 1,900-member Local 1216 in Sandusky, Ohio. "Everthing's fine and dandy."

One Local Working

Nationwide, only UAW Ford Local 245 remained on the job after the strike was called. The approximately 1,600 members of that local are working on emission control research at the Ford Research and Engineering Center in Dearborn.

Mr. Woodcock said the local was given permission to continue on the job because their work "is in our long-range interests so we asked them to continue." No violence was reported when Local 245 employees reported for the day shift.

Workers at assembly plants in New Jersey and Chicago were the first to set up picket lines, beating the official midnight deadline. At Ford's huge complex in Dearborn, workers chanted a second-by-second countdown as the deadline neared.

Industry analysts have said the strike would have no great impact on the company, the union or the nation's economy unless it extends beyond a month.

Ford has more than 70 days' supply of unsold cars. However, most of that supply includes slow-selling 1976 small cars. Analysts say the firm has only about a 14-day supply of 1977 models, which normally are in heavy demand this time of year.

Major Issues

Ford's top bargainer, Sidney McKenna, said, "We know how to get in touch. Meetings can be arranged on very short notice."

Union sources said the strike would almost certainly extend into October. It would take at least a week after a settlement is reached just to complete ratification.

Negotiations have been deadlocked on several major issues—including a key union demand for reducing work time—and the strike was no surprise. Other disputes involve wages, layoff pay, health care and pensions.

The UAW wants an additional one day off at full pay each month to bolster job security and create new openings in the work force. The union, which is working toward a four-day work week, says its proposal would reduce work time 5 per cent a year, and thus require Ford to increase employment 5 per cent. The union has made this its top goal in response to extensive layoffs during 1974-75, which led to a permanent reduction in employment, although production is returning to record levels.

The company which now provides 30 days of paid holiday and vacation time off a year, has offered up to 40 additional hours—or 5 days. But the plan imposes strict restrictions based on seniority and perfect attendance. The union has rejected the plan, saying it would not create any new jobs.



UPI.

Leonard Woodcock

U.S. Says Yugoslavia Failed to Seize Carlos

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (UPI).—The State Department recently protested to Yugoslavia over its failure to detain an international terrorist known as Carlos, who is believed to be in Yugoslavia, officials said today.

Carlos, whose full name is Ilich Ramirez Sanchez, led the raid on a meeting in Vienna on Dec. 21, 1975, of OPEC oil ministers and abducted several of them. He is also believed to have led the hijacking in early July of a French aircraft whose passengers were rescued in the Israeli commando raid at Entebbe, Uganda.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 4—Thursday, September 16, 1976

Mr. Ford's Vietnam Policy

The Security Council's sensible decision to postpone a vote on admitting Vietnam to the United Nations until after the American elections does not alter the fact that the Ford administration's own Vietnam policy has been rigid, deceptive and harmful to American interests in the extreme. Granted, Mr. Ford, vying earlier for the Republican nomination and now for the Reagan constituency's vote, had somehow to counter Mr. Reagan's know-nothing attack on him for initiating diplomatic contacts with Vietnam last spring. The President did not, however, have to lose all balance and restraint. He did not have to publicly denigrate Vietnam's moves and motives and, in private, drag his feet in setting up normalization talks. He could have nursed along a negotiation pointed toward getting the United States what it most wants, an accounting of servicemen classified missing in action in Vietnam. If he wished to insist that the Paris accords were dead and therefore the United States had no further "obligation" to aid Vietnamese reconstruction, then he could have quietly investigated whether something other than direct American aid, say, access to international loans, might have been acceptable to Hanoi.

Unfortunately, Mr. Ford played it another way. He chose to meet Mr Reagan's low-road challenge last spring with a low-road response, by publicly calling the Vietnamese *"pirates," for instance, even while diplo*matic efforts were under way to start talks with them on normalizing relations. When Hanoi identified 12 MIAs a week ago as a goodwill gesture, Mr. Ford personally sought out the White House press corps to declare that the Vietnamese were "callous and cruel" in not supplying more names and information. He offered the Vietnamese nothing in return. When the Vietnamese, notwithstanding Washington's insistence that it had no aid "obligation," asked on Aug. 27 to work out a date for "normalization" talks to begin, the administration did not respond.

Instead, on Monday of this week, it announced that because there had been "no progress" in obtaining full MIA accounting, the United States would veto Hanoi's application for UN membership—this despite its general view that UN membership should be universal. Hanoi responded by making public the record of the past year's diplomacy between the United States and Vietnam, figuring, correctly, that it demonstrates how inflexible American diplomacy has been. Needless to say, President Ford has never stopped assuring the MIA families that he is doing everything possible to get the accounting they crave.

Hanoi is a cynical and clever bargainer, skilled in reaching out to the American public when it encounters resistance from the U.S. government. Only crybabies will complain, however. The United States ought to have the resources, and the maturity, to hold its own. The MIA information is something the Vietnamese have that the United States very much wants. To call this matter "humanitarian," as though it were not a political commodity which must be paid for in appropriate coin, is not even very clever, let alone convincing. To get the accounting, the United States will have to enter a negotiation in order to find out just what Hanoi's price is. Is it aid? If so, is it a token amount or a substantial amount? Is it access to international loans or entrance into international financial institutions? The flaw in administration diplomacy is that, in reacting, or overreacting, to Ronald Reagan's political attack, it has avoided anything that might be made to look softheaded, such as a negotiation, which is the one way it can find out the answers to these questions. Meanwhile, Mr Ford tries to palm off on the families and the public the misleading claim that the hard line in Hanoi is all Vietnam's fault and in no way his own.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

On Gulf's Dole?

Sen. Robert Dole was obviously annoyed the other day when reporters persisted in asking him questions about two unreported campaign contributions that were alleged to have been made to him by the Gulf Oil Co. The Republican vice-presidential nominee denies any memory or knowledge of the payments and he says he has searched his records and finds no indication that he has received them. And he thinks the matter should rest right there so he can get on with the campaign.

The story first broke when sources close to the federal special prosecutor disclosed that Claude C. Wild jr., a former lobbyist for Gulf Oil Co., through whose hands $4 million of Gulf Oil money flowed to politicians between 1960 and 1974, had testified before a federal grand jury that in 1973 he had given Dole's assistant an illegal contribution of between $5,000 and $6,000 for the senator's 1975 campaign. Shortly thereafter Wild, while refusing to comment on his grand jury testimony, asserted that he had given Sen. Dole a legal contribution in 1970 to pass on to another candidate. To support this allegation, Wild showed reporters a check stub in his own handwriting that indicated a $2,000 payment to Sen. Dole. Neither of the alleged contributions was reported as required by law.

Several days later, Wild declared that despite the evidence of his handwritten check stub he had "been in error" when he said he had given Sen Dole the $2,000 in 1970. The candidate said he was pleased that the misunderstanding had been cleared up. President Ford promptly declared himself satisfied and a White House spokesman said that the President had known about the alleged 1973 gift when he chose Dole as his running mate and had decided that it was no problem. So everybody is supposed to go back to sleep.

After the trauma of the current presidential term, Ford and Dole owe the American people a good deal more than unsubstantiated denials and bland assurances that everything is OK. Presumably the White House judgment on the 1973 payment was based in part on the material Ford asked the potential vice-presidential nominees to furnish him. Ford should make public that portion of the Dole material that assured him that allegations about the 1973 gift were no problem. He and Dole should also make public whatever documentation they may have about the alleged 1970 gift. Ordinary prudence—not to mention respect for the American voter—requires at least that of Ford, before very many more campaign days pass.

Case Closed

According to a spokesman for the Justice Department, Attorney General Levi has ordered the Federal Bureau of Investigation to wrap up its 38-year investigation of the Socialist Workers party. In so doing, the Justice Department will bring down the curtain on a saga involving some 92 illegal burglaries of the party headquarters between 1960 and 1966, write off the salaries of hundreds of paid FBI informants, and stamp "case closed" on the 8 million separate files they accumulated.

What a pity. They must have been getting so close.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Fireman Pyromaniac

Kissinger to Africa to prevent the fire from spreading? "A fireman, Mr. Kissinger? Judging by what has taken place in Africa since his first meeting with Vorster he is rather a pyromaniac. But of course the species of pyromaniac-firemen is rather frequent." This sally by a seasoned French diplomat very well informed of the affairs of the black continent does not merely reflect the irritation of the old European chancelleries scandalized at the sight of Mr. Kissinger grappling with complex problems which they never approach without infinite precautions like old greedy cats.

In Mr. Kissinger's view—shared at least officially by London and Paris—the West does not have a choice. If it wants rapidly to regain a dominant influence in Zambia and to prevent the U.S.S.R. from developing its undertaking in Tanzania or Mozambique, it must obtain an acceptable settlement in Namibia and a surrender of Ian Smith.

Concerning Namibia, the solution is in sight. . . . It is indeed the stubbornness of Ian Smith that will be in the center of Mr. Kissinger's talks in southern Africa . . . The Rhodesian economy, paradoxically is doing rather well. On the military level, the situation is not easy but is in no way desperate . . . Under the circumstances, it appears futile to expect that Mr. Smith will yield to Mr. Kissinger what he stubbornly refused to Her Gracious Majesty's government.

But John Vorster, who will play the role of Mr. Good Offices between the secretary of state and the Rhodesian rebel, is expecting to derive much profit from that in the eyes of American public opinion. Mr. Vorster's inner circle is hoping that Mr. Kissinger's shuttles will make the Americans discover the scope of their interests in southern Africa and make them realize that the South African leader is a "responsible" man.

—From Le Figaro.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

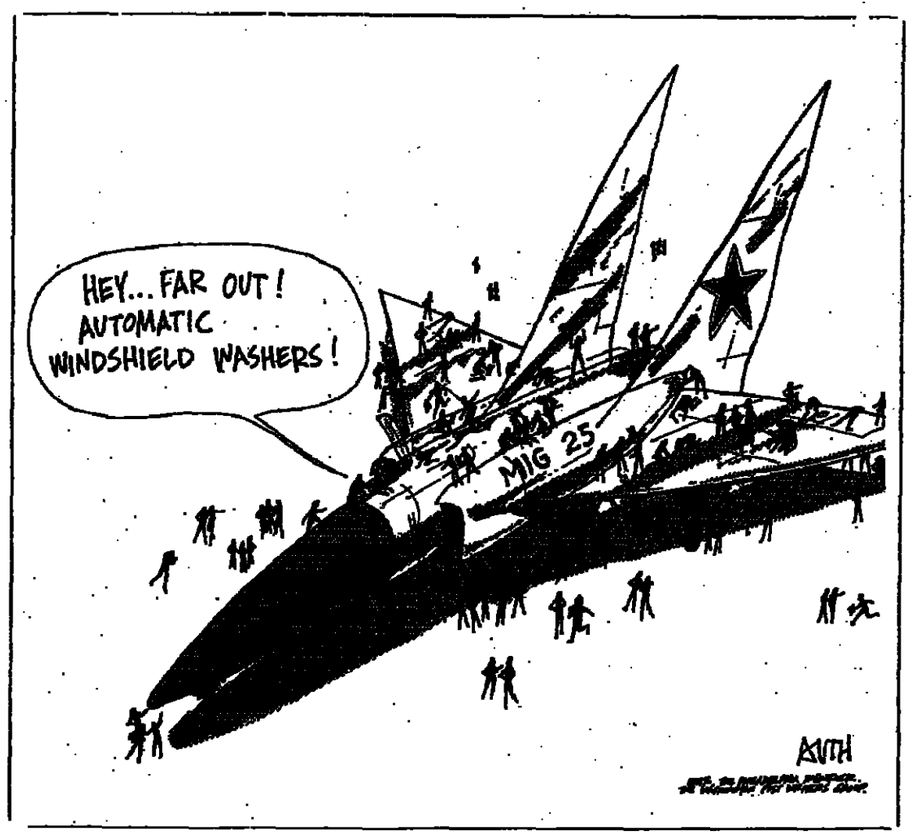
September 16, 1901

BUFFALO—The body of the late President McKinley is lying in state here in the City Hall, where thousands are lining up to pay their last respects to the dead leader. President Roosevelt has declared a day of mourning and prayer for the whole nation, and was himself one of the first to file past the remains of his predecessor. Mourning has similarly been declared by King Edward for the English Court for one week.

Fifty Years Ago

September 16, 1926

LONDON—Behind the chaos of Soviet politics a new leader is clearly emerging. His name is Stalin or "man of steel." He has already exiled Trotsky and removed several other leaders from power, although he is neither Russia's Premier nor President, merely being first secretary of the Communist party. He is a practical man of politics and not one to let theory stand in his way. His work so far appears to have been wonderfully successful.



'When in Doubt, Shut Up!'

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—The Wall Street Journal has come up with a revolutionary idea which is so sensible, but also so subversive, that it will either save or destroy democracy and what we call the free press of America.

The idea, simply stated or overstated, is that if you don't understand what politicians are doing, you should confess your utter confusion and pass by in sorrow and silence. In short: "When in doubt, shut up." Obviously, such unaccustomed modesty, if generally accepted, could ultimately achieve what all newspaper readers have from time to time fervently desired: The abolition of all editorial pages, columnists and other public nuisances.

The Journal reached this remarkable conclusion after trying to decide what it thought about the latest "tax reform" bill approved by the Ways and Means Committee of the House and the Finance Committee of the Senate.

"The reason we have delayed in commenting on the compromise legislation," said the Journal, "... was the vain hope that with a little time we could make some sense out of the legislation.

"But even after enlisting the aid of a number of eminent private economists and financiers, who spent the weekend slogging through some 1,500 pages, the WSJ is forced to announce its despair. And we have serious doubts that all the economists of Cambridge and Chicago, using all the computers at MIT, could tell us whether this bill would marginally improve or damage the U.S. economy."

The Journal's suggestion is that the President should veto the bill in the hope that the voters in their wisdom next November will elect a new Congress that will pass a simple, one-page tax reform bill within a couple of days in January. Tell it not to Vermont Connecticut Royster!

There is, of course, much to be said for journalistic, as for judicial, restraint. It would save the readers much silly comment, like the present. Also, it would save the papers a lot of expensive ink and newsprint, but there are some awkward difficulties.

If we waited for clarity in public officials and in ourselves, who would ever speak? Who, on this principle, could comment on Ford's flip-flops on abortion, energy, day-care centers, the Panama Canal, national parks, common-sites picketing, inflation, unemployment, and WIN buttons?

Carter's Clarifications

Or Jimmy Carter's mystifying clarifications on grain embargoes, right-to-work laws, "ethnic purity," Clarence Kelley, spending, saving and other inconsistencies and contradictions.

What would we say about the Catholic bishops who want a constitutional amendment forbidding abortion? Or their pressure on Carter to support them in fear of losing the mythical Catholic vote? The bishops are speaking out of sincere religious conviction, which must be respected, but there is no more chance of getting two-thirds of the Congress and three-fourths of the states to outlaw abortion than there is to get a constitutional amendment to outlaw sin. Here, doubt between clashing principles and between the rights and separation of church and state would compel silence.

As to the Journal's remedy of leaving the decision to the voters, this seems to be the popular cry these days. Everybody loves the voters, but most of them are out to lunch. Even before the start of the pro football season, according to the all-knowing Mr. Gallup, "our national voting participation may be even poorer this year than in 1972, which was the lowest since 1948."

Even so, my brothers on the Journal, while writing in jest, are raising a question readers of newspapers have asked ever since the invention of movable type and before. Is it not absurd that anyone should think he knows enough to write so much and pontificate so much about so many things he knows so little about?

Walter Lippmann gave the classic answer to this in the Atlantic Monthly way back in 1960:

"And you, my dear fellow," I tell the critic, "you be careful. If you go on you will be showing how ridiculous it is that we live in a republic under a democratic system and that anyone should be allowed to vote. You will be denouncing the principle of democracy itself, which asserts that the outsiders shall be sovereign over the insiders ..."

"Do you not realize that, about most of the affairs of the world, we are all outsiders and ignoramuses, even the insiders who are at the seat of government ... if the country is to be governed with the consent of the governed, then the governed must arrive at opinions about what their governors want them to consent to. How do they do this?

"They do it by hearing on the radio and reading in the newspapers what the corps of correspondents tell them is going on... here we perform an essential service. In this we do what every sovereign citizen is supposed to do but has not the time or the interest to do for himself. This is our job. It is no mean calling. We have a right to be proud of it and be glad that it is our work."

Scientists and the Development of Weapons

By Bernard T. Feld and Victor F. Weisskopf

CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—The continuing accumulation of nuclear and other modern weapons is posing an ever-growing threat to mankind, while the arms race goes on without effective limitation. Many people believe that the scientists are responsible for weapons of destruction, and that they could, and should, stop the armaments race by refusing to work in weapons development.

Scientific discoveries are made by a handful of individuals engaged in the enterprise of understanding nature. By the time such discoveries are ready to be exploited they are so well understood that the tools derived from them can be applied by a vast army of scientists, engineers and technicians whose ethics, mores and motivations are no different from those of the bulk of the population.

What happens to such applications is determined by a complex interplay of politics, economics and sociology and certainly not by the decisions of the few scientists originally responsible for the new discovery or by the scientific community.

Intercontinental ballistic missiles involve the same technology as rockets used to study the upper atmosphere. The technology of multiple warheads and of maneuverable re-entry vehicles is the same as that which permits landing and takeoff of aircraft in bad weather, manned landings on the moon and the exploration of the planets. The same lasers that make possible "smart bombs" are being used to perform delicate eye surgery; they may eventually result in cheap fusion power. With few exceptions, the applications to weaponry are not evident when scientific discoveries are made.

At Work

Even some military applications of science can be helpful to curb the armaments race. Reconnaissance (spy) satellites and remote seismic detectors are technological developments that may yet permit the elimination of intercontinental missiles and the cessation of underground nuclear-weapons testing, if our political proliferation of nuclear weapons.

Scientists called attention to the dangers of atmospheric testing of nuclear weapons and were largely instrumental in achieving the nuclear test-ban treaty of 1963. They goaded our government into the talks on limiting strategic arms and are primarily responsible for the only true measure of arms limitation that has resulted to date: the ban on anti-ballistic-missile systems.

Biologists and chemists led the campaign against biological weapons; as a result, our government has finally ratified the Geneva Protocol of 1925 (prohibiting the use of lethal gases and biological weapons in warfare) and the treaty banning the development and stockpiling of biological weapons. Chemists and biologists throughout the world are now working and agitating to extend this ban to chemical weapons as well.

Scientists' organizations have been in the forefront of attempts to educate the public and influence governments on the dangers of modern armaments and the need for disarmament; the Federation of American Scientists and its counterparts in other nations; Leo Szilard's Council for a Livable World; the Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists; the world-wide Pugwash Movement, and numerous committees in and out of government.

Nevertheless, there is no question that we have so far failed to control the arms race. What is needed is more effective political action arising from a more general recognition that the roots of the arms race—now consuming so much of needed world resources and threatening us all with disaster—are social, economic and political.

Rather than seeking to assuage our consciences by blaming science and scientists for the ills of society, we need to devote our attention to the political processes that must be brought into play if we are to eradicate these ills.

This article was written for The New York Times.

Letters

Swiss Malaise

Your article (IHT, Sept. 8) "Stability Produces Problems of Its Own, Swiss Discover," by Flora Lewis, gives a most interesting analysis of a large number of Swiss problems and Swiss idiosyncrasies.

It quite correctly conveys the vague current feeling of malaise about the prolonged (undeserved?) period of good luck and favorable circumstances, but fails to give a cogent explanation of the reasons behind these phenomena. It also fails to show why "being behind the times" and being of "plodding mediocrity" can go hand in hand with far above average prosperity of the general population.

The Swiss franc is "too high"—but it is so because of the almost universal demand for that currency. The question remains whether there are not sound elements in the Swiss set-up that are responsible for such confidence.

Miss Lewis's article implies that the Swiss electorate is ultra-conservative and often negates, through referendums, "progressive" governmental efforts. It is open to argument whether this attitude of the electorate could not be interpreted as a rather sophisticated protest against too much government regulation or against mere attempts to keep in step with world trends. A case in point is the recent refusal to go along with an Aid to Underdeveloped Nations loan. The voters protested not so much against the idea of being helpful as against the method proposed—keeping also in mind the petulance with which many of the underdeveloped nations expect such aid as a matter of course, with an added element of blackmail.

A. A. KUBLY.
Netstal, Switzerland.

American Indians

Mary Blume and Yves Berger (IHT, Sept. 11-12) should know that the Nes Percé Indians were so named by the early French trappers, and that they never lived in Wyoming.

S.R. DYCHR.
Paris.

Chris Matthews From Rome:

Cardinals and commissars make much more natural bedfellows than is generally supposed.

ROME.—Honeymoons are the trickiest part of marriage. Especially if, as in this case, the wedding was a shotgun one.

Few would maintain that it was love at first, or indeed subsequent, sight that brought Italy's Christian Democratic and Communist parties together. Although some will argue, and most persuasively, that cardinals and commissars make much more natural bedfellows than is generally supposed.

For instance, current signs are that the Communists are moving closer to the restrictive views of the Christian Democrats on the explosive question of abortion reform—the one that brought down the last government and forced early general elections. The Socialists and other lay parties are already up in arms at this "betrayal" but you wouldn't be wrong if you said the Communists are only being true to themselves. A mass party is, by definition, pretty conservative.

Nor was it by accident that an American agency sent its star Vatican correspondent to man the Moscow bureau some time back. If you made the grade as a Vaticanologist, chances are you'll pick up a Pulitzer on the Kremlin beat. No newspaper in the world so closely resembles Pravda as the Vatican's official daily L'Osservatore Romano. Both get read between the lines, and largely to see what's not there.

Lack of Alternatives

Nevertheless, it wasn't so much like-mindedness as lack of alternatives after the June elections that brought on the curious Marxist-Catholic alliance currently presiding over the fate of 56 million Italians.

The arrangement has been varyingly described as a stoic, mini or creeping compromise. Take your pick, but all such phrases tend to gloss over a rather essential fact—that the compromising hasn't actually begun yet. Didn't, it might be objected, the Communists agree to keep a minority Christian Democratic government in business in return for the presidency of the Chamber of Deputies and of parliamentary committees? True enough, although that's not compromising, it's horse-trading. Compromising is when it starts to hurt.

But what room effectively exists for two parties whose persuasions place them, at least theoretically, at opposite ends of the political spectrum to find agreement on the concrete measures needed to resolve the urgent economic and social problems facing this country? That, of course, is the billion-dollar question, whose answer will determine whether this much publicized marriage ends up on the rocks.

That's why it's both interesting and instructive to consider what's been happening in the first few honeymoon weeks of the new administration. And the evidence here is that when the compromise does start creeping, it is going to impose quite severe strains on both partners, but maybe especially on the Communists.

Schizoid Reaction

Witness for instance their schizoid reaction to the latest turn in the Lockheed affair. When the weekly magazine L'Espresso recently published a set of documents—later exposed as forgeries—purporting that Premier Giulio Andreotti availed himself of a U.S. aircraft corporation's generosity to the tune of $43,000, the Communist press relegated the news, if not exactly back with the truss ads, pretty close to the journalistic limbo.

Yet it was the kind of story which, only three months ago, would have made banner lines in L'Unita and Paese Sera. Naturally enough, the rightist press had a field day with the Communists' obvious embarrassment. Frantic editorial conferences were called on the other side of the party lines resulting in a lead editorial in Paese to the effect that the left could not, under any circumstances, appear to be prejudiced in favor of the establishment.

Interesting also has been the amount of dissent coming out in Communist ranks. Internal differences of opinion have of course always existed in the PCI. Even they have seldom been aired in public, and certainly not in the bourgeois press, as they have been the past 10 days.

One rumpus concerned an article written by Communist deputy Antonello Trombadori for Milan's Corriere Della Sera, which he argued that real democracy consists in knuckling down and obeying the law of the land. This, incidentally, in the course of a tirade against the rebellion on the island of Giglio sparked by a decision to send suspected Fascist bombers Franco Freda and Giovanni Ventura into enforced sojourn there.

Personal Opinions

"Personal opinions" not representative of the party thundered back L'Unita. There was fun, but possibly more significant was a second outburst of dissidence, this time from one of L'Unita's own editorialists, Alberto Jacoviello, who strongly attacked the Soviet, French and Italian Communist parties for their wrongheaded policies toward Mao's China.

All this does not of course mean that the monolithic structure of the PCI is crumbling after only a month's association with the forces of capitalism. If feel like argumentative, you could even say it was part of a plan to further press the democratic, pluralistic nature of Italian Communism on the world. But what it does mean is that there is dissent inside the PCI and that, if the leadership has to bend too far to be nice to the Christian Democrats, something could snap. The recent resignation of a half-dozen Communist councilors could hardly be described as a mass rebellion, but it did serve as a warning that trouble might one day be in store.

Yet, as things now stand, it looks very much as though it is the Communists who are going to have to do most of the compromising. Partly because they are more disciplined and therefore afford to be more flexible. Partly because intransigence on their part could well lead to a split in Christian Democratic ranks. And partly because Enrico Berlinguer must be prepared to go to quite considerable lengths to preserve the current status quo, and with it a situation that gives his party extensive power without the bother of responsibility.

Naturally, governments groaning all manners of odd bedfellows are no novelty in Italy. The way of reconciling the divergent views of coalition partners has traditionally, been to shelve thorny problems and do nothing at all. If the problem was really hot, couldn't avoid any longer, then you got a government crisis allowing further time for procrastination while a new government was formed.

Only this time it's different. There is no alternative to the present setup. No possibility of divorce, or even of a Vatican annulment on the grounds of non-consummation.

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Approval Expected

ntagon Plans a '78 Budget $130 Billion—Up $9 Billion

By Leslie H. Gelb

HINGTON, Sept. 15 (NYT). Pentagon is preparing to White House to approve ary budget of about $130 for the 1978 fiscal year— on more than it had es- only seven months ago billion more than Con- oled for the current fiscal

congressional aides who this information and the administration offi- who confirmed it judged that President Ford was unlikely to make major cuts in the request.

Some persons attributed the proposed increase to the eagerness of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to exploit the public's currently favorable mood toward military spending and the parallel desire of the White House to charge Jimmy Carter with being soft on defense.

Pentagon officials do not contend that the Soviet Union has done anything unexpected in the last seven months, but that Moscow has continued to enlarge and modernize its forces.

"The Russians aren't coming, they're here," an official said by way of explaining the proposed new budget.

Others maintained that the proposed increase merely reflected a more sober assessment of the Soviet threat and the need to keep real growth in the defense budget at about 5 to 7 per cent each year.

All agreed that the increase was virtually inherent in Congress's approval of a $112-billion defense budget this year, with $104 billion in outlays.

In the fiscal 1977 budget, Congress by and large committed itself to augmenting Army divisions from 14 to 16, the actual Air Force wings from 21 to 26 and surface ships beyond the present total of 400. Actual outlays for these programs invariably lag behind total budget authority *because not all the funds* obligated in a fiscal year can be spent in that year.

A Pentagon spokesman, responding to an inquiry, said, "The budget figures are not set. There is an ongoing process and hard figures will not be set until December." He added that "the projections are basically the same as we told Congress in the 1977 budget presentation, corrected for inflation and depending on actions that Congress yet may or may not take this year."

Supplemental Budget

The Pentagon still has a $1.5-billion supplemental budget, mainly for shipbuilding, pending before Congress. Pentagon officials also said that next year's request would have to take account of about $1 billion in requested reforms that Congress failed to enact.

Last February, in presenting the fiscal year 1977 budget of $114.9 billion, the President told Congress to expect a Pentagon budget of $120.6 billion for fiscal year 1978. Only 2 per cent of this increase represented real growth in military spending, with the rest attributable to inflation.



AP.

Prince Paul

nce Paul Dies Paris; Was goslav Regent

IS, Sept. 15 (AP).—Prince of Yugoslavia, 83, died at merican Hospital of Paris day after a short illness, mily announced today.

Prince served as regent ter II from 1934 to 1941, Peter seized power, sup- the regency and denounc- ords with Germany.

ce Paul went to Egypt af- coup, then to Kenya and to South Africa. He had in Paris since 1948.

Prince, an Oxford graduate patron of the arts, was mar- o Princess Olga of Greece.

Nathan N. Gordon

SHINGTON, Sept. 15 .—Nathan N. Gordon, 61, mer Treasury Department al who specialized in inter- al tax matters, died of a attack Sunday in Jerusa- where he was attending a ng of the International Association.

Gordon served in the ury for 35 years and re- at the end of 1975 as deputy e assistant secretary of the ury for tax policy. He had instrumental in negotiating reaties with scores of for- governments.

Camilo Ponce

ITO, Ecuador, Sept. 15 —Camilo Ponce, 64, presi- of Ecuador from 1956 to died yesterday of a heart k.

John Willems

N DIEGO, Sept. 15 (AP).— ed Maj. Gen. John M. Wil- 74, chief of staff in the Army's postwar occupation ermany, died in a hospital yesterday.

Viscountess Kemsley

RTHAMPTON, England, 15 (AP).—Viscountess Edith sley, Mauritius-born widow British newspaper magnate Kemsley, died in a hospital yesterday.

ajured in Bombing Ulster Newspaper

LFAST, Sept. 15 (Reuters). e persons were injured to- by a bomb at the Belfast graph, Northern Ireland's evening newspaper.

British Army spokesman said men drove a truck con- ng the bomb into the load- bay of the newspaper. A ning was given but the bomb oded before the building i be evacuated.

DEATH NOTICE

H. Prince PAUL of YUGOSLAVIA in Paris on the 14th of September a short illness. The Funeral Ser- will be held at the Russian Cathe- Rue Daru, at 10 a.m., on the September.

Japan Brings Back Dead

TOKYO, Sept. 15 (Reuters).— A government mission this week brought back to Japan the bodies of almost 1,300 soldiers who died in the Mariana Islands during World War II.



United Press International.

TAKE OFF—Balloons in the first world guided ballooning championships are set for launch at Augsburg, Germany. Balloonists from 16 nations took part.

Miki's Opponents Keep Posts In Major Cabinet Reshuffling

TOKYO, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—Premier Takeo Miki announced a major reshuffling of his Cabinet tonight, appointing a new foreign minister but leaving his major opponents within the Cabinet in their old jobs.

The 69-year-old Premier, resisting pressure to resign after accusations of weakness in dealing with the Lockheed bribery scandal, named Zentaro Kosaka, 64, as foreign minister.

Mr. Kosaka, a veteran parliamentarian, was foreign minister in the Cabinet of the late Hayato Ikeda from 1960-62. He replaces Kiichi Miyazawa, 56, who was retired from the Cabinet.

Deputy Premier Takeo Fukuda, 71, and Finance Minister Masayoshi Ohira, 66—both regarded as possible successors to Mr. Miki—were left untouched in the reshuffle.

Both ministers have the support of factions within the ruling Liberal Democratic party and have led efforts to oust Mr. Miki.

Justice Minister Osamu Inaba, 66, who has responsibility for handling an investigation into the involvement of politicians in the Lockheed scandal, also was retained.

The scandal, in which Lockheed Aircraft Corp. paid millions of dollars to further the sales of its planes in Japan, has caused a crisis in the ruling party. Fourteen persons, including former Premier Kakuei Tanaka, have been charged with taking bribes.

Other ministers remaining in their jobs after the reshuffle were International Trade and Industry Minister Toshio Komoto, 64, and Chief Cabinet Secretary Ichitaro Ide, 63, both regarded as strong supporters of Mr. Miki.

The Premier kept 7 ministers in the same jobs and brought in 13 new Cabinet members, six of whom have previous Cabinet experience.

Changes in the Cabinet were agreed to during the weekend as part of a compromise between Mr. Miki and his opponents. It also provided for a special session of the Diet (parliament) tomorrow to deal with urgent financial legislation, and for a special convention of the Liberal Democratic party to be held in October.

The October convention is regarded by Mr. Miki's opponents as a chance to unseat him before general elections, which must be held by Dec. 9.

More than two-thirds of the *party's members of parliament* have already approved a resolution calling for the Premier's resignation.

Mr. Miki has been accused of weak leadership, but it is known that many of his opponents are angered by his insistence on getting to the bottom of the Lockheed scandal.

Yugoslav's Djilas Lauds Italy Reds, Assails France's

PARIS, Sept. 15 (IHT).—Yugoslav writer and dissident Milovan Djilas, in an interview published here today, praised the Italian Communist party and called French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing "one of the most enlightened spirits of our time."

But he labeled the French Communist party "sclerotic."

Mr. Djilas was interviewed by the newspaper Le Monde in preparation for Mr. Giscard d'Estaing's visit to Yugoslavia, which was scheduled for this week but postponed when President Tito became ill.

Mr. Djilas, who has been in and out of Yugoslav jails in the past for publication of dissident works such as "The New Class," said that Communists in Western Europe, particularly in Italy and Spain, had been evolving, but that Eastern European Communists have "no chance to change as long as they are under the Soviet yoke."

He said that the Soviet influence in Yugoslavia had dwindled and that the so-called "Cominformists"—Yugoslavs seeking a rapprochement with Moscow after Tito's death—had no influence today.

He accused French Communist party leader Georges Marchais of being "the worst brand of Stalinist and Leninist" and said the attitude of the French Socialist party" seems incomprehensible, if not irresponsible."

Three Lose Posts As Czechoslovak Economy Slides

PRAGUE, Sept. 15 (UPI).—Three Cabinet ministers were dismissed today following criticism of the nation's economic performance by Premier Lubomir Strougal.

A government announcement said Deputy Premiers Jan Gregor and Frantisek Hamouz were relieved of their posts together with Agriculture Minister Bohuslav Vecera.

Josef Nagr was named as Mr. Vecera's, successor, but no replacements were announced for the deputy premiers.

The move followed a speech by Mr. Strougal to the Communist party's Central Committee, in which he criticized the declining performance of the nation's industrial management and economic planners.

He said Czechoslovak industry was no longer able to compete in Western markets.

Mr. Strougal said Czechoslovakia will have to increase imports of grain and other farm produce following a poor harvest, largely blamed on weather conditions.

Threat of Strike By Seamen Held Receding in U.K.

LONDON, Sept. 15 (UPI).—The threat of a crippling national seamen's strike receded today when the National Union of Seamen and the 10-million-member Trades Union Congress announced agreement on a possible new settlement that would not infringe the anti-inflation "social contract" with the government.

Seamen's union leader Jim Slater said, "We have identified certain areas which will allow negotiations with shipowners to proceed under the terms of the social contract."

The "social contract" is an agreement between the unions and the government to keep a tight lid on pay increases during the next 12 months.

Mr. Slater declined to identify the "areas of agreement." But union sources said these included *fringe benefits, pensions* and other items not included in wages.

"They will be presented to the employers tomorrow," Mr. Slater said, "in the hope that a satisfactory settlement can be reached that will be acceptable to the seamen."

Mr. Slater added: "If the employers have done their work, there is no reason why they cannot give us our dues within the areas we have been discussing."

U.K. Antarctic Trio Given Up for Dead

LONDON, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—Three climbers from a British Antarctic survey team missing for eight days were yesterday given up for dead by colleagues here.

The headquarters of the British Antartic survey in London said in a statement that weather conditions in the area "were beyond those of human endurance" and the party must have perished.

The three, all experienced climbers, last made radio contact with the base camp on Adelaide Island on Sept. 6.

Basques End 3-Day Strike By 120,000

MADRID, Sept. 15 (UPI).—More than 120,000 workers in the Basque region decided today to end their three-day strike and return to work tomorrow.

The strike began as a protest against the killing of a leftist demonstrator by police and at times left idle up to 250,000 industrial workers. Street clashes that erupted between police and rock-throwing strikers injured at least 20 persons.

The decision to return to work *was made by several thousand* worker representatives who gathered in assemblies in the towns of Basauri and Sestao. The two towns, industrial suburbs of Bilbao, were sites of some of Monday's fiercest rioting.

The workers hinged their return on the condition that government officials take no reprisals against strikers.

Although the strike was sparked by the killing a week ago of 24-year-old Jesus Maria Zabala, it reflected rising Basque discontent with the failure of the government of King Juan Carlos to find a speedy solution to the problems of the northern region. The Basques considered themselves suppressed by the Franco regime.

Political Violence

Since the death of Generalissimo Francisco Franco last November, political violence in Spain has killed 31 persons, most of them in the Basque region.

In addition to the strikes in the Basque region, an estimated 50,000 metal and construction workers were on strike in other provinces demanding pay increases.

The Basque strike stopped publication today of Bilbao's two morning newspapers, El Correo Espanol and La Gaceta del Norte.

Interior Minister Rodolfo Martin Villa was to begin a three-day tour of the Basque region Friday.

House Votes Spain Aid

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—The House overwhelmingly approved legislation yesterday authorizing $36 million in aid to Spain as part of a new treaty covering U.S. military bases there.

The measure now goes to the *Senate. The House approved* the authorization bill, 331 to 34.

Stray Cats, Dogs Face Death in East France

PARIS, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—In an emergency move against rabies, authorities in eastern France have been ordered to catch and destroy all stray cats *immediately and* to kill stray dogs if nobody claims them within 48 hours.

Official concern over rabies has mounted since a man died of the disease in Bordeaux early this month—the first rabies victim in France for 52 years. The government's Journal Officiel said a captured dog could be reclaimed by its owner on presentation of an anti-rabies vaccination certificate.

As Franjieh Shifts Cabinet

Arab Leaders Hold Meetings Over Lebanon in Three Cities

BEIRUT, Sept. 15 (UPI).—Arab leaders conferred in Beirut, *Damascus and Cairo today in a* flurry of diplomatic efforts to halt fighting in Lebanon before the inauguration of president-e'ect Elias Sarkis, Sept. 23.

At the same time, outgoing President Suleiman Franjieh, a Christian, stripped Premier Rashid Karami, a Moslem, of the key ministries of finance and defense. He also named Foreign and Interior Minister Camille Chamoun, a hard-line Christian militia chief, as Acting Premier pending Mr. Karami's return from talks with Egyptian leaders in Cairo.

Mr. Franjieh appointed Mr. Chamoun as defense minister in Mr. Karami's place and Georges *Skaff, a Christian* newspaper editor, as minister of finance.

The surprise moves were expected to re-open the longstanding political feud between Mr. Franjieh and Mr. Karami.

Fighting Slows

Fighting slowed slightly in Beirut and in the countryside, but Moslem and Christian gunners still pounded each others lines in steady artillery duels.

The capital's southern suburbs of Chiah and Ain el-Rummaner remained active rightists and leftist reports said. Gunmen battled with tanks, artillery and machine guns in house-to-house clashes after leftists mounted a surprise attak overnight on Wadi Sharour, a town on the edge of Christian-held territory seven miles southeast of the city center.

Arab League envoy Hassan Sabry al-Kholy met with Mr. Sarkis and Christian Phalangist official Alexandre Gemayel and later told reporters to expect "dramatic changes" within the next few days. He refused to elaborate.

Summit Planned

Nor did Mr. Sarkis comment on the meeting or on reports of a planned summit meeting with Palestinian guerrilla chief Yasir Arafat and Syrian Premier Abdel Rahman Khleifawi or on his visit to Cairo, slated for Saturday.

Sources close to Mr. Sarkis said that the President-elect was preparing to continue his "quiet diplomacy" among Lebanon's warring factions well after his inauguration Mr. Sarkis planned to send personal envoys to Paris *and Washington* as one of his first acts in office, they said.

Phalangist strategist Karim Pakradouni flew to Damascus today for what he termed "urgent consultations" with Syrian officials. Mr. Pakradouni, the architect of the Christian right's alliance with Damascus said that he did not expect the current negotiations in the three capitals to produce an early end to the 17-month-old war, but he added that the Syrians were increasingly eager for a political rather than military settlement.

But Cairo was the main center of Lebanese political bargaining. Premier Karami Phalangist chief Pierre Gemayel, former Premier Saeb Salam and Shia Moslem religious leader Iman Moussa Sadr gathered for talks with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and, some newspapers speculated, a private roundtable peace conference away from their home battleground.

Mr Sarkis was due to join them Saturday and leftist chieftain Kamal Jumblat planned to follow within a week, possibly accompanied by Mr. Arafat, leftist sources said.

China Prepares Last Rite for Mao

PEKING, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—Crowds today streamed by the body of Chairman Mao Tse-tung as China prepared a nationwide tribute to crown eight days' mourning for its Communist leader.

More than 250,000 persons are estimated to have paid tribute in the Great Hall of the People since the lying-in-state, which ends on Friday, began five days ago.

Workmen built a review stand at the entrance to the Forbidden City in preparation for a mass rally on Saturday, when numerous memorial meetings are planned and virtually the entire nation of 800 million will stand in silence for three minutes. Foreigners are not being invited to the Peking rally, which will be televised.

Lizard Racing On Again

BRISBANE, Australia, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—Lizard racing, banned in Queensland since protective legislation was passed in 1974, will be permitted again, Wildlife Service Minister Ken Tomkins said today.

Carter Attacks The White House Over Medicaid

PHOENIX, Ariz., Sept. 15 (WP). — Democratic presidential nominee Jimmy Carter, campaigning in Republican strongholds of the Southwest, accused the Ford administration yesterday of allowing "a national disgrace" to continue in mismanagement of the Medicaid program.

Mr. Carter called here for the creation of "a tough fraud unit" in the Department of Health, Education and Welfare to weed out fraud in the Medicaid program. He urged stiffer penalties for those guilty of fraud and a reorganization of the HEW bureaucracy itself.

The former Georgia governor, who has pledged to make government reorganization one of his first tasks if elected president, provided no details on how he would change HEW.

Mr. Carter said that between $4 billion and $7 billion is "wasted or stolen" annually in the $15-billion-a-year Medicaid program, and he declared: "This not only robs the taxpayers, but it hurts the people who need good health care but don't get it."

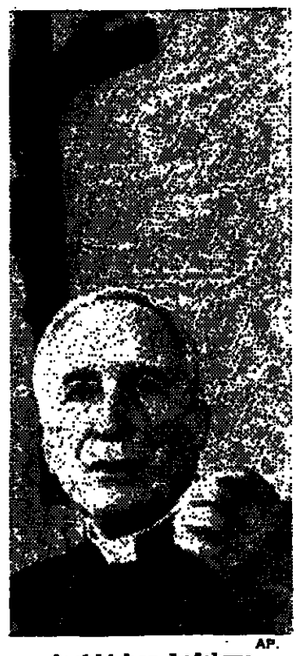
Mr Carter renewed his call for a "nationwide, comprehensive, mandatory health-care system."

Soviet Masters Assail Korchnoi

MOSCOW, Sept. 15 (Reuters). —World chess champion *Anatoli* Karpov and 31 other Soviet grand masters yesterday publicly denounced their former colleague Viktor Korchnoi, who defected to the West in July. According to the Soviet Chess Federation, there are 38 Soviet grand masters.

"The vile action of chess player V. Korchnoi, who has betrayed the motherland, arouses in us only feelings of indignatio and contempt," the 31 wrote in an open letter.

Among signatories of the collective letter, which accused Mr. Korchnoi of involvement in a "dirty political game," were former world champions Vladimir Smyslov, Mikhail Tal and Tigran Petrosian. But the names of two other former world champions, Mikhail Botvinnik and Boris Spassky, were not listed.



AP.

Archbishop Lefebvre

Rebel Bishop Denies Pact With Pontiff

ECONE, Switzerland, Sept. 15 (UPI).—The Most Rev. Marcel Lefebvre will continue giving traditionalist services no matter what Pope Paul may decide, he said today.

His meeting with the Pope last Saturday at Castelgandolfo was "fraternal and positive," but not a compromise, the archbishop said.

"I asked the Pope to allow me to continue saying the traditional mass in Latin and ordaining priests," the 71-year-old archbishop said at a news conference at his Swiss seminary. The seminary, located in Ecône, was founded in 1970.

"I told the Pope I was simply one Catholic among millions of others upset by the present degradation of the church," Archbishop Lefebvre said, adding that he hoped to return to the Vatican shortly to seek an agreement.

"I asked him to let me be judged at the highest church level on the differences which have arisen," he said, adding that he was confident his views would be accepted.

The Pope told the archbishop that he could not make any decision before consulting with his advisers.

The archbishop said that he had not asked to be forgiven and would not tolerate orders from anyone.

Archbishop Lefebvre, opposed to the new Catholic liturgy, founded a seminary called Saint Pius X, where he instructs young priests in the old tradition of the Catholic Church.

There are 130 seminarians at Ecône and 30 more are expected for the coming school year.

The archbishop insisted on the *positive and constructive aspect* of his work at the seminary to "save the church from degradation."

"What is at stake is not so much using Latin," he said, "but the new illegitimate liturgy which resembles Protestant services."

The archbishop said that he has no political affiliations. He made this statement in answer to an attack in the Soviet newspaper Isvestia, which accused him of being a neo-Fascist.

"Communism is a denial of men toward men," he said.

East German Escapes

HANNOVER, Sept. 15 (UPI).—A 23-year-old worker escapd unhurt to West Germany today through East Germany's fortified border, frontier police here said.





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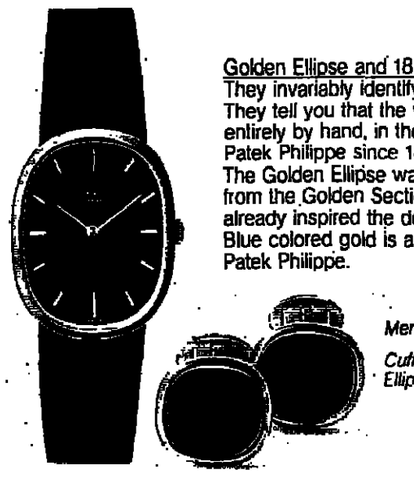
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The New Boutiques and the Busy Paris Season

By Hebe Dorsey

PARIS, Sept. 15 (IHT).—Paris is back to normal after the summer doldrums. First, new boutiques. The most glamorous is Valentino Piu, a branch of the designer's decorator's shop in Rome.

Located at 17/19 Avenue Montaigne, next to his fashion boutique, it has a center cupola lined with white tiles. The big, airy, pleasant layout is more attractive than the Roman one, which is cut into several small rooms.

At the far end are the fabrics, in brilliant Italian cottons. The most striking are still the flower and fruit patterns and those in a white-and-blue Delft theme. The newest are geometric African prints.

Ceramics, another strong Italian point, are also well represented. Valentino does a delightful job with blue-and-white pottery (in several patterns, from flowers to birds to geometrics) and has no end of suggestions for gifts, including heart-shaped ashtrays of different sizes. His early best-seller, butterflies and bees, still look fresh, even if the theme has been used on everything, including sheets.

Valentino often takes a print from his couture collection and repeats it in his decoration line with great success. One of his happiest is a pink bachelor's button which turns up on everything, from heart-shaped backs of white bamboo chairs to tablecloths, dishes, glasses, salt cellars and the ceramic handles of his cuttery.

In town for the opening tonight, Valentino said that he does not eat off gold plates. But one could not be too sure. Take his anecdote about a bamboo towel stand. "Guess where I got the idea," he said. "At Princess Margaret's. We were invited to lunch one day and she showed us around Kensington Palace. There, in her bathroom, she had a towel rack, its center filled with a tray for soaps. I thought what a pretty idea—and I copied it."

His guest list tonight is headed by Mrs. Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, and when it is all over, "We're going to dance at the Rothschild," he said.

* * *

Papier Plus, at 19 Rue du Pont Louis Philippe, is a more modest but pleasing venture. It belongs to Laurent Tisné, an art book publisher for 25 years.

"Then, in 1970, I was forced to close down but I love paper so much, the look of it, the feel of it, that I simply had to get back to it," Mr. Tisné said. Mr. Tisné said that his is the first all-paper shop in Paris.

In the fresh, clean shop he has about 20 different sheets of paper hanging like linen on a line. Each one, totally blank, may mean nothing to the layman but Mr. Tisné can lecture on each of them. "My favorite is the Conqueror," he said, sliding a sheet of paper, which shows a warrior's head as the watermark, in front of a light. "It's still made the old-fashioned way. Feel that texture."

The place is full of agendas, press books, photo albums, telephone pads and stationery which he sells by weight (12 francs for 500 grams). Unlike many stores which use all kinds of prints, Mr. Tisné uses only nine subtle colors that he can mix and match.

For people who like their paper engraved with their name and address, Mr. Tisné also sells an individual printing press for 300 francs.

* * *

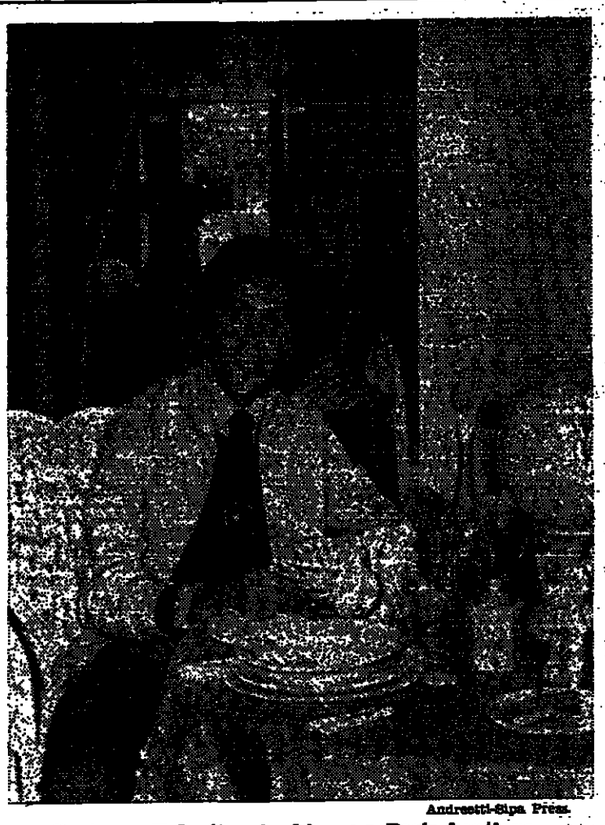
Last weekend was pretty heavy-going for fashion professionals who have started milling around Europe for the forthcoming salons (with Italy opening the ready-to-wear season in Milan Oct. 12).

The five salons at the Porte de Versailles which closed last night covered jewelry, children's clothes, men's wear, swimsuits and leather and also took in the mid-season ready-to-wear—the latter to help merchants with rush orders on ski or evening wear.

A quick tour of that salon confirmed the strength of folklore this winter with no end of tabards, ponchos, heavy sweaters and bright colors.

Many firms are now doing business straight from the source and are importing their folklore right from India or South American countries (such as ponchos from Bolivia) instead of buying the French copies. India Emporium, which is already established in the United States, is making headway over here for the first time. So are Ponkay and Takar, who also do a brisk business with Indian imports.

For evening, you can already tell the shift from limp chiffon to stiff taffeta, thanks to Yves Saint Laurent. It is going to be rough, though, judging from the early copies. Taffeta has been off the fashion route so long that it will take a while for manufacturers to learn how to handle it again.



Andreotti-Sipa Press.

Designer Valentino in his new Paris boutique.

Primitive Skull Discovered in South Africa

NICE, France, Sept. 15 (AF—A 2-million-year-old skull, apparently of the first known tr precursor of man, has been d covered in South Africa, Pr Philip Tobias of the Univers of Witwatersrand announced.

The discovery, made Aug. 9 the Sterkfontein cave ne Johannesburg, caused exciteme at the Ninth International Co gress of Prehistoric and Pro historic Sciences. Apart fr some fragments found in So Africa in 1949, it is the fi such discovery outside of the tensive finds in Kenya a Ethiopia.

The skull apparently proves the first time the existence South Africa of the being call "Homo habilis," the predeces of Pithecanthropus and consid ed the "first man."

Prof. Tobias described skull as being one of the th finest discovered to date. N teeth and some 30 pieces of skull have been found. Preli nary conclusions are that skull came from an adult a 30 to 35.

Romanian Harpist Wi

JERUSALEM, Sept. 15 (R ters).—Ion Ivan-Roncea, a year-old Romanian harpist, awarded first prize at the s international harp contest h Saturday night. He was awar $5,000.

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GOVERNMENT OF MALAWI

RURAL CENTRE WATER SUPPLY SCHEMES

Applications are invited from firms of Consulting Engineers to submit their proposals for consultancy services relating to the design, preparation of contract documents and supervision of construction of Water Supply Schemes in the years 1977/'78/'79 at the following Rural Centers:
Rumphi, Ekwendeni, Mzuzu, Kasungu, Dowa, Mponela, Bunda, Mchinji, Ntcheu, Monkey Bay, Namwera, Balaka, Malosa and Mwanza.
While the above is being implemented by the Consulting Engineers a further twenty-eight water supply schemes throughout Malawi will be implemented directly by the Ministry of Works and Supplies at Chitipa, Chisenga, Karonga, Chilumba, Nkhata Bay, Mzimba, Nkhota-kota, Nchisi, Salima, Nathenje, Linthipe, Mangochi, Kasupe, Liwonde, Sadzi, Chiradzulu, Mpemba, Thyolo, Mulanje, Nsanje, Chelinda, Kawiya, Nthungwa, Mazamba, Ngoma, Dzonze-Mvai, Chinguni and Lengwe.
As the whole project proceeds, it may be found expedient to make minor variations of the allocation shown above.
Following the request of the Government of Malawi the African Development Fund (ADF) is considering granting a loan to the Government for financing the project. In accordance with the policy of the ADF, this request for proposals is limited to consulting engineers from State participants of the ADF and from member countries of the African Development Bank.
Terms of reference and further details may be obtained from the Principal Quantity Surveyor and Contracts Officer, Ministry of Works and Supplies, Private Bag 316, Capital City, Lilongwe 3, Malawi. The closing date for the submission of proposals is November 21st, 1976.

FILMS

A Director Lost in His Script

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

PARIS, Sept. 15 (IHT).—"Duelle" (at the Marignan, the Madeleine and the Studio de la Harpe) is an alarming demonstration of eccentricity. It is the first of a projected quartet of films by Jacques Rivette and it is reported that Part Two has already been completed. Part One is bound for the New York film festival.

A program note explains that it concerns the battle of the goddesses of two peoples: The daughters of the sun and the daughters of the moon. They have but 40 days to live among we mortals, that term stretching from the last moon of winter to the first moon of spring. Their rivalry is for the possession of a talisman that will permit a prolongation of their stay on earth. This information is indeed welcome, for without it the spectator would be bewildered.

The warfare of the divinities is conducted on subway platforms, in shady cabarets, by the flickering candlelight of château terraces and in a train station storeroom where the charm has been checked in a locked vault. The two visitors from the heavens are constantly and literally at sword's point. Jean Babilee at times seems to be acting as a referee, but appears to change sides as often as the native of a neutral town disputed by two foreign armies. In one particular the happenings conform to standard movie procedure: The story is a chase.

The stylized imagery displays a strong sense for composition and there is a refined polish to the camera work. The queen of the night is clad in smart, masculine black and the sun goddess is a blonde, but this color contrast and the zodiacal implications of the outline fail to clarify the details of the raging conflict.

In theory Rivette is on the right track. The fantastic possibilities of the screen have been neglected and in them lies promise for the cinematic poet. But fantasy must have its own persuasive logic, as it does, say, in Cocteau's "Orpheus" and in the cubistic "The Cabinet of Dr. Caligari."

One hears of actors who lose themselves in a role. On this occasion a director has lost himself in his script. Obviously an allegory about the endless war between the powers of darkness and the powers of light is intended, but it remains undramatized.

* * *

Alfred Hitchcock has a far more prosaic story to tell in "Family Plot" (at the Elysées Cinéma, the Cluny Ecoles and the Luxembourg in English), but he has ornamented it with his customary brilliance, quickening it with chilling suggestions of the supernatural and gaudy strokes of the macabre. There are spooky spiritualistic seances, rummaging in graveyards, weird menacing figures that prowl at night and abductions with murderous intent.

It would be unfair to disclose the plot. Let it suffice to say that the maestro of celluloid suspense has done it again, but, though he has added another engrossing thriller to his long list of triumphs in screen detective fiction, he has not repeated himself. There is perfection to his professionalism, but it has remarkably never grown mechanical, his dark humor and stunning ingenuity remaining unstaled.

* * *

The bracing breezes of the open spaces sweep invigoratingly through "Apache" (at the Ermitage and the Odéon in English). A Western of winning simplicity, it is composed in the form o cowboy ballad and has the hon appeal of a Jack London t close to nature and close human nature.

Billy, a gunfighter, rides i a small town in the West wh a platoon of U.S. Cavalry gu a band of runaway Indians. T mistreatment of the prison stings his conscience and wi they attempt to flee he sl with them, wounding a lo blacksmith, one of their torm tors. Billy, now a hounded outl encounters an Indian girl a though at first she is distrust of his aid, their mutual p draws them together and t become lovers. This, of cou is a familiar situation but it engagingly retold with an und lying lyric quality. Cliff Potts the young desperado and Xoc as the pretty Indian enact with considerable charm. Will Graham's direction lends the f poignancy.

* * *

In "Une Femme Fidèle" (at Publicis Champs-Elysées and the Paramount Opéra). Ro Vadim has taken Sylvia Kris the jewel of "Emmanuelle", set her in a mawkish 19th-c tury romance. In her latest she seems to have stepped f the pages of a sentimental n by Paul de Kock. She flees country estate of her elderly h band with a deceitful lover, deserts her for another wom John Finch is the Lothario Nathalie Delon is the destruc other woman, but neither t nor Miss Kristel can bring a of reality to the dismal proce ings which move at the pace Queen Victoria's funeral.

Entertainment in New York

NEW YORK, Sept. 14 (IHT).—This is how New York Times critics rate new films:

"Edward Munch," directed by Peter Watkins, "is a moving, complex, beautifully felt portrait of the great Norwegian artist," according to Vincent Canby. The film "is one of the few ever to dramatize successfully the sensitivity, the profound emotional chaos and the discipline that occasionally combine to produce" a major artist. "At the heart of this portrait there remains the mystery of the creative process." It covers Munch's life from his childhood till 1908 when, at 45, he had completed his "Frieze of Life" paintings and was nearing an emotional collapse. Based on the artist's own journals and letters, there are two major themes, his death-haunted childhood and his affair with a still-anonymous married woman, Mrs. Heiberg. "Watkins gives us what is virtually a documentary" on the times; and though we see the artist at work, the director "understands that he can't recreate the process by which these extraordinary works came into being." Geir Westby is "fine" as Munch and Gro Fraas, as Mrs. Heiberg, "is as tender to us as she is to Munch." The film was shot in Norway, with "beautiful" camerawork by Geir Saether.

"The Bawdy Adventures of Tom Jones," based on a stage musical, has "absolutely nothing to praise, regret, dwell upon or object to," according to Richard Eder. "It is a starved, tittering imitation of that well-stuffed feast, Tony Richardson's 'Tom Jones.'" Nicky Henson is a "pleasant" Tom, Trevor Howard and Terry Thomas, as Squire Western and the tutor Mr. Square, "evoke memories of better days and better parts." Georgia Brown is "a muscular and straightforward Mrs. Waters." Eder remem the first Tom and this one sad in comparison.

"Daguerreotypes," a Fre film by Agnes Varda, "is a bea tiful hommage to Louis Jacq Mande Daguerre, a pioneer protography." Vincent Ca says, "Strictly speaking, the fi is documentary, but the film more important as a witty, humane appreciation of Varda's friends and neigh on the Rue Daguerre." A li street in Paris. It's a series graphic portraits, particul tradespeople, and provides demonstration of the possibili of cinéma vérité." For Car these people are "full of spler mysteries."

Frozen Dinners Gaining in Italy

ROME, Sept. 15 (AP).—Th hour lunch periods, a restau on every corner and gastron as a national pastime are Italian hallmarks, but TV ners are making some inroad

The Italian Institute of Fr Foods has reported that Ital consumed 12,000 tons of re made frozen meals in the year, mostly in institutions s as schools and hospitals.

That left Italy behind Swe West Germany, England, Fra Denmark and, of course, United States, where meals aluminum trays were inven Americans ate some 300,000 of the convenience meals year, or about enough for million meals, the institute s

But the institute noted "Italy, evidently, ranks am the European countries wi precooked frozen foods are p ticularly being introduced there is evidence of vigorous velopment in the near future

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...ter Walker Study Shatters Myth

...ON, Sept. 15 (Reuters). ...ncial legend was shatter... ...d with the disclosure of ...lion sterling losses, pos... ...gal share dealings and ... directors by the Slater ...banking and insurance ...rhen led by Jim Slater.

...g-delayed and highly ... statement about the ... affairs by government-... accountants today clos... ...ectacular chapter in the ... of British capitalism— ... and fall of a financial ...d who seemed to have ... touch.

...7-year-old Mr. Slater had ... as chairman of the group ...hs ago after a hotly de... ...oan of £14 million to a ...re associate, Haw Par ...s International, brought ...ernal financial stress of ...Walker into the open.

...s heydey, Mr. Slater built ...nes on shrewdly timed ...rs and mergers. He would ...ize companies and sell off ...able parts—a process that ...be known as "asset-strip...

...came a Conglomerate

...company quickly develop... ...a widely spread con... ...te, confident it could boost ...fits of any normally run ...y. Most of the time, Mr. ...and his associates turned ...enterprises into money- ... and the investing public ...d to jump on the band...

...st confidence after the ...ar controversy, and today ...are price, down sharply ...he heyday of the early ...ost half its already de... ...value on the London Stock ...ge, hitting a low of 8 pence ...closing at 9 pence, down ...yesterday. Last year the ...were trading at 90 pence.

...Financial Times index, ...hile, closed at 335.9, down ...ts, a new low for 1976.

...now published accounts for ...howed Slater Walker lost ...llion last year, bringing the ...oss since the beginning of ...£72.5 million. The report ...hat the Bank of England ...step in with major loan ...arantee assistance. Without ...id, the report said, Slater ...r Ltd., the banking arm of ...oup, would have become in... ...t because of bad debt

...accountants said the ...company, Slater Walker ...ties (SWS), ...may have ...company law by making ...to related companies to buy ...in SWS.

...y also stated that well over ...illion was lent to former ...rs in loans and mortgages, ...of it still outstanding at ...d of last year as the group ...d for its financial crisis.

...er Walker's present chair... Sir James Goldsmith, said ...all loans made would be ...d actively "no matter who ...ebtor."

...Value Reduced

...rent trading losses at ... will reduce its net asset ...below the £40.7 million re... ...for end-1975, Sir James

...said the group is calling ...£43 million of a £70-million ...y made available by the ...of England but has large ...ncy deposits in the money ...ets to reduce this amount ...essary.

...his annual report he said ...oup's banking company has ...ed its total loan portfolio ...7 million on July 31 from ...million last September.

...Bank of England has ...d to guarantee the banking ...any's loan book to £40 mil... ...maximum above the existing ...ebt provision of $9.6 mil... ...he said. If called, this ...ntee is repayable out of ...profits.

...May Sell Unit

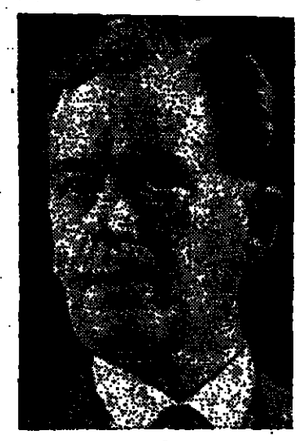
...James also said the group ...otiating to sell its insurance ...diary but if talks are un... ...ssful these interests will be ...tained at a reduced level.

...e group has not professional... ...valued its property port... ...because many properties ...nder development but £18 ...n of properties have been ...since September last year.

...e group intends to pursue ...e development of its invest... ...management business, he ...and to complete a program ...nit trust mergers.

...till enough non-income or ...ncome producing assets have ...sold, the existing equity will ...urther depleted and prefer... ...and ordinary shareholders ...ot expect any dividend, he ...d.

...James said he would stay



Jim Slater

...as chairman until the company's future was secure, when the board would appoint a chief executive. He said published reports that companies connected with him held around 8 per cent of SWS equity were reasonably accurate.

In their report, accountants Peat, Marwick Mitchell and Price Waterhouse said they identified the possibility there could have been a breach of company law in relation to the financing by the group's banking company of certain dealings in shares of Slater Walker Securities.

The firms said they sought legal opinion—which confirmed this view—and a report was submitted to the Trade Department, which made its own enquiries. The official report is now with Trade Secretary Edmund Dell, they said.

The accountants said they were informed by Mr. Slater that the share purchases were related to a number of business objectives including the listing of the shares on foreign stock exchanges and the development of associations with other commercial groups.

Mr. Slater acknowledged he was responsible for the banking company's decision to make loans to the four companies, for whose investment policy he was responsible, they said.

They added they found no evidence that either Mr. Slater or any other SWS director derived any personal benefit from any of the transactions.

The accountants said their investigation covered the six years to end-May 1975.

The report on the SWS group as a whole was commissioned at end 1975 by the SWS board, following the resignation of Mr. Slater.

W. German Union Aides Fear Participation Law Challenge

By James Furlong

BONN, Sept. 15 (AP-DJ).—Key West German union officials see little chance of success for a legal challenge of the country's new worker co-determination (Mitbestimmung) law, but they fear the move may have damaging side effects for the labor movement.

Experts at the German Union Federation (DGB) in Düsseldorf and at the I.G. Metall union in Frankfurt contend that the new law is virtually certain to stand up to any test in the constitutional court at Karlsruhe. Nevertheless, they fear that the legal challenge by the "German Protection Association for Securities Ownership"—a shareholders group—may imperil union plans for strengthening the system or endanger long-standing co-determination rights in the coal and steel industries.

The Protection Association's challenge claims that the law fails to protect shareholder property rights, guaranteed by Article 14 of the German Constitution: The group filed legal complaints against three companies in hopes that local courts would pass on the matter to the constitutional court for a decision.

The challenge came less than two months after the law went into effect July 2. The measure gives labor an equal number of seats with capital on the supervisory boards of an estimated 650 major companies outside the coal and steel industries, where a separate and even more potent form of co-determination has existed since 1951.

Previously, workers had held one-third of the seats on these supervisory boards, which under the German two-tier board system appoint and oversee management boards.

Passage of the law had been delayed while government experts worked to remove possible constitutional faults in the controversial first draft. When the final draft emerged last December, it had provisions designed to ensure that capital always had the final word in any supervisory board disputes with labor.

The final draft, passed into law by a large parliamentary majority, gave the capital side ultimate authority to elect the board chairman and it endowed the chairman with an extra tie-breaking vote.

The Protection Association charged that despite the government's attempt to build in property safeguards, the law contains dangers to shareholder rights. Echoing the objections of some industrialists, it said that the law allowed the possibility that the board chairman might not always represent capital. Further, it alleged that even if the chairman represented capital, he might not always be allowed to cast his tie-breaking vote.

Labor experts consider these arguments far-fetched. They contend that experience in the coal and steel industries, where a neutral board member decides in the rare event of deadlock, shows that cooperation rather than confrontation is the rule under Mitbestimmung. They also feel there is an open-and-shut legal case for the constitutionality of the new law.

View of Unions

Hans-Adam Pfromm, Mitbestimmung expert of I.G. Metall, says, "We think that the majority for capital is formally guaranteed under the new law." Volker Jung, his counterpart at the DGB, asserts the Protection Association has "no chance" in its legal challenge.

But Mr. Jung feels it is possible the court could rule that the new law gives workers the maximum amount of power allowable under the constitution. Such a ruling would strike directly at the DGB's declared goal of strengthening the law until it gives workers a fully equal voice with capital on supervisory boards, as they already have in the coal and steel industries.

Mr. Pfromm worries that the legal test could provoke a second challenge—one that questions the constitutionality of co-determination as it is practiced in the coal and steel industry.

"This would be a funny situation," he said, "because the system has worked well for 25 years." He said any negative court decision on coal and steel Mitbestimmung would provoke "wildcat strikes" in these industries. The law was enacted in 1951 under the threat of strikes.

Expert Uncertain

A legal expert associated neither with the unions nor with industry said he was uncertain whether the Protection Association could win its challenge. "We have independent courts here," he said. If the court were to accept the association's arguments, it could either strike down the whole law or single out certain passages for deletion.

He said that if the whole law is invalidated the government—regardless of what party was in power—probably would draft and pass a new law quickly, as it did following the constitutional court's rejection of the abortion law.

Failure to enact a new Mitbestimmung law following a negative court ruling "could bring us back to the old crossroads between cooperation and class war," he said.

None of the three lower courts involved has taken final action on the association's complaints. Persons close to the case said that if any complaint is passed on to Karlsruhe, the court might take two years to reach a final decision.

VW, Pa. Sign Final Accord On Car Plant

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 15 (UPI). — Volkswagen today signed a final agreement to locate its first North American automobile assembly plant in New Stanton, Pennsylvania.

Gov. Milton Shapp signed for Pennsylvania and handed the first $8-million check of a $40- million state agency loan to Siegfried Hohn, VW's top financial officer, who signed for Volkswagen.

The plant will initially employ about 2,000 persons, to be increased to 5,000 within two years, according to Volkswagen. In addition, state officials said an estimated 23,000 to 35,000 workers will be needed in various support industries.

...ritish Leyland Shows a Profit

...ONDON, Sept. 15 (AP-DJ).— ...ish Leyland Ltd., this coun... ...s largest car producer, today ...rted a net profit for the ...months to June 26 of £27.4 ...lion.

...his compares with a record ... loss of £123.5 million in ... year ended Sept. 30, 1975. ... state-owned car maker is ...paring nine-month results ...h the previous fiscal year be...se it is changing its account... ...period to the calendar year.

...ales in the nine months to ...e 26 totaled £1.595 billion compared with £1.868 billion in fiscal 1975.

Net profit of Babcock & Wilcox Ltd. more than doubled in the first half, rising to £8.8 million from £3.1 million in the same period of 1975, the company reported today.

The heavy engineering concern said turnover rose to £294.8 million from £164.9 million.

Babcock & Wilcox, which set an interim dividend of 1.06 pence, up from 0.48 pence, said it expects profit in the second half to be similar to that of the first half.

British Output Rises by 1.5% During July

But Officials Warn Data Is Distorted

LONDON, Sept. 15 (AP-DJ).—Industrial production rose in July to 101.9, up 1.5 per cent in July, putting the index 2.1 per cent over the year-earlier level, the government announced today.

For the latest three-month period, industrial activity has risen 0.2 per cent from the previous three months, the Central Statistical Office said.

"Changes in the incidence of industrial holidays have made interpretation more difficult but, taking account of the possible impact of the very hot weather on output in the gas, electricity and water industries, latest estimates suggest that industrial output was probably continuing to rise in recent months," the office said.

The June industrial production index of 100.4 was the lowest so far this year. In May, the index had been 104.1. The index, currently at 101.9 seasonally adjusted and is based on 1970 equals 100. It is made up of manufacturing, mining, construction and utility activities. Output in the utility sector declined nearly 6 per cent in May-July from February-April.

The index for manufacturing alone rose to 103.4 in July from June's depressed 101.8. In May, the index had been 105.9. Manufacturing production has risen 1.4 per cent in the latest three months.

In July, Chancellor of the Exchequer Denis Healey forecast an annual rise of over 8 per cent in manufacturing output in the 18 months ending in December, 1977, but some private economists are beginning to doubt that this will be accomplished.

On a three-month comparison, the sharpest rise in the manufacturing sector has been in metals, where output has increased 4.9 per cent. Output in both the engineering and textiles and clothing sectors has risen 1.5 per cent; food, drink and tobacco manufacturing is up 0.9 per cent and chemical and petroleum products 0.5 per cent.

IMF Auctions Gold Despite Fall in Price

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (AP-DJ).—Undeterred by the falling price of gold throughout the world, the International Monetary Fund put another 780,000 ounces of the precious metal on the auction block today. Details of the sale were not available for this edition.

Gold traders feared that the auction, the third by the 128-nation institution this year, will drive the price of gold even lower than its recent depressed levels.

Prices on the London gold market fell $3 yesterday, but were virtually unchanged today at $111.25 an ounce.

Unlike the previous two auctions, the IMF will announce the names of successful bidders and also will accept the price actually offered by successful bidders. In past auctions, the agency determined an average price that applied for all successful bidders.

The United States, which has been instrumental in encouraging the IMF auctions, has so far turned a deaf ear to appeals that they be delayed or scaled down in order to let markets catch up.

"There has been no change in our international monetary policy, nor will there be," a spokesman for the Treasury said. The United States sees the auctions as a way of furthering its policy of eliminating gold from the international monetary system.

U.S. representatives voted with the majority when the IMF board of directors recently turned down a request from Italy that the gold auctions be slowed from the present schedule of 16 over a two-year period.

Company Reports

Revenue, Profits in Millions of Dollars

Campbell Soup		
Fourth Quarter	1976	1975
Revenue	379.00	369.40
Profits	22.40	20.80
Per Share	0.69	0.63
Year		
Revenue	1,630.00	1,540.00
Profits	101.00	87.00
Per Share	3.07	2.61

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FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Abu Dhabi Rejects Steel Accord

The Abu Dhabi executive council has rejected the terms of agreement reached with Kobe Steel of Japan to build a steel plant. The agreement had called for Abu Dhabi to put up 70 per cent of the $200-million construction costs and Kobe the remaining 30 per cent. However, a number of side agreements concerning the employment of Japanese experts and marketing of the steel were also among the package put to the Abu Dhabi executive council for approval. The council objected to the fees proposed by Kobe for the management of the plant as "too expensive," an official at the Department of Petroleum reports. While denying that negotiations had been broken off with the Japanese, the spokesman says the project is open to offers from other potential foreign partners. "We are now receiving approaches from the Germans and Italians," he says. The plant, as agreed upon with the Japanese, was to have produced 400,000 metric tons of steel a year in the preliminary stage, but design plans called for the construction of an additional unit four years later that would have doubled production.

Four Maritime Fruit Ships Sold

Bankers Trust Co. says that four of five Maritime Fruit Carriers ships which an Israeli court had ruled could not be sold (IHT, Sept. 15) have been auctioned under court orders in Japan and Europe. The remaining ship is scheduled to be auctioned in West Germany and no delay in this sale is expected, the New York-based bank says. Bankers Trust says the trustee for its credit arrangements, Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co. of New York, was fulfilling its fiduciary obligations in initiating the sales.

Peugeot/ Citroën Profits Estimated

Consolidated profit of the group resulting from the merger of two of France's major auto builders—Citroën and Peugeot—will "very probably be at least equal to that recorded by the Peugeot group in 1972 and 1973, if not higher," Peugeot says. In 1973, the Peugeot group recorded a profit of 334.8 million French francs. The new group, to be known as PSA Peugeot-Citroën, will come into being following shareholders' approval at a meeting to be held Sept. 30. The combined turnover of the two concerns in the first half rose by about 30 per cent from the 1975 period. The rate of increase will not be so great during the second half, it says, "because the outlook for the end of the year is clouded by fears of a slowdown in the recovery and above all an acceleration in inflation."

U.S. Auto Sales Gaining

U.S. car sales in early September rose about 8 per cent from year-ago levels, but some analysts say sales were held down by shortages of some models. Domestic car dealers delivered 162,854 cars during the first third of the month. Although General Motors Corp.'s total sales rose 5.8 per cent, sales at its big-car divisions dropped, reflecting shortages. Ford Motor's total sales rose 25 per cent while Chrysler's sales rose 2.4 per cent in the period. At American Motors, sales fell 38 per cent from a year ago.

Move Could Hurt Other Producers

IBM Seen Entering Minicomputer Field

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (AP-DJ).—Several Wall Street analysts think that International Business Machines is getting ready to harvest its "peachtree." And some money managers fear that such glamorous minicomputer makers as Digital Equipment and Data General might be bruised by falling branches.

"Peachtree" is the code name IBM gave several years ago to its program to enter the minicomputer market in a large way.

Minicomputers are at the other end of the scale from IBM's giant mainframe computers. The minis are small digital processors that can be dispersed to many sites within a company or organization to perform limited functions. Generally, they sell for $5,000 to $20,000 apiece and their use has grown tremendously in recent years.

In the past week or so, speculation has mounted that IBM will announce its expected push into the minicomputer market next month. Although most analysts believe IBM's move will expand the market and, thus, will not materially slow the growth rates of established mini makers, the latter's stocks have been reacting nervously to the prospect.

Some of the skittishness is understandable, simply in terms of how far the stocks have come. Digital Equipment, as low as 45 3/8 last year, traded as high as 182 1/2 this year. Data General, which could have been bought last year as low as 8 3/8, has been as high as 60 3/4 this year. Both have carried relatively high multiples of nearly 30 times the latest 12-month per-share earnings.

But "peachtree" is probably one of the more unsettling elements in recent activity in both stocks. It is part of a new competitive approach unfolding at IBM over a wide range of computer-related products and services, some analysts believe.

James Blair and Jack Smith of White, Weld & Co. have defined it as a "centipede" strategy. "A centipede has 100 pairs of legs and can be viewed as wearing 200 shoes," they say. "We expect IBM to drop one shoe at a time."

But they also believe the IBM effort would expand the market rather than replace competitive lines, with any IBM success coming from an enlargement of demand rather than at the expense of Digital Equipment or Data General.

Mr. Blair believes that IBM eventually will play a major role in an expanded market for the kind of distributed processing represented by minicomputers and that the answer to those questions will help define IBM's impact once it makes its move.

Late Rally Pushes Up N.Y. Prices

U.S. Aide's Optimism Cited by Analysts

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (IHT).—A strike by 150,000 workers at Ford Motor Co. acted as an early depressant for the stock market today, but later the list staged a modest rally.

Some analysts suggested that optimistic remarks on the U.S. economy by administration economist Alan Greenspan also was instrumental in the market's rise. He told a congressional economic committee that he believed the U.S. economic recovery was about to pick up strength again after a lag in the past few months.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed at 979.31, up 0.67. It was down 1.08 at 3 o'clock.

In the oil group, Atlantic Richfield rose 1 1/2 to 52, Standard Oil of Ohio 1 1/4 to 68 3/4, Phillips Petroleum 1 to 61 3/8, Getty Oil 1 3/8 to 179 7/8, and Exxon 5/8 to 54 1/2.

Ford Motor eased 3/8 to 55 1/4. Analysts and economists said the strike at Ford, which began officially at midnight, was not expected to have immediate national economic impact.

Chrysler slipped 1/8 to 20 1/8, but General Motors gained 1/4 to 88 3/8. The House of Representatives voted to delay the auto pollution control standards, now set for model year 1978, until 1982.

Heavily traded Reserve Oil & Gas gained 1 3/8 to 15 1/4.

But Allied Supermarkets lost 7/8 to 3. It reported a large fourth quarter loss. It also said it will close 50 unprofitable stores and report a loss for the first fiscal quarter.

Standard Pressed Steel dropped 3/4 to 6 5/8. It reported lower earnings, and forecast a possible third quarter loss as a result of the devaluation of the Mexican peso.

Digital Equipment, which had been down more than 4 points at one time, posted a net gain of 2 at 159.

But Du Pont slumped 1 3/4 to 128.

Prices on the American Stock Exchange declined as the Amex index slipped 0.10 to 102.23.

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The First National Bank of Boston	The First National Bank of Chicago
Hill Samuel & Co. Limited	International Westminster Bank Limited
Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited	Lombard North Central Limited
Midland Bank Limited	Midland and International Banks Limited
Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited	Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited
The Royal Bank of Canada	N. M. Rothschild & Sons Limited
J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited	Swiss Bank Corporation
Ulster Investment Bank Limited	Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Agent

County Bank Limited

September 1976

NYSE Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Sept. 15

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div	In $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	3 p.m. High	3 p.m. Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Chge. prev. Close
36¼	32¼	ACF Ind	1.80	8	40	34½	33¾	34½	+ ⅛
4	1⅜	AJ Indust		7	18	3¼	3¼	3¼	
17⅜	13¾	APL Corp		5	12	14⅜	14¼	14¼	— ¼
60¾	47⅜	ARASv	1.28	15	49	54½	53¾	54	+ ¼
33	12⅜	ASA Ltd	.80		206	16¼	15⅝	16¼	+ ½
11¾	7¼	ATOInc	.28	5	22	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
52⅜	37¾	AbbtLab	.88	17	355	51⅝	50⅝	50⅝	
10½	8½	AcmeCly	.50	13	12	9	8¾	8¾	
4½	2¾	AdmDg	.04	6	18	3	2⅞	2⅞	
12⅝	9⅞	AdmEx	.91e		38	11½	11⅜	11½	— ⅛
5¾	4	AdmsMillis	.8		24	4¾	4	4	— ⅛
13½	7¼	Addressog		8	22	8⅞	⅝	8¼	
33¼	22½	AetnaLf	1.08	11	1344	32¾	31⅝	32¾	+ ⅝
50½	36¼	AetnaLf	pf 2		2	48	48	48	— 1
14⅝	9⅛	Ahmans	.22	6	17	13⅝	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
6⅜	2⅝	Aileen	Inc	19	41	3	2⅞	3	
39¾	34¼	AirProd	.20	16	98	35⅜	35⅛	35⅛	— ¼
13⅜	11	AirbnFrt	.50	12	2	12⅜	12⅜	12¼	— ⅛
34⅜	17¼	Aircoinc	1.15	8	39	32¼	32⅛	32¼	
25¾	16⅜	Akzona	1.20	9	29	17	16¾	17	
112	104½	AlaPw	pf 11		z2030	110	109¾	109¾	+ ½
101¾	89	AlaP	pf 9.44		z30	98½	98¼	98½	— ⅜
89¾	78	AlaP	pf 8.16		z4340	86½	85½	86½	— 1
91½	77¼	AlaP	pf 8.28		z30	86	86	86	— 1
17½	11⅛	Alaskin	.45e	6	44	16	15¾	15¾	
8¾	5⅝	AlbertoC	.36	13	35	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	
23⅜	17⅜	Albertsn	.72	9	12	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
30¾	19⅜	AlcanAlu	.40	81	330	25⅛	25⅛	25⅞	— ⅛
18½	14⅜	AlcoStd	.72	6	28	16⅞	16⅜	16⅞	+ ⅛
28	21⅜	Alcon Ld	.28	19	11	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
9¼	5½	Alexdrs	.36e	5	4	6	5⅞	5⅞	
11⅜	7½	AllegCp	1.5e	24	8	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅜
43¼	26½	AllgLud	1.80	6	11	35	34¾	35	+ ⅜
45½	33¼	AllgLud	pf 3			39	39	39	— ⅛
20¼	16¼	AllgPw	1.60	7	193	19⅝	19⅜	19⅝	+ ⅛
20	9¼	AllenGrp	.60	6	6	13⅜	13¼	13⅜	+ ¼
44⅝	33½	AlldCh	1.80	9	146	38⅛	37¾	37¾	
13⅜	9⅞	AlldMnt	.64	7	3	12¾	12	12	— ⅛
15⅝	10⅜	*AlldProd*	.60		5	11⅜	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
59¼	43¼	AlldStr	1.80	6	17	45½	45¼	45¼	+ ⅛
6	2¼	AlldSupmkt			27	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ 1/16
28	11⅜	AllisChal	.60	7	400	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	+ ¼
58½	38½	Alcoa	1.40	27	445	56⅜	56¼	56¼	— ⅛
41½	30	AmalSug	.3e	3	11	33⅞	33¾	33⅝	+ ⅛
60¼	47	Amax	1.75	14	239	56⅝	56	56⅛	+ ⅛
146	115	Amax	pf5.25		3	136½	136	136½	+ 1
58¾	52⅜	Amax	pfB 3		7	55⅝	55	55¼	+ ⅛
22¾	11⅜	AMBAC	.80	8	17	21⅞	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
21¾	16¼	Amerco	1.20	7	4	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
37½	29½	Amrc	pf 2.60		10	35⅛	35⅛	35¼	— ⅛
24¼	16⅛	AHres	.30b	6	448	22⅛	21½	21⅝	+ ⅛
59⅞	45⅜	AHes	pf 3.50		102	54⅝	53⅜	54¼	+ ⅛
21¼	13¾	AAirFlt	.56	8	15	15⅛	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
16¾	8¾	Am Airlin		18	230	13⅝	13⅛	13⅜	— ⅛
10	4⅞	Amcord	.36	7	21	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	
15⅝	11¾	AmBaker	1	4	5	12⅝	12½	12½	— ⅛
47½	38⅛	ABrnds	2.80	8	197	42½	41¼	42	+ ⅜
39½	19⅞	AmBdcst	.80	22	356	33¾	33	33¾	+ ¼
12¼	9¼	AmBldM	.40	6	13	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	
36	30¾	AmCan	2.20	8	72	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
3	1⅛	AmCan	Mtg		7	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
16⅜	12¼	AmCredit	.56e	5	71	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	+ ⅛
28¼	18½	ACyan	1.20	9	257	27¼	26⅞	27	— ⅛
28½	19¾	ADistTe	.84	11	33	24½	24¼	24⅜	+ ⅛
7½	4¼	AmDualVt			3	7	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
14	12½	ADu	pf .84e		7	13⅜	13¼	13¼	
23¼	20¼	AmElPw	2	9	466	23¼	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
15	10	AFamily	.28	6	16	12	12	12	
6⅜	2¼	AmFinSys			16	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
24⅝	22⅝	AGIBd	1.96e		28	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
17⅜	15	AGenCv	1.32		6	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	
17¾	12⅛	AmGnIns	.68	8	36	17⅝	17½	17½	
26⅝	21¾	AmGin	pfI.80		35	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅜
18	13⅜	AmGit	pfI.90		2	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
18¼	12	AmHoist	.80	4	38	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	
37⅜	31⅛	AmHome	1	21	524	34⅜	34⅛	34⅜	+ ⅛
37¾	29½	AmHosp	.40	21	238	34¾	34	34⅜	
4⅜	2¼	Am Invest		75	2	3⅛	3⅛	3¼	
11	5⅞	A Medicl	.24	8	32	10⅜	10¼	10¼	
8⅞	5⅛	A Medicorp	.10	5	31	7⅝	7½	7½	— ⅛
7¼	4¼	Am Motors		7	63	4¾	4⅝	4¾	
37RS32¼		ANatR	2.64	7	146	36⅛	35⅝	35¼	+ ⅛
12¼	⅜	AmSeat	.48	6	13	10	10	10	
14	8¼	AShip	1.87f	4	40	14⅜	14⅛	14½	+ ½
22⅛	16⅜	AmStand	1.30	7	28	17¾	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
78½	54½	A Stdpf	4.75		1	76¼	76¼	76¼	— ⅛
8¼	6	AmSterll	.38	12	12	6¾	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
33	26½	AmStrs	1.90	5	1	29	29	29	— ⅛
60¼	58⅜	AmT&T	3.80	17	977	60½	59⅝	60¼	+ ⅛
65	55	AmT&Tpf	4		48	64½	64¼	64½	+ ⅛
48⅞	43¼	ATT	pfA3.64		2	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	
49½	45	ATT	pfB3.74		24	49	49	49	— ½
10⅝	8⅜	AWatWk	.70	6	1	9½	9½	9½	
19¼	14⅞	Ameron	1	5	14	15⅛	15	15	
10¼	5½	AmesD	.18e	4	13	10	9¾	9¾	⅛
24⅜	19¼	Ametek	1.20	8	16	21⅞	22	22	— ⅛
19⅜	14⅜	Amfsclnc	1	6	15	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
35⅜	26	AMPInc	.41	37	135	33¼	33⅛	33⅜	+ ⅛
9⅜	4¾	Ampex	Corp	11	79	7	6⅞	7	
3½	1¼	Amrep	Corp		3	1½	1½	1½	
51⅜	36½	Amstar	2.70	4	26	43	42	42⅜	/1
9	7¼	Amstv	pf .68		5	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
70½	58¾	Amst	pf 2.65		1	59¾	59¾	59¾	+ 3½
47½	34	Amsted	2	7	111	47¾	47¾	47¾	+ ½
8	4⅝	Amtel	.32	6	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
22½	17¼	Anacond	.88		148	23⅝	23¼	23½	+ ⅜
32¾	22⅜	AnchrH	1.48	7	7	31¼	31	31	
47	35⅛	AndCly	1.60	9	6	47½	47½	47½	+ ½
8¼	5½	Angelica	.16	8	25	6¼	6¼	6¼	
10½	6¾	Anixter	.28	5	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
12⅜	7⅜	AnsulCo	.53f		57	8	8	8	+ ⅛
19½	16⅛	Apache	.58	7	75	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
3⅞	1⅜	Apeco	Corp		123	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
4⅜	2½	Applid	Mag	13	1	3¾	3¾	3¾	+ ⅛
14⅜	9¼	ArcataN	.52	6	23	11⅜	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
31⅛	20⅜	ArchDan	.28	10	434	21⅞	21¾	21⅞	+ ⅛
6	3¾	Arctic	Entr	9	2	4¼	4¼	4¼	
3½	1⅞	Arlstar			12	2¾	2¾	2¾	
17¼	15	ArtzPSv	1.36	7	56	17⅛	16⅞	17	

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div	In $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	3 p.m. High	3 p.m. Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Chge. prev. Close
14⅝	:	ArkBest	.3b		3	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	
27½	21½	ArkLGs	1.70	6	26	26⅝	26½	26⅝	
53	625A	Rcm	o .188		91	233	⅛	⅜⅛½⅛	⅛⅜⅛+⅛
235	72	sR	mfp .30T		8 2	&	½½&	½½&	—½½
123	51	aRMr	u. 68		3	412	⅞⅞	38⅝	38¾— ⅛
17⅜	12⅞	AroCorp		8	6	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜+	⅛
16	9⅝	Arvin	.25e	5	39	15	15	15	— ⅛
27½	25¾	Arvinin	pf 2		10	27	27	27	
20	13⅛	Asarco	.80	25	98	16⅜	16¼	16⅜—	⅛
29⅞	19⅝	AshOil	1.20	5	59	25¾	25½	25¾+	⅛
88	27½	AsdDrG	1.20	10	76	31⅜	31⅛	31⅜	
14⅞	8⅜	Athlone	.40	5	8	12⅜	12¼	12⅜—	⅛
4¼	1⅜	Atico	Mtg		3	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
19⅜	17⅛	AtlCyE	1.62	7	36	19¾	19½	19⅝	
51¼	49¼	AtlRch	n1.40	12	222	51	50⅝	50⅝+	⅜
176½	137	AtlRch	pf 3		2	172	172	172	+ 2¼
67¼	54¼	AtlRc	pf 2.80		75	63⅝	63½	63⅝	
7¼	3¼	Atlas	Corp	8	925	4⅝	4¼	4½—	⅛
35½	29⅝	Auto	Data	25	285	31¼	30¾	31	+ ½
7¾	4⅛	Autmind	.24	5	15	6¼	6	6	+ ⅛
15	4⅛	Avco	Corp	2	41	13⅜	13⅛	13½	
1⅞	9-16	AvcoCo	wi		12	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
41½	18⅜	AvcoCp	pf		1	37⅞	37⅝	37⅞	+ ⅛
29¼	23⅜	AveryInt	.36	32	70	26	25½	26	+ ⅛
13⅛	7½	Avis	Inc	7	33	11⅞	11¾	11¾	
20⅜	10¼	Avnetinc	.60	7	117	18⅝	17⅞	18	+ ⅛
49⅞	32¾	AvonPd	1.80	19	318	49	48¾	48¾	

B

4	1⅞	BTMfg	.30g		3	2	1⅞	2	
36¼	16¾	BabckWil	1	8	79	34⅛	33	33⅜+	⅛
14⅜	4⅜	Bache	.40e	4	13	8⅜	8½	8⅜+	⅛
12¼	8¼	Bakerin	.24	8	60	9¾	9½	9½—	⅛
54	40⅛	Bakrintl	.42	15	18	52½	52	52½+	⅛
13⅜	8⅛	BaldDH	.68	6	7	12⅝	12½	12⅝	
25½	18½	BallCp	.80	7	42	22⅝	22	22⅝+	1
21⅜	11⅜	BallyMf	.02e	14	33	19⅜	19⅛	19⅛	
26⅞	22½	BallGE	2.08	9	1123	25¼	25⅛	25¼+	⅛
16½	12⅜	BanCa	1.15e	260	7	13	13	13	— ⅛
32⅜	16⅜	Bandag	.05e	12	30	18⅝	18⅜	18¾—	⅛
11⅛	4½	Bangr	Punt	4	20	6¼	6⅛	6¼—	⅛
33	28⅛	BkofNY	2.20	6	3	32¼	32	32⅛—	⅛
16⅜	11⅜	BkofVa	.88	6	15	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜+	⅛
27¾	25	BankAm		11	266	25⅞	25⅝	25½+	⅛
38	28⅜	BankTr	3	8	30	35⅛	34⅝	35⅛+	⅛
28⅝	25⅜	BnkT	pf 2.50		30	28	27¾	28	—
24½	22½	BarbOil	1.60		2	30	30	30	
18	11⅜	BardCR	.24	13	16	13½	13¼	13½+	⅛
35¼	22	Barnes	1.60	7	20	23⅜	23¼	23½+	⅛
16½	7⅜	Basicinc	.80	5	16	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛—	⅛
30	22⅜	BatesMf	.80	17	2	24	24	24	
39¼	27½	BauschL	.80	9	17	28½	27¾	28	+ ⅛
46¾	33	BaxtTrv	.21	27	165	43⅝	43¾	43⅝+	⅛
21	17⅜	BayStG	1.88	7	10	21¼	21	21¼+	⅛
5⅛	4⅛	BaykCtg	.24	44	2	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
28	17	Bearing	.50	11	15	27¼	26⅝	27¼+	⅛
27½	21½	BeatFds	.84	14	169	27	26⅝	26⅞	⅛
28⅝	22¼	Beckmn	.28	17	14	25⅞	25¼	25¼—	⅛
42⅞	34	BectDick	.50	17	29	36⅝	36⅛	36¼—	⅛
23¾	14	BeechA	.20	7	28	20⅝	19⅝	20¼+	⅛
17⅜	8⅜	Belcor	.24	84	544	12⅜	11¾	11⅞+	
20½	13⅜	BelcoP	.60e	7	27	18⅛	17⅞	18	
24⅜	15⅜	Belden	1.32	9	4	22½	22⅜	22½	
1¼	7	BeldInHe	.36	7	1	9	9	9	+ ⅛
25½	15	BellHow	.84		5	19¾	19¾	19¾	
52⅜	48	BellCda	3.72	7	14	51¾	51½	51½	+ ⅛
20	13⅜	BemisCo	1.20	8	30	20	19½	19⅝+	⅛
45¾	37¼	Bendix	1.72	8	32	39½	39	39	— ⅛
25⅜	17⅜	BenfiCp	1.45	5	94	24⅜	24¼	24⅜+	⅛
59¼	46½	Benef	pf 4.50		3	56¾	56½	56½—	
25¼	18¼	Benef	pf 2.50		z20	108¾	108¼	108¾	
23½	25½	Benfi	Spf 2.50		z140	26	27½	28	+ ½
2¾	1½	Benguet	B .07e	6	73	1⅝	1½	1½	
5¼	2¼	Berkey	Pho		10	3½	3⅜	3½+	⅛
22⅜	13⅜	Best	Prod	12	184	21⅜	20⅝	21¼—	⅜
48	33	BethSti	2	9	296	40¾	39¾	40	— ½
33⅜	30½	BigThree	.40	19	62	33¾	33¼	33¼	
28¼	18⅞	BlackDr	.40	21	662	19⅜	19⅜	19½—	⅛
11⅜	5	BlairJhn	.48a	6	3	10	10	10	— ⅛
17¼	12⅛	BltsLau	1b	6	12	15½	15½	15½	
20¾	14⅜	BlackHR		11	32	19⅜	18⅝	19⅜	
10⅝	5¾	BlueBell	1.68	5	66	41⅜	41⅛	41⅜+	⅛
20⅜	20¼	BlueBell	wi		9	21	20⅞	21	+ ⅛
5¾	3⅜	Bluebird	Inc	6	21	5	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
6¾	2⅜	Bobbie	Brks	7	116	3⅜	3¼	3¼	
43½	24⅜	Boeing		7	77	28	41¾	41½	
30¾	23½	BoiseCas	.80	9	88	25¼	24⅝	24⅞	— ⅛
20	17⅛	Bk Montr		7	2	17¾	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
32½	26	Borden	1.40	10	163	32½	32¼	32¼	— ⅛
30¾	19⅜	BorWar	1.35	8	24	29½	29	29⅛	
4¼	2⅜	Bormans		5	5	3¾	3¾	3¾	
25½	22⅜	BosEd	2.44	12	72	25⅛	25¼	25⅛+	⅛
12	10⅜	BosE	pf 1.17		19	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞—	⅛
15½	13¾	BosE	pf 1.46		11	15	15	15	+ ⅛
14⅛	8¾	Braniff	.24	12	877	11½	10⅞	11	
31⅛	15⅛	BraunCF	.50	7	45	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛—	⅛
32⅜	27¼	Brig	Str	.92	16	10	29⅝	29⅝	+ ⅛
83¼	66¼	BristMy	1.80	16	289	76½	75½	75½—	1½
50½	42¼	BristM	pf 2		12	47¼	47	47	— ⅛
12½	9⅝	BritPet	.32e	14	28	10⅝	10	10⅛	
25¼	16⅛	BrkwGl	1.20	6	264	30½	29	29	— ⅛
19	16⅛	BkIyUG	1.72	8	27	19	18⅝	19	— ⅛
27¾	25	BkIUG	pf2.47		103	26½	26⅜	26⅜	
38	28⅜	BwnShp		7	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	
13½	10⅝	BrownC	.15e	5	4	12¾	12½	12¾	
26	18⅝	BrnGp	1.30	7	2	20¼	20¼	20¼+	⅛
8¾	5⅝	BrwnFer	.20	10	96	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
18¾	17	Brunswk	.44	10	219	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
26⅝	11	Brushw	.80	9	5	24½	24	24¼+	⅜
30¼	18	BucyEr	.56	16	61	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
19¾	9⅞	BuddCo	.80	4	53	17¾	17⅝	17⅝—	⅛
58	49	BuddCo	pf 5		z100	57½	56¼	56¼—	1¼
8¾	4⅝	Budgind	.24f	4	3	7	7	7	
26⅝	20½	BullFro	1.20	14	3	21½	21¼	21¼	
11¾	8	Bulova	.05f	7	1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
21¾	19⅝	BunkHill	1.86		14	20⅛	20	20⅛	

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div	In $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	3 p.m. High	3 p.m. Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Chge. prev. Close
⅝	⅛	BunkHr	rt		226	¼	⅛	¼	
16½	11¼	BunkrR	pfI.50		6	15¼	15	15	— ¼
9⅝	4⅜	Bunk	Ramo		33	7⅞	7¼	7⅞+	⅛
34	23⅝	Burlind	1.40	8	266	26½	25¾	26	— ¼
48½	31⅞	BurlNo	.50e	6	63	42¼	42	42¼	
7¾	4½	BurlNo	pf.55		2	7½	7½	7½—	⅛
108½	83⅛	Burrghs	.68	22	158	91	90¼	91	+ ¼
30¾	18⅜	BuffesG	Oil	6	52	20⅜	20¼	20⅜—	⅛

C

61	46¾	CBS	1.66	12	160	58½	58	58½+	½
3¼	1⅜	CCI	Corp		9	3	2⅞	2⅞	
2⅜	⅜	CIMtg	Cp		9	⅜	13-16	⅜	
4¼	2⅜	CIRII	Inv		12	3½	3½	3½	
37¾	28⅜	CITFin	2.20	8	55	36½	31⅞	36½+	⅛
99	75½	CIT	pfB 5.50		5	99	99	99	
1¾	⅝	CL	Assets		5	11-16	11-16	11-16	
6	3⅝	CLCAm	.24	5	11	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛
16⅞	8	CMIInv	Cp		35	14⅜	14¼	14¼	
8¾	5⅜	CNA	Fin!	8	237	6¼	6¼	6¼	
14	11	CNA	pfA1.10		2	12¾	12¾	12¾+	⅜
13	11	CNA!	1.08e		2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛+	⅜
49⅝	31¼	CPC	Int	2.20	9	10	45½	45¼	45⅛—	⅜
26½	14⅜	CPSCp		.60	3	20¼	20¼	20¼	
4½	1½	CalbCab	Fer			44	1¾	1¾	
30½	18⅜	CalbotC	1.08	8	36	29¾	29½	29¾	
5¼	2¼	Cadence	Ind	9		9	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
5¼	3	Caesars	Wrl	14		39	36¼	37¼	
7¼	3	Cal	Finanl	8		18	7	7	
17½	15¼	CalPUt	1.56	9		1	17¼	17¼	
17½	10¾	Callahn	.60r	17		19	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
3¾	1¼	Camrn	Brn			13	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
27½	16½	CmpRL	.60a	17		12	19¼	1 1⅛	19¼+	⅛
35⅝	29¼	CamSp	1.36	11		10	30⅜	32⅜	32¼—	⅛
30½	29¾	CampTag	1.12	10		17	30	29⅞	30	
19½	13	CdnPac	.86e	7		47	18	17⅞	17⅞	⅛
12⅛	7½	CanalR	.60	6		9	7¾	7¾	7¾—	⅛
55½	42¼	CapCits	.20	13		47	50½	50¼	50¼—	⅛
24¼	17¼	Capho'd	.40	11		47	20¼	19⅝	20¼+	⅛
3	⅞	Capit	Mtg			7	1¼	1¼	
35⅞	30¾	Carbar	.90	9		55	34	33¾	34	+ ⅛
7	5¼	CaroFrg	.20			2	5⅜	5½	5⅜	
23	17¾	CaroPw	1.72	s		81	22⅜	22⅜	22¾—	⅛
30	26¾	CarPt	pf 2.67			1	29⅛	29⅛	29¼+	⅛
34¾	21½	CarTec	1.80	8		6	33¼	33¼	33¼	
16¾	11¼	CarrCp	.52	15		63	16⅜	16⅛	16⅛+	⅛
25¼	17⅜	CartHaw	.90	10		18	20¾	20½	20½	
42¾	33	CartHw	pf 2			15	35¾	35¾	35⅝	
8⅝	6¼	CartWall	.40	32		10	7¼	7	7	— ⅛
11	⅝	CascNG	.77	5		10	9	9	9	
17⅝	15	CastlCk	.80b	6		23	15⅝	15½	15⅝	
62¼	55¼	CaterpTr	1.50	12		570	59¾	59¾	59¾—	1½
19⅜	14	CecoCp	1.15	8		9	15	14⅞	14⅞—	⅛
58	42⅜	Celanse	2.80	7		183	45¼	44⅝	45½+	⅛
14	7⅝	Centex	.12	12		19	10¼	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
18½	13¾	CenSoW	1.28	10		151	16¼	16¼	16¼	
20⅜	17⅜	CentInd	1.72	14		20	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
19⅝	13⅜	CenIIL	1.60	11		46	17¾	17½	17½	
31½	27½	CnlLt	pf 2.87		z300	29¼	29¼	29¼	
15¾	12⅜	CenIIPS	1.28	9		58	14⅜	14½	14½—

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NYSE Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Sept. 15

(Continued from preceding page.)

1976 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
		NatDet 2.72	6	15	50¾	50¼	50¾	
		NatDist 1.40	7	63	24¾	24⅛	24¾	
		NatFuel 2.16	7	9	25½	25⅜	25½	⅛
		NatFuel pf2.30		40	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛—	⅛
		NatGyp 1.05	9	52	14¾	14⅝	14⅝—	⅛
		Nat Homes		12	4	3⅞	3⅞	
		NatInd .30	3	13	6⅞	6¾	6¾	
		NatInd pf.60		2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
		NtInd pf 1.25		1	12¾	12¾	12¾+	⅛
		NMedCare .03e	11	22	17¾	17¼	17¼—	⅛
		NMedE .32	6	10	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝+	⅛
		NMineSv .50	8	48	16⅛	15⅝	15⅝—	⅝
		NatPresto 2	9	26	54	53	53⅝+	⅞
		Nat Semicn	25	314	36	35	35⅞+	⅞
		NSvcInd .78	8	79	13	12¾	12¾	
		NStand .96	7	10	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
		NStarch .88	14	10	51	51	51	
		NatlStl 2.50	14	107	45⅝	45¼	45⅝—	⅛
		Nat Tea		7	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
		Natoma 1.40	7	67	26⅞	26½	26½	
		Neptune .60	8	11	17¼	17	17⅛	
		NevPw 1.60	6	11	22⅞	22¾	22⅞—	⅛
		NevP pf 2.30		z720	24¼	24¼	24¼+	⅛
		NEngEl 1.86	9	82	22	21⅞	21⅞	
		NEngGE 1.32	8	16	15⅛	15	15—	⅛
		NEnP pf2.76		10	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	
		NEngT 2.36	12	14	31	30⅞	30⅞—	⅛
		NYSEG 2.40	8	77	28⅞	28¼	28½	
		NYSE pf3.75		z450	42½	42½	42½—	½
		Newhall .46	9	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	
		Newmt 1.60	14	49	25⅞	25⅜	25⅜—	⅜
		Nwmt pf4.50		1	79¾	79¾	79¾—	⅜
		NiaMP 1.24	8	132	14	13¾	14+	⅛
		NiaMpf 3.90		z100	41½	41½	41½+	½
		NiM pf 11.75		z60	114	114	114	
		NiMpf 10.60		z1310	108	108	108	
		NiaM pf 7.72		z50	81½	81½	81½+	½
		NiagShre .95e		1	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝—	⅛
		Nicor 2.12	8	24	27	26⅞	26⅞—	⅛
		Nicor pf 1.90		3	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	
		NorflkWn 5.28	8	16	88⅞	88½	88⅞+	½
		Norris 1.60	6	4	37¾	37¾	37¾+	½
		NoACoal .90	8	14	41¼	41	41	
		NoAmMt .60a		9	3¾	3⅝	3¾+	⅛
		NoAPhl 1.20	8	2	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	
		NoCAlr .10e	6	82	3¾	3½	3¾+	⅛
		NoCeAlr wt		10	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	⅛
		NoestUt 1.02	6	207	11⅛	11	11—	⅛
		NIndPS 1.40	8	375	18⅝	18½	18¾+	⅛
		NorNGs 2.08	7	114	45	44⅝	44⅝—	⅛
		NoStPw 1.94	10	379	29¼	28⅞	29—	¼
		NSPw pf4.16		z10	49	49	49—	1¼
		NorTel .60	13	21	37½	37¼	37¼—	⅜
		Northgate E	21	8	3⅝	3¼	3⅝—	¼
		Northrp 1.40	7	42	39⅝	39½	39½	
		NwstAirl .45	15	56	30	29⅞	29⅞—	⅛
		NwtBnc 1.80	10	74	52¼	51¾	52¼+	¼
		NwtEnrgy 2	5	10	27⅞	27¾	27⅞+	¼
		NwtEnr cf 2	5	3	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝+	¼
		Nwtind 2.25	4	484	45¾	45¼	45½—	⅛
		NwstInd wt		9	24⅛	23⅞	24⅛—	⅛
		Nwtin pf4.20		2	101⅛	100⅝	101	
		NwtP pf 2.50		8	26¼	25⅞	25⅞—	⅛
12¾	9½	NwsMutL 1e	15	25	12¼	11⅞	11⅞—	⅛
36½	20¼	NwstW 1.20	14	3	31	30¾	31+	⅜
37⅞	25½	Norton 1.70	8	2	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	
24¾	17⅛	NorSim .60	11	520	22¼	21⅞	22¼+	⅛
54	39½	NortS pf 1.60		1	47¼	47¼	47¼	¼
31	14½	NucorCp .32	6	9	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜—	⅛
		O						
14¾	9⅝	OKCCp 1	5	16	14½	14¼	14⅜	
12¼	7¼	OakInd .40	10	6	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞—	⅛
19⅝	13½	OccidPet 1	11	522	18¼	18	18—	⅛
9	5⅝	OccidPet wt		57	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝—	⅛
32¼	25¼	OccIP pf2.16		2	30½	30¼	30½+	¼
62¼	46	OccIP pf3.60		16	58⅛	57½	58⅛+	⅜
61	47⅛	OccidPt pf 4		2	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝+	¼
25⅞	20⅞	OccIP pf2.50		37	25⅛	25	25—	⅛
24	15⅛	Ogden 1.20	4	38	21	20⅞	20⅞—	⅛
19¼	16⅛	OhioEd 1.64	7	748	19	18⅞	18⅞+	⅛
51½	44⅝	OhEd pf 4.40		z50	50	50	50	
81	73⅝	OhEd pf 7.36		z540	80½	80	80½+	½
90	80	OhEd pf 8.20		z300	89¼	89¼	89¼+	¼
111½	102¾	OhE pf 10.48		z230	108⅝	108½	108½	
125½	116	OhPw pf 14		z40	124	124	124+	⅛
23½	17⅛	OklaGE 1.44	11	773	19¼	18⅞	19—	⅛
10⅞	10	OklGE pf .80		z280	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
30½	23¼	OklaNG 1.80	7	38	28⅜	28⅛	28⅝—	⅛
45¼	30¼	OlinCp 1.32	7	9	41¼	41¼	41¼—	¼
36⅝	26⅛	Olinkraft 1	9	1	32¼	32¼	32¼+	¼
14	9¼	Omark .60	6	12	11¼	11¼	11⅛—	⅛
15⅛	9	Oneida .76	6	186	13⅝	13	13—	⅜
15¼	13	OranRk 1.28	8	8	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛—	⅛
15⅛	8⅝	Orange .18b	9	355	9⅝	9⅛	9¼+	⅜
36½	25¼	OutMar 1.40	7	18	26⅝	26¼	26⅝	
19½	12⅞	OutletCo .80	5	12	15	14⅞	14⅞—	½
24⅜	19	OvernitT .90	8	5	21	20¼	20¼—	¼
19¾	16⅞	OverSh .20b	5	11	18	18	18—	⅛
59½	42	OwensCng 1	13	33	53⅜	53½	53⅜+	⅜
62¼	51¾	OwenIll 1.88	8	126	56	55½	55⅝—	⅜
98	83½	OwnIl pf4.75		3	87	86½	86½+	½
25⅞	16⅛	Oxfrdlnd .60	4	1	18¼	18¼	18¼—	¼
		P-Q						
7⅝	5⅜	PNBMR .40	21	17	7¼	7⅛	7¼+	⅛
50½	35	PPGInd 2	9	466	45⅝	44¼	45⅛—	½
9¼	5½	PSA Inc		65	8⅛		8⅛	
14¼	12½	PacAS 1.24		8	14⅛	14	14	
23¾	20	PacGas 1.88	10	2132	23⅛	22½	23+	½
19	16¾	PacLtg 1.68	9	112	19	18⅞	19+	⅛
33⅜	26⅝	PacLm 1.20	15	14	30⅝	30½	30½—	⅛
33¼	25⅞	PacPetrl .60	9	59	27¼	27	27	
22¼	20	PacPw 1.70	10	122	21⅝	21½	21½	
16¾	13⅝	PacTT 1.20	8	47	15¾	15½	15⅝+	⅛
9⅞	8⅝	PacTin .80	8	4	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	
12⅜	5½	PaineW .20a	4	14	7	6⅞	7+	⅛
17½	12½	PaRW pf 1.30		10	13¾	13½	13⅝—	⅛
8½	4⅝	PalmBc .30	4	63	7⅞	7¾	7⅞+	⅛
8½	4⅛	Pamida .72	6	40	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	
7⅝	5⅛	PanAm Air		167	5½	5⅜	5½	
40⅝	29⅝	PanEP 2.20	8	245	38½	38⅛	38½+	¼
15⅝	8	Paprcft .60b	8	18	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛+	¼
18⅞	12½	Pargasinc 1	11	10	15⅛	15	15—	⅛
32½	17½	ParkerDrl .85e	7	35	30⅛	30½	30½—	⅛
35⅞	21¾	ParHan 1.20	10	6	32⅝	32½	32½—	¼
16⅝	11¾	ParkPen .40	9	12	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝—	⅛
14¼	7⅛	PatrkP .60f	6	378	11¾	11½	11½	1¼
23⅜	16½	Paybnw .40	8	16	19⅝	19⅛	19½	
19⅞	14⅛	PeabGa .16	11	32	19¼	19	19—	¼
6⅝	4⅞	PenDix .24b		14	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞—	⅛
60⅛	48	Penney 1.28	15	369	52⅝	52⅛	52⅛	
21⅜	19⅛	PaPwL1 1.80	8	93	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛+	⅛
51½	44⅝	PaPL pf 4.40		z50	50	50	50	
57	47	PaPL pf 4.50		z200	50⅝	50½	50⅝+	⅛
92	80¼	PaPL pf .40		z60	90	89⅝	90+	½
112⅞	102½	PaPL pf 11		z70	111¾	111¾	111¾	
88	77	PaPL pf 8		z0	86	86	86—	2
94	82	PaPL pf 8.70		z1180	93½	92½	93½+	1
37⅞	27½	Pennwlt 1.60	9	24	34⅜	34	34⅛+	⅛
27½	21	Penwl pf1.60		43	25½	25⅛	25⅛+	⅛
34¾	19½	Pennzol 1.32	9	194	31¾	31½	31⅝+	⅛
91	76	Pennz pfB 8		z50	90½	90½	90½	
10⅛	5⅛	PeopDrg .20	14	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
40⅝	34⅝	PeopleGas 3	7	80	39⅝	39¼	39¼—	¼
85⅛	69⅝	PepsiCo 2	17	250	83	82⅝	82⅞	
27½	1⅜	ParkElm .30	21	134	22⅞	22⅛	22⅛+	⅛
16⅛	11½	PeterPl .80a	10	2	12⅞	12¾	12⅞+	⅛
26	19½	Petrolan .40	8	14	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛—	⅛
26	20¼	Petrlm 2.55e		7	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝+	¼
31	25½	Pfizer .88	13	368	28½	28⅛	28¼	
45¼	38¼	PhelpD 2.20	18	437	43⅝	43⅛	43½—	⅛
17⅜	14⅝	PhilaEl 1.64	9	189	17⅛	16⅞	17	
46⅝	38	PhilE pf 4.30		z420	46½	45¼	46¼	
75½	63⅛	PhilaEl pf 7		z60	75½	75½	75½+	1¼
90⅜	78	PhilE pf 8.75		z200	89¼	89½	89½—	⅛
82	70	PhilE pf 7.85		z1110	82	81⅛	81⅛	
99½	84½	PhilE pf 9.50		z100	99	98⅞	99+	½
80	66⅛	PhilE pf 7.75		z190	79	78	78—	1
15½	12⅛	PhilaSub .80	6	30	13	13	13	
59⅞	49⅞	PhilMorr 1.30	15	465	58⅞	57⅞	58½+	⅜
8¼	3⅝	Philips Ind		11	7⅛	7	7⅛—	⅛
13	6½	Phillpind pf		37	12	12	12	
64⅝	49½	PhilPet 1.80	13	219	61	60¼	60⅝+	⅛
12⅜	7⅜	PhilVaH .40	8	3	9⅝	9½	9⅝	
23⅝	14¼	Pickwick .32	7	36	15½	15¼	15½+	⅜
17¾	15	PiedNG 1.44	7	3	16	16	16—	⅛
8¼	4½	Pier1 Imprt		43	5⅝	5½	5⅝+	⅛
44¼	33¼	Pillsbury 1	15	12	40	39¾	40	
35⅞	27⅝	Pioner 1.20b	9	16	33⅞	33½	33½—	⅛
18	13½	PitneyB .68	7	52	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛—	⅛
48	31	Pittstn .80b	9	352	41⅛	40⅝	40⅞+	⅞
31⅝	20⅛	Pizzahtt .06e	12	31	26½	26	26—	½
4⅛	3	Plan Resrch	8	10	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜	
5	2⅝	Playboy .12	23	8	3⅝	3¼	3¼—	⅛
14⅝	11½	Plessey .46e	8	2	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	
16⅛	11⅝	Pneumo 1	4	16	15	14⅞	14⅞	
42¼	31¼	Polaroid .50	19	981	41½	40⅝	41+	⅜
14	7½	Ponderosa	19	28	7⅝	7¼	7¼+	⅛
24⅞	15⅛	PopeTal .70	10	1	17	17	17—	¼
23	17⅛	Portec .80	10	42	21¾	21½	21¾+	⅜
20⅝	16⅛	PortGE 1.64	7	90	20⅝	20⅜	20½+	⅛
115	102	PoG pf 11.50		z150	115	114½	115+	1
65	48⅛	Potlch 1.50	11	7	57¾	57¼	57¾+	⅝
14¼	11⅞	PotmEl 1.16	10	109	14⅛	14	14	⅛
39⅝	33	PotEl pf 2.44		4	39¼	39	39—	¼
45	40	PotEl pf 4.04		z50	45	45	45+	⅝
58	53⅝	PotEl pf 5.46		z30	57½	57½	57½—	½
18½	14⅛	Premr pf .90		5	16½	16½	16½	
100⅛	81⅞	ProctrG 2.20	19	174	94	93⅛	93⅜+	⅛
12¾	8⅛	ProdRsh .40	6	1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝+	⅛
50½	27	Proler 1.40	7	3	35¼	35	35—	⅛
17⅛	14½	PSvCol 1.30	9	121	17⅜	17	17⅛+	⅛
31¼	23⅛	PSvcIn 1.92	11	140	30⅞	30⅛	30⅛—	¼
21¼	18⅝	PSvNH 1.88	8	11	21⅛	20⅞	21+	½
29½	25½	PSNH pf2.75		z400	28¼	28⅛	28¼—	⅛
22¾	17⅝	PSvNM 1.44	9	139	22⅛	21⅞	21⅞	
21⅝	17⅝	PSvEG 1.6	9	167	21¼	21⅛	21¼+	⅛
16⅝	14½	PSEG pf1.40		5	16	15⅞	16—	⅛
59½	52	PSEG pf5.28		z100	56½	56½	56½	
27⅞	25	PSEG pf2.43		4	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛—	⅛
123	111½	PSE pf 12.25		z90	120¾	120½	120½+	⅛
87	75	PSEG pf7.70		z250	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛—	⅜
89½	76	PSEG pf7.80		116	87⅞	87½	87⅞+	⅝
83	68⅝	PSEG pf7.40		z100	81	81	81+	½
6⅞	4	Publckr Ind		41	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Pueblo Int		6	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
30⅝	25⅝	PugSPL 2.36	9	19	29⅝	29⅝	29½—	¼
39⅞	27⅝	Pullmn 1.20	10	14	35⅛	35	35—	½
17¾	14⅛	PurexCo 1.08	8	65	16⅛	16	16⅛	
6⅝	2⅝	Purin Fash	5	27	3	3	3	
45½	23⅝	Purolir 1.08	8	67	24⅞	24⅝	24⅞+	⅛
28⅝	22½	QuakOal .92	10	x124	23	22⅝	22½—	½
110½	103	QuaO pf 9.56		x114	110	109⅝	109¾+	1⅛
28⅝	15	QuakSlO .78	12	628	16⅛	16	16⅛—	⅛
7½	5½	Questor .01r	10	8	5⅝	5¼	5⅝—	⅛
23	17¾	QuestrpfA 2		1	21½	21½	21½—	⅛
		R						
30⅝	18⅝	RCA 1	14	164	27⅝	27⅛	27¼—	⅜
45½	38¼	RCApf 3.50		z10	45½	45½	45½	
71¼	52	RCAcvpf 4		7	70½	70½	70½	
9	4⅛	RTE .16b	14	7	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝—	¼
53⅞	46½	RalstonPu 1	15	64	51⅛	51	51—	½
6⅛	3⅝	Ramada Inn	94	81	3⅞	3¾	3¾	
14¼	7	Rancoln .64	13	12	14¼	13⅞	14⅛+	¼
8⅝	5	Rapid Am		5	5¼	5¼	5¼	
26	18⅜	Rap Irpf2.25		40	22½	22½	22½	
30⅞	24¼	RapAm pf 3		1	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝—	¼
34⅝	27	Raybest 1.50b	6	3	34	33⅞	34—	⅛
23¼	15¼	Rayminf .68	7	32	23	22⅞	23	
66½	44⅛	Raytheon 1.28	12	47	63⅛	63	63—	⅝
23	16⅛	ReadBat .60	4	44	19⅛	19	19—	⅛
5⅝	2½	Redman Ind		23	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
15⅛	10	ReeceCp .74	10	61	11	10⅞	10⅞—	1
34	22	Reeves 2	7	4	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	
19⅞	11⅝	reichCh .74	7	30	18¼	17¾	17⅞—	½
35	18	RelianEl 1.10	12	71	34	33⅝	33⅝—	⅜
98	51½	Relian pf 3		5	94	93	93—	4
18⅝	6	Relian Grp		71	16⅞	16½	16⅞	
31	12	RelGrp pfB		5	29	28⅝	29—	¼
21⅜	8½	RelGrp pfC		9	21½	21⅜	21⅜+	⅛
26⅛	25½	Relin pf 2.68		27	25⅝	25½	25⅝+	⅛
9⅝	6⅛	Republic Cp	10	16	7¼	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
18½	10	RepFinS .80	8	5	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛
3⅝	1	RepMtg Inv		7	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛+	⅛
40⅝	27½	RepStl 1.60	10	126	35⅛	34⅞	34⅞—	½
14⅝	7⅝	ResrvOil .16	11	1275	14⅝	13⅞	14⅛+	⅛
23¾	17⅝	Revco D5.22	15	17	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝—	⅛
12¼	7⅞	Rever Copp		19	10½	10⅜	10½	
90	69⅝	Revlon 1.60	18	55	88¼	87⅞	88—	⅜
9⅝	3⅝	Rexham .32	7	29	8½	8⅜	8½	
39½	20½	Rexnrd 1.32	7	58	33	32⅝	32⅞+	¼
68¼	55	Reynln 3.08	8	443	58¼	57⅝	58⅛+	½
80	61	Reyln pf2.25		13	67½	65¾	65¾—	1¼
42⅝	22½	ReynMet 1.20	9	84	40⅝	40½	40⅝+	⅛
91	56½	ReyM pf4.50		15	88	88	88+	½
15¾	8¾	ReynSe .40a	7	45	11¼	11	11¼	
13⅝	9⅝	Richardsn 1	9	13	13	13	13—	⅛
27	21½	RichMer .70	13	727	26¼	25⅞	26	
21⅛	10½	Richmnd .80	16	82	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	
24⅛	15	RioGran .70	6	49	20¼	20	20—	¼
13⅝	9½	RioGr pf .80		32	12⅝	12½	12¼—	½
20⅝	14½	RiteAid .24	13	30	16⅝	16	16⅛—	¼
23⅝	13⅝	Robshaw .96	9	3	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝+	⅛
27¼	21	Robrtsn 1.50	5	10	23	22¾	23+	⅛
12⅝	9½	Robins .28a	9	72	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞	
18	15½	RochG 1.28b	9	18	18	17⅞	18+	⅛
15½	12¼	RochTel .88	8	47	13¼	13	13⅛—	⅛
33¼	23¾	Rockwlint 2	9	101	29⅞	29	29—	⅛
29½	20⅜	Rklnt pf 1.35		2	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	
76¾	52	RohmH 1.28	20	47	52½	52	52—	⅝
8¼	4	Rohr Ind		7	5¾	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
27⅜	20	Rollins .36	14	14	23½	23⅜	23½—	⅛
20⅛	16½	Roper 1.20	6	13	17¾	17⅝	17⅝—	⅛
25	17	RorerA .94	11	58	20¼	20⅛	20¼+	⅛
31½	18½	Rosario .40b	10	43	23⅛	22⅝	23⅛+	⅝
36⅞	22⅝	Rowan .20	5	71	35¼	34⅞	34⅞	⅝
23⅜	16⅛	RoyCCol .80	8	19	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	
50⅝	41⅜	RoylD 3.26e	5	266	46⅝	46	46⅛+	⅜
8⅝	4⅝	Roylind .10e	5	36	7	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
29⅝	22½	Rubbrm .48	14	10	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝+	⅛
28½	16⅛	Rucker .28	7	424	28⅝	27⅞	28⅛+	⅜
14⅝	10	RussTog .76	6	136	10⅛	10	10¼—	⅛
15	9	Ryder Sys	10	133	14	13⅞	14+	⅛
		S						
3⅝	2	SCA Svc	13	22	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	
19⅝	11½	SCMCp .80	5	52	18	17⅝	17⅝—	⅜
14⅝	¼	SOSCon .40	7	8	13½	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
47¼	35	SabineR .60	11	2	44¼	44¼	44¼+	⅛
5⅛	2⅝	Safeard Ind.03e	9	8	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
48⅝	39¼	SafewyStr 2	9	193	43⅞	42⅝	43⅜+	⅛
15	8	SagaCp .28	8	12	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝—	⅛
50	33½	StJoMin 1.30	12	123	40⅝	39⅞	39⅞—	⅛
13⅝	11	StJoLtP 1.12	9	8	13	12⅞	13+	⅛
39¾	23¾	StLSaF 2.50	10	21	39⅞	39⅛	39⅜+	⅛
12	10⅝	StPaulS .96a		8	12	11⅞	11⅞	
50½	34½	StRegP 1.52	9	98	38⅛	38	38⅛+	¼
9⅝	5⅜	Salant .24b	4	7	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛
14½	11⅝	SanDGs 1.20	7	72	14½	14⅛	14⅛—	⅛
9¼	7¼	SJuanR .99t	5	5	8	8	8	
11⅝	6¼	Sandrs Asso	11	22	8⅞	8¾	8⅞+	⅛
40⅛	30⅜	SFeInd 1.80	7	95	35	34⅝	34⅝—	⅛
11⅛	8¼	SFeInd pf.50		6	9½	9½	9½	
36⅜	20⅞	SanFeInt .30	10	76	36	35⅝	36+	⅛
14	9⅝	SangWel .50	7	2	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝—	⅛
4½	3⅛	Saul REst		32	3¼	3⅛	3¼	
6⅝	3⅛	SavA Stop	27	11	3⅝	3¼	3⅛—	¼
11⅛	6½	SavOnDr .20	8	17	7	6⅞	7	
9¾	8	SavEIP .50e	5	16	9⅛	9	9⅛+	⅛
14⅛	12⅞	SavnEA 1.34		43	14	14	14	
13	11	SavEl pf1.28		22	13	13	13	
16⅛	6⅝	SavinB Mch	11	26	15⅛	14⅞	15+	⅛
8⅛	3⅝	Saxon Ind	7	66	5	4⅞	4⅞	
10⅛	3	Schaefer Cp		3	9	9	9—	⅛
80¼	47½	SchergPl 1	19	224	52½	51⅞	52—	⅝
24	16⅛	SchlitzBr .68	11	38	17⅞	17¼	17⅞	
98½	70	Schlumb .80	22	395	98½	97⅛	98+	⅛
16⅝	11¼	SCOAIn .70	4	22	11⅝	11½	11½—	⅛
7¼	5⅛	ScotLad .36	19	13	5⅞	5⅝	5¾	
29⅛	18	ScotFet 1.20	9	13	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛+	⅛
19⅛	13½	ScottFor .4	6	26	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞—	⅛
24⅝	14¼	ScottPap .76	9	389	19½	19⅜	19⅜—	⅛
10⅞	7	Scottys .16	14	24	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛+	⅛
18⅝	13⅛	ScovillMfg 1		22	17⅞	17	17—	⅛
44⅛	29½	Scovll pf2.50		2	41	41	41—	⅛
7⅞	4⅝	ScudDuoVl	14	18	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
9	7⅝	Scudd pf.83e		1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
39	14½	SeaCont .50	4	31	35⅞	35½	35⅝—	⅜
32¼	20½	SeabCL 1.60	5	55	29	28½	28⅝+	⅛
6⅝	3½	SeabWA .22f		8	3⅞	3½	3¾+	⅛
31⅝	23	Seagram .80	11	39	27⅞	26⅝	27⅛+	⅛
7⅜	4⅝	Seagrv .08e	6	2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
23	14	SealdPw .80	7	6	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞—	½
18	12⅝	SearleG .52	9	148	13	12⅞	12⅞—	⅛
79⅛	61½	Sears 1.60a	18	363	68⅛	67⅛	67⅜—	½
7⅞	3⅛	Seatrain Lin	16	108	7⅝	7½	7⅝—	⅛
35⅞	22	Sedcolnc .18	7	48	30⅞	30	30½+	½
23⅝	13½	SeligLtz 1.20	6	18	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝+	⅛
6⅛	4½	SvcCplnt .20	4	1	5	5	5	
16	11½	Servomt .76	7	3	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	
10⅞	5⅛	Shakspre .32	7	2	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	
18½	11⅜	Shapell .10	6	5	13⅞	13¾	13¾—	⅛
72⅝	47⅝	ShellOil 2.80	8	160	72¼	71½	72⅛—	⅜
33⅛	26⅝	ShellT 1.01e	5	21	26⅝	26¼	26¼—	⅛
14½	11⅛	ShelIrGl .60	4	32	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
23	18⅛	ShuGf pf1.35		3	20	20	20—	⅛
19½	15⅝	ShlIGf pf1.40		1	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛+	⅛
41⅝	33¼	SherwW 2.20	13	24	37⅞	37⅛	37⅞+	½
70	58½	ShrW pf 4.40		z30	69⅝	69¼	69⅝	
12⅞	9⅜	SierrPac 1	8	38	12⅝	12½	12⅝	
24⅛	15⅛	Signal 1b	13	67	22⅝	22	22½+	⅛
54	34	Signal pf2.20		1	50	50	50—	½
42⅝	32	SingdeCp 1.20	14	1	42⅝	42⅛	42⅛+	⅛
9⅝	5	SimPrec	14	9	2	7⅝	7⅝	
24½	18	Simm .88a	10	19	18⅝	18½	18⅝+	⅛
23½	11½	SimpPat .50	17	198	12⅛	11⅞	12—	⅛
26	8⅜	Singer Co		194	20¼	20	20⅛+	⅛
45⅝	24½	Singr pf 3.50		68	40¼	40	40	
28	19⅝	Skaggs .50	11	72	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛	
114¾	66	Skelly 1.60a	13	135	113	112½	112¾	
22⅛	15⅛	Skyline .32	26	77	16⅛	15⅞	16	
18⅛	8⅞	SmithAO .80	73	37	15¼	14⅞	15¼+	⅜
41¼	28⅛	SmithInt .52	9	73	38⅝	37¼	38⅛+	⅜
78⅞	58½	Smithkline 2	17	240	77⅜	76⅞	77¼+	⅛
19⅝	13	SmithTr .50	6	3	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
20	15⅛	Smucker .80	7	2	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛+	⅛
1½	11	SolaBas .80	8	5	18	17⅞	18	
6½	2⅞	Sonesta Inf	9	2	3	2⅞	3	
10⅛	8⅝	SonyCp .02e	28	348	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞+	⅛
35⅝	27⅝	SooLin 2.45e	6	2	31⅞	31⅝	31⅞+	¼
18⅛	15⅛	SCarEG 1.52	9	71	18⅛	17⅞	18—	⅛
17⅛	14⅛	SoJerIn 1.56	7	8	17⅛	16⅞	17	
13⅛	9⅝	Soutdwn .60	6	5	12½	12	12	
14⅝	9¼	SoestBk .40b	18	x39	10⅛	10¼	10¼+	⅛
7	5	SoeasPS .89t	8	1	5¾	5¾	5¾	
22⅝	18⅛	SoCalE 1.68	7	164	22⅝	22⅛	22¼	
16⅛	13⅛	SouthCo 1.40	8	613	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	
38½	31¼	SoInGE 2.48	8	13	37⅞	37⅜	37⅞+	¼
58¼	48¼	SoNRes 1.85	7	194	52⅝	51½	52½+	⅜
39¼	32⅞	SoNwEnTl 3	9	11	38⅛	38	38⅛—	¼
48½	43¼	SoNE pf 3.2		1	47	47	47—	1⅛
38⅛	30	SouPac 2.24	8	65	35	34⅝	34⅝	¼
62⅝	50⅝	SouRy 2.32	10	99	58	58	58¼—	⅛
6⅛	5½	SouRy pf .50		6	6⅛	6	6—	¼
38⅛	27½	SoUnCo 1.76	9	2	37	36⅞	36⅞—	⅛
26⅛	21	Southind .50	12	15	24⅛	24¼	24⅛—	¼
74⅛	40⅝	SouRoyl 1.20	14	37	65	64⅜	64⅜—	⅛
24¼	20⅝	SwstBnksh .96	9	5	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛—	⅛
13⅛	6⅛	SwstFor .20	13	89	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞+	⅛
25⅛	16⅛	SwtFl pf1.50		1	21¼	21¼	21¼	
13⅝	11⅛	SwPbSv .98	8	103	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
14⅛	11⅛	SprlnFd	6	7	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛+	⅛
16⅛	10	SperryHut 1	8	5	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝+	⅛
51⅜	38⅝	SperryR .92	11	521	47⅞	46½	47+	⅝
15	6⅝	Sprague El		21	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	⅛
15¼	10¼	SpringM .75	9	13	11⅝	11½	11½	
29⅝	20⅜	SquarD 1.10	16	122	27⅛	26⅝	27⅛+	¼
38⅝	28⅛	Squibb .90	14	61	33¼	33	33	
31⅞	19⅞	StaleyMfg 1	5	21	21⅝	21⅜	21⅝	
24⅛	21⅝	StPoor 1.92a		26	24	23⅝	23⅞+	⅛
40⅝	32⅝	StBrand 1.28	13	88	33½	32⅝	33—	⅝
49⅝	36⅜	StBPaint .40	20	135	38	37⅝	38—	⅛
39⅛	29⅛	StdOilCl 2.20	8	538	37⅝	37⅛	37⅛	
54⅝	40⅝	StdOilInd 2.30	9	418	54⅝	53⅝	54⅝+	¼
79⅝	61½	StOilOh 1.36	20	288	68⅞	67⅝	68⅞+	⅞
9⅝	6⅛	StdPress .40		195	7⅜	6⅞	6⅞—	1
7	5¼	StdPrud .66	12	5	6⅛	6	6⅛—	⅛
17⅝	9¼	Standex .75	7	9	17⅝	17	17	
33⅝	21	StanWk 1.12	9	44	28⅝	28	28¼+	⅛
10⅛	6⅝	Stanray .40	10	15	10	9⅞	10	
21⅝	16⅛	Starrett 1.12	7	7	21⅝	21½	21½—	⅛
2⅝	1⅝	StaMut Inv		3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
12	10⅞	StaMSe 1.05		14	11⅞	11⅜	11⅞+	⅛
48⅛	41½	StaufChm 1.44	9	66	45⅝	45¼	45¼—	¼
21	15⅛	SterDrug .70	11	373	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
6½	4⅛	SterlPrs .11t	6	16	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝—	⅛
16	11⅝	Sterndnt .40	6	4	11⅞	11¾	11¾—	⅛
26⅝	17⅜	StevenJ 1.20	5	26	19⅝	18⅞	19	
34⅛	23⅝	StewWa 1.96	8	1	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞—	⅛
26⅞	1¼	StokVC 1.20	8	31	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛—	⅛
63⅝	48⅛	StoneW 2.50	6	6	50⅞	50½	50⅞	
15⅝	12⅛	Stone Con.56	5	4	14¼	14¼	14¼	
21	15	StopShop 1	4	9	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝+	⅛
13½	9	StorTec .67t	8	24	11⅛	10⅞	11	
31½	15⅞	StorerBdg 1	10	25	29⅞	29¼	29½—	¼
15⅝	10⅛	StridRite .80	7	2	13	13	13—	⅛
44⅛	37¼	StuWor 1.32	5	147	44⅛	43⅝	43⅝—	¼
49½	30½	StW pfA 1.40		5	49	49	49	
6½	3⅞	SuaveShoe .03e	5	23	4⅛	4½	4⅝—	⅛
20⅝	14⅛	SubPrG 1.08	7	4	17⅞	17⅛	17⅞+	⅛
25⅛	11¼	SunChm .40	7	2	22⅝	22⅜	22⅜—	¼
39⅝	36⅞	SunCo 1.48	6	30	36⅞	36½	36⅝—	⅛
42⅛	31½	SunCo pf2.25		335	38⅞	38⅝	38⅝—	⅛
28¼	20⅛	Sunbeam 1.08	10	35	25¼	25	25⅛+	½
37⅛	17	Sundstrnd 1	9	54	33⅝	32⅝	33¼+	½
51⅜	35⅝	Sunds pf3.50		13	50¼	49⅛	49⅛—	1
13⅝	9⅝	SunshMg .18j	17	21	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
19⅝	17⅛	SuperVal .66	9	82	18⅛	18¼	18⅛+	⅛
204⅛	148	SuprOil 1.80	17	10	198	196½	196⅝—	1⅛
7⅛	5⅛	SupmkG .24	5	43	6	5⅞	5⅞	
40⅛	14	Superscpe	8	28	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛—	⅛
6½	4	Sutro Mtg		28	6⅛	6	6⅛+	⅛
19⅝	10⅝	Swank 1	8	139	19⅛	17⅝	18⅛+	1½
22⅛	16¼	Sybron .84	9	54	21	20½	20⅝+	⅛
42⅛	33½	Sybrn pf2.40		2	38¼	37⅞	37⅞	
7⅞	4½	Systron Don		2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
		T						
16¼	12½	Ticor 1	13	66	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛+	⅛
11⅞	6⅝	TRE Corp		719	8½	8	8⅛—	⅜
38⅛	26⅝	TRWIn 1.40	10	153	35⅝	35½	35½—	⅛
78	58	TRW pf 4.50		1	73¼	73¼	73¼—	½
32½	23¼	TaftBrd .80	9	1	28¼	28¼	28¼+	¼
11	6⅝	Talley .60	5	11	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	
12⅝	8⅞	TalleypfB 1		8	11½	11½	11½	
20	15½	TampEl 1.12	9	297	19¾	19½	19⅝	
47⅞	26⅛	Tandy Corp	9	336	32¼	31⅝	32¼—	⅛
21⅛	13½	Tandycrft	7	16	16¼	16⅛	16¼	
12¼	5⅞	Tappan .20	21	172	7⅝	7½	7⅝—	⅛
49⅝	18	Technicr .15	19	162	47⅜	45⅞	46⅞+	⅝
7	4⅛	Technicolr		23	4⅝	4½	4⅝+	⅛
19⅝	9⅝	Technicon	12	26	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛+	⅜
67⅝	44¼	Tektronx .24	64	31	61	61	61+	⅜
10⅛	5⅛	Telecor .30	7	5	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝—	⅛
80½	22⅛	Teledn 1.45t	8	65	72	70⅞	71¼+	⅝
115	62	Teledyn pf 6		3	110	110	110—	1½
11¼	5⅝	Teleprmpt		82	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝+	⅛
4⅝	1⅝	Telex Cp	11	43	3	3	3+	⅛
34⅜	26	Tenneco 1.88	8	421	34⅜	34¼	34⅜	
127	97½	Tennc pf5.50		1	126¾	126¾	126¾	
18⅛	13⅝	TesoroPet 1	6	134	15⅛	14⅞	15	
31⅞	25⅞	Tesor pf 2.16		86	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞	
28⅝	23⅝	Texaco 2	8	1831	27⅝	27½	27⅝+	⅛
43½	34½	TexComm 1	12	3	38⅝	38⅛	38⅝+	¼
39⅝	2½	TexEastn 1.85	8	359	39	37⅞	39+	1⅜
26⅝	24⅜	TxET pf 2.40		8	26⅛	26½	26⅝+	⅛
30¼	27¼	TxET pf 2.87		22	29⅜	29½	29⅜	
45⅝	29	TexGasTr 2	8	65	43	42⅞	43	
15⅝	11⅞	Texasind 1b	11	2	14	14	14	
129⅞	93⅛	TexInst 1	31	366	110¾	109⅝	110⅛—	⅛
8¼	5⅛	Texas Intl	14	139	6⅝	6¼	6¼+	⅛
24⅝	13¼	TexOGs .22a	9	51	21⅛	20⅞	20⅞	
22¼	17	TexUtil 1.32	10	439	20⅝	20⅜	20⅜—	¼
37⅝	2	Texsgif 1.20	11	29	34⅝	34¼	34⅝+	⅛
9⅝	3⅛	Texfl Ind		7	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
31⅝	20⅛	Textron 1.20	10	194	29⅞	28⅞	29+	¼
37¼	26⅛	Textr pf 2.08		19	33	32⅞	33+	⅜
28⅝	19½	Textr pf 1.40		47	26⅝	26	26⅝+	1¼
19⅝	12⅛	Thiokol .84	6	13	17⅛	17¼	17¼	
43	33	ThomBet .88	20	19	39⅝	39⅛	39¼—	⅜
13½	7⅝	Thomln .40b	9	3	9	9	9	
13⅞	7⅞	ThomJW .50	8	3	13¼	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
9⅝	6⅛	ThriftDg .40	10	16	7⅝	7¼	7¼	
40	28½	TidwatM .80	6	12	35⅝	35⅜	35⅞+	⅜
19½	13¼	Tigerlnf .40	8	764	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛—	⅜
69½	57⅛	Timeinc 2.30	12	8	65⅝	65½	65⅝—	⅛
23¼	18¼	TimeMir .60	12	28	21	20⅞	20⅞	
59⅝	36¼	Timkn 2.20a	10	68	55½	55¼	55½	
15⅝	9½	Tish Rlty		5	14½	14⅛	14½	
6½	4⅛	TobinP .15e		1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
14	7½	Todd Shipyd		1	8½	8½	8½	
25¼	22⅞	TolEdis 2.12	8	58	25	24⅞	24⅞—	⅛
19¼	10½	ToncaCp .48	4	94	12⅛	11½	11½—	½
8¼	6⅛	ToolRol .40b	9	x11	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
14⅛	4⅝	Tracor .20	9	7	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝+	⅛
28⅝	19½	TraneCo 1.0	8	178	26¼	25⅞	25⅞—	⅜
35⅜	29	TranUn 1.76	12	64	34	33⅞	33⅞+	⅛
15⅝	7½	TransW Air		125	10⅛	10⅝	10⅝	
13½	¼	Transam .62	10	241	13⅛	12⅞	13	
97½	65	Trans pf4.50		1	94½	94½	94½—	3
23⅛	20⅛	Traninc 1.92		42	22⅝	22⅜	22½—	⅛
15⅝	8½	Transco .80	7	338	15⅝	15⅛	15⅜+	⅛
13⅝	8	Transcn .45	9	3	11⅝	11⅞	11⅞—	⅛
12	6⅛	TranOhF .20	5	5	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
26¼	16⅝	Tranwy 1.40	7	29	20⅛	19⅞	20⅛+	⅛
37¼	25	Travlrs 1.08	12	652	35½	34⅝	35⅛+	⅛
44	32¼	Travelr pf 2		1	41	41	41	
21⅝	18½	TriCon 1.52e		50	20¼	20	20¼	
2½	1⅛	TriSou Mtge		9	1⅜	1¼	1¼—	⅛
15½	10⅞	Triaind .90	25	5	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
20⅞	15⅛	Trinitylnd .56	5	25	19⅞	19½	19⅞+	⅛
30½	24⅛	Tropican .30	16	18	25⅝	25¼	25¼—	¼
14⅝	11½	TucsonG 1.08	9	79	14⅛	13⅞	14—	⅛
15	8⅛	TwenCen .50	11	12	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	

(Continued on next page.)

Toronto Stocks

Closing Prices Sept. 14, 1976

Quotations in Canadian funds. Quotations in cents unless marked $

Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
…bby Glen	$6½	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
…bitibi	$12¼	12	12—	⅛
…nico E	330	320	320	—25
…rs Ind A	$6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
…ra Gas A	$13⅞	13⅝	13⅝—	⅜
…lgo Cent	$12	11⅝	11⅝+	⅛
…minex	$6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
…dres W	$8⅝	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
…co A	$13⅝	13⅝	13⅝+	⅛
…P Can	$9⅛	9	9	—AEA
…ank N S	$43	42⅝	42⅝	
…ock Bros	455	450	450	
…vis Cor	82	82	82	— 3
…raior Res	335	335	335	—10
…rameda	112	111	111	
…renda M	$8⅛	7⅞	8—	⅛
…ldger	$6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
…CFP	$23	23	23	
…C Phone	$13⅛	12⅞	13⅛—	⅛
…runswk	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝+	⅛
…dd Auto	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
…rns Fds	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
…d Frv	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
…al Pow A	$30⅝	30⅛	30⅛	
…amflo	$7	6⅝	6⅝—	⅜
…ampau A	420	420	420	
…Nor West	$8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
…an Perm	$15⅝	15⅝	15⅝+	⅛
…an Trust A	$20	20	20	
…Tung	470	470	470	
1260 C Cablesy	$17¼	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛
1600 Cdn Cel	$6⅝	6½	6½—	⅛
1490 Cl Bk Com	$27¼	27⅛	27¼+	⅛
5247 Cdn Tire A	$44⅝	44½	44½—	¼
700 C Utilies	$12⅞	12⅝	12⅝+	⅛
280 Canbra	365	365	365	+10
550 Cassiar	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
2170 Celanese	405	400	400	—10
2700 Chieftan D	510	9⅝	9⅝	
2025 C Holiday	350	350	350	
3800 Con Bldg	282	280	280	+ 5
500 Con Distrb	360	350	350	— 5
1120 Cons Gas	$13	12⅞	12⅞—	⅛
1623 Con Fardy	380	375	375	— 5
1300 Conwest	340	335	335	— 5
1000 Craigml	$6⅝	6⅛	6⅝+	⅛
650 Crush Intl	$8	8	8—	⅛
1425 Cyprus	$10½	10¼	10½+	⅛
267 Denison	$43⅝	43½	43½—	⅜
1979 Dickman	295	281	282	—23
10783 Dofasco A	$27⅝	27¼	27½	
5450 Dom Store	$15¼	14⅝	15¼+	⅜
1750 D Textile A	$8⅝	8⅛	8⅛—	⅛
525 Du Pont	$14⅝	14½	14⅝+	⅛
1000 Dylex L A	$6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
500 East Mal	130	130	130	— 2
505 Electro A	415	415	415	—10
200 Emco	$7	7	7	
3000 Falcon C	$7⅝	7½	7½—	⅛
1017 Falcon	$42⅝	42⅛	42⅝	
700 Fed Ind A	$5	5	5	
200 Fed Pion	$25	25	25	
460 Francana	$6⅝	6⅛	6⅛—	⅜
7155 Gnt Mascl	105	105	105	— 3
5625 Gibraltar	$7	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
2400 Granduc	116	112	115	— 5
1050 Gt Oil Sds	$5	485	5	+20
675 GL Paper	$31	31	31	
100 Gt W Life	$51⅛	51⅛	51⅛+	⅛
419 Greyhnd	$18	18	18	
670 Guar Trst	$5⅝	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
2100 Hambro C	290	285	285	— 5
100 H Group A	415	415	415	
300 Hard Crp A	$5⅝	5½	5½—	⅛
2200 Hawker S	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
625 Hayes D A	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝+	⅛
1137 gh bay Co	$17½	17	17	
2732 IAC	$17½	17⅜	17½	
1800 Indusmin	$9	9	9+	⅛
1655 Inland Gas	$9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
1200 Int Mogul	265	265	265	+13
8160 Int Pipe A	$15½	15⅜	15½+	⅛
7200 Inv Grp A	$6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
750 Jannock	$7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
2100 Kaiser Re	$14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
5262 Kaps Tran	78	73	73	— 2
100 Kelsey H	$11⅛	11⅛	11⅛—	½
2702 Kerr A A	$12¼	11⅝	12—	⅜
2100 Koffler A	485	475	485	
12320 Labatt A	$16⅛	16⅛	16⅛+	⅛
400 Lab Min	$35½	35⅛	35½	
1226 Lacana	345	335	335	—10
4300 LOnt Cem	380	375	380	— 5
683 LL Lac	145	145	145	— 7
872 Lob Co A	375	365	365	15
25 Lob Co B	390	390	390	+25
300 Loeb M	290	290	290	
1100 MICC	$9½	9⅛	9½	
6582 MB Ltd	$22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	
1747 Maigmi A	$18⅝	18⅝	18⅛—	⅛
100 McGraw H	435	435	435	—25
700 Mel Stor A	$13	13	13	
23500 Moore	$35⅝	35	35⅝—	⅛
200 Nabrs Dig	$12	12	12+	⅛
300 Nat Trust	$15¼	15⅛	15⅛—	⅛
4481 Noranda A	$36⅛	35⅝	36—	⅛
6445 Norcen	$13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	
1840 Nowsco W	$19⅝	19	19—	⅛
1720 OSF Ind	330	315	320	—10
770 Orchan A	300	295	300	
7800 Oshawa A	375	370	375	
5600 Pamour A	255	250	255	+ 5
600 PanCan P	$23½	23⅛	23½	
7 Patino N V	$13¼	13⅛	13¼—	⅛
900 Pembin A	350	350	350	
30 Petrofina	$16⅛	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
450 Pine Point	$29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	
800 Pitts C	$5	5	5	
2400 Placer	$27¼	27¼	27¼—	⅜
716 Redpath A	$24	24	24—	½
2317 Reed Dstr A	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
100 Reichhold	$22½	22½	22½+	⅛
8550 Revnu Prp	70	69	70	
110 Rothman	$14⅝	14⅝	14⅝—	⅛
11082 Shell Can	$15⅝	15⅝	15⅝+	⅛
3960 Sherritt A	$7⅛	7	7⅛	
1850 Siebens	$13	13	13	
9099 Simpsons	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
810 Simpson S	$9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
140 Southm A	$22½	22½	22½	
200 St Brodcst	$8⅝	8½	8½—	⅛
12225 Stelco A	$26⅝	26½	26⅝+	⅛
1800 Teck Cor A	400	400	400	
40 Teck Cor B	305	300	300	—15
275 Tex Can	$24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
2300 Thom N A	$13	12⅞	13—	⅛
49528 Tor Dm Bk	$20	19⅝	20+	⅛
520 Tor Star B	$15⅛	15⅛	15⅛+	⅛
3009 Traders A	$13⅝	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
1350 Trns Mt A	$9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
27957 TrCan PL	$12⅝	[illegible]	12⅝	
400 Un Carbld	$22	22	22—	⅛
10100 gugas A	$9	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
75 Union Oil	$8⅛	8	8⅛+	⅛
800 U Keno	$7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
8750 U Siscoe	$6⅛	6	6⅛+	⅛
300 Van Der	260	260	260	
300 Vestgron	$14⅝	14⅝	14⅝+	⅛
700 Voyager P	$14⅝	14½	14⅝+	⅛
332 Walkwod	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
300 Walbarne	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
1285 gwest Mine	445	445	445	— 5
100 Westnhse	$21½	21½	21½+	½
630 Weston	$14	13⅝	14—	⅛
250 Woodwd A	$18⅝	18⅝	18⅝—	⅛
1720 Yk Bear	263	263	263	+ 1
1300 Yukon C	185	185	185	+ 9

Total sales 1,535,974 shares

Selected Over-the-Counter Stocks

Closing Prices Sept. 15, 1976

…YORK (AP) — The following list of selected National Securities Assn. over-the-counter Bank, Insurance & Industrial…

Stock	Bid	Ask
…S	4½	5½
–	7	7⅝
–	1⅛	1⅜
…W	6⅝	6⅝
…i	2⅞	2½
–	6⅝	7⅝
…c	10⅝	11⅝
…h	22	22⅝
…ac	7⅝	8⅝
–	1⅝	1½
–	40⅝	41⅝
–	9⅝	9⅝
…n	2⅛	2⅝
…ef	9	9⅝
–	8⅝	9⅝
…ey	20	20⅛
…id	10⅛	11½
…v	1⅛	2
–	5⅝	5⅝
…B	28⅝	29⅛
…y	1⅝	1⅞
–	24½	25¼
…of	12¼	13
…Lt	14⅛	14½
–	3⅛	4⅛
…ly	13⅝	14
…ill	6⅛	6⅝
…F	17⅛	18
…tk	8⅛	8⅝
…F	5	5⅝
…b	35½	36⅛
–	8	8½
…n	32	34
–	1	1⅝
…ils	28⅝	21⅝
…nt	3	3⅛
–	7	7½
–	7⅝	8⅛
…a	15⅝	16½
–	4	4½
…M	4⅞	5⅝
…In	8⅛	8⅛
…m	4	4½
–	30½	32
…Ch	3½	3⅝
…H	2	2⅝
…sl	4⅝	4⅛
…Air	2½	2½
…c	2	3
–	3⅛	3⅜
…PS	14⅝	15⅛
…se	10	11
…Jt	16⅝	11⅛
…ds	67	69
…Co	6	6⅝
–	11½	122½
…F	4½	5⅛
…A	34⅝	35⅛
…B	38⅛	38⅝
…Mf	28	29
…p	6½	7
…anf	½	1⅛
…Ir	10⅝	11½
…h	20½	22
…Pa	28⅝	29⅛
…p	27⅛	28⅛
…o	8½	9⅛
…Co	16½	17¼
Cutlr Fed	2⅛	3
Danly M	7	8
Data Dgn	5⅝	6⅛
Data 100	8⅝	8⅝
Dayt Inc	2	29½
Decor In	2	2½
DeKlb Ag	33¾	34¾
Delhi Oil	4⅝	4⅞
DeLux C	22⅝	23½
Del CamT	11⅝	12⅛
Del IntBr	29⅛	30⅛
Dewey El	1	1½
Diam Cry	13½	14⅛
Dbn Cro	17⅛	18
Doculel	5⅝	6½
Dollar G	8⅝	9⅝
Dorch G	9	9⅝
Doyle DB	13⅛	14⅛
Dunkin D	5½	5⅝
Durlron	14½	15
Eberln In	3	3½
ElPas El	11	11⅝
Econ Lab	24½	25
Elba Syst	1½	2
Elder Be	6½	7⅛
Elec Nucl	6½	7⅛
Elec Mod	1⅝	2⅛
Energy C	20½	21¼
Entwistl	4	4⅝
Equty Oil	25	25½
Ethan Al	19⅛	20
Fab Tek	¾	1⅛
FidUn Lf	22⅝	22⅞
Fingrht	4⅝	5⅛
1stBk Sy	40⅝	41½
Fst Bosl	20⅝	21
1stEmp S	6	6⅝
1stWn F	2	2⅛
Fickngr	11⅝	12⅛
Fla WatU	⅜	¾
Forest O	17⅛	17⅝
Frmlgll	⅜	⅝
Fotomat	11⅝	12¼
Frkln Cp	5½	5⅝
Frnkln El	9⅝	10⅛
Frnd Ice	18⅛	19
Gen RIEs	3⅛	4⅛
G Relnsu	184	188
Gov EFin	9½	10⅛
Graph Cn	15	15⅝
Green Mt	11⅝	12⅛
Grey Adv	12½	13⅛
Gulf Intst	14¼	14⅝
Gyrodn	2⅞	3⅛
Harper R	8⅝	9
Henred F	16½	17¼
Hartf NC	11⅝	12⅛
Halobm	1½	1⅞
Hoover	12½	13
Horiz Res	1	2
Huds Pap	23½	24½
Hyatt Cp	6⅛	6⅝
Hyatt Int	4	4½
Ind Nuclr	3⅝	4⅛
Infra Ind	1⅝	2⅛
Intel Cp	64½	66
Interc En	7⅛	8⅝
Intrmk In	2⅝	3⅛
Intrmt G	14¼	14⅝
InBk Wsh	3⅝	4
IaSou Ut	23⅝	24¼
Jamsby	13½	14⅛
Jiffy Fds	⅝	1⅛
Joslyn M	14⅝	15½
Kaisr Stl	40	41
KaisStl pf	17⅝	18¼
Kalvar	2⅛	2½
Kaman A	20⅝	21½
Kamps A	6⅝	6⅞
Kate Grs	½	⅝
Kaysam	2⅝	3⅛
Kear Tr	7⅝	8⅛
Kelly Svc	17⅝	18½
Keuff Ess	12½	13½
Kaye Flb	14⅛	14⅝
Kev CusF	6½	7
Keys Int	20⅝	21½
King Int	1⅛	1½
Knap Vog	14½	15½
Lance In	20	20⅝
Land Res	1⅛	1½
Lane Co	19⅛	20⅛
Lie Bcast	15⅝	16
Log Elrn	3	3⅝
Madisn G	14⅛	14⅝
Mal Rlty	11-16	⅝
Mallkrt	38	39
Manor C	4⅛	4⅝
Maul LP	10⅝	11⅛
McCor	36⅛	37¼
McQuay	16⅛	17½
Measur	13	13½
Medtrn	23¼	24
Merld In	1⅛	2
Mdisx W	15⅝	16½
Midld Ca	2⅜	3
Midl Bks	19	20
Midw Gt	14	15
Millipr	22⅝	23½
Miner In	⅛	⅝
Minn Gas	21⅛	21⅝
MissVl G	14⅛	15⅛
Monf Col	4⅝	4½
Moore S	13⅝	14¼
Moore P	7½	8½
Mor Res	1⅝	1⅞
Mostek	20⅝	21
Motch M	4¼	5¼
Mot Club	2⅝	2⅞
Mueller	13⅝	14⅛
Narag Cp	8	⅝
Nat G&O	11¼	12
Nat Lib	5	5⅝
N SecRsh	4⅛	4⅝
Natnw Rl	3⅝	4⅛
NJNat G	18½	14⅛
Nielsn A	19⅝	20⅛
Nielsn B	19⅞	201
NoCar Gs	11⅝	12
NoEOl un	26⅝	27½
Nortrp Kl	12⅛	12⅝
NW NatG	9⅝	9½
NW PuSv	18⅛	18⅝
Noxel Cp	14⅝	15⅝
Oglivy M	26¼	27
Ohio Ferr	18	19
Ormont	7⅝	8¼
Otter TP	20½	21
Over NA	4⅝	5⅛
Pabst Br	24¼	24⅝
PacGa R	25½	26¼
Pakco	¾	1½
Parks H	3⅝	3⅞
Pauley P	5½	6⅛
Pearl Mf	12¼	13¼
Pa Enter	16⅝	17⅝
PnzlOff B	15⅝	15⅝
Pepsi BW	11	11½
Petrsn H	11⅝	12½
Petrolit	35½	37½
Pettibon	21	22
Pledmt A	4⅛	4⅝
Pinkrtn	34	34¼
Pion HiB	18½	19
Pistilln	2½	3½
Possis Cp	1	1½
Prosrp	1⅝	2¼
PubS NC	11⅝	11⅝
P Bennet	18⅝	19½
PutD Cop	6	6¼
Qual Inns	2	2⅝
Regan Pr	1⅝	1⅞
Rabali C	6½	7
Raych Cp	115	120
Raymnd	13	14
Recog Eq	7½	7⅞
Road Ex	43⅝	44½
Robin M	17½	18½
Roseion	4	4½
Rouse	5⅛	5½
Rus Stov	15	15⅝
Sadller	2	2½
Scan Dat	1⅝	2⅛
Scrlpps H	28⅝	30½
Seis Dell	1⅝	2⅛
Seneca F	3	3½
Seven U	36½	37⅛
Shaw Cp	20⅝	21½
Snap Tls	33	34
SolidSt Sc	9½	10½
S CalWat	13	13⅝
SwGs Cp	10¼	10⅝
SwEl Sv	15⅝	16½
Standyn	21½	21⅝
Std Regis	15⅛	16½
Stan HPd	15⅝	16⅛
Sterlg Str	4⅛	5
Strawb Cl	26	27½
Super El	5½	5⅝
TIME DC	4½	4⅝
Tampax	33¼	34¼
Taylr Wl	18⅝	19⅝
Tech Pub	11½	12½
Tecum P	42½	44½
Tennant	25	27
Tffny Co	8⅝	8⅝
ToscoCp	4½	4⅝
Transo O	11⅝	12¼
Trico Pd	32¼	33¼
Trlm DG	2½	2⅞
Tymshr	25⅝	26⅛
Un McGll	10	11
Tyson F	14¼	14¼
US Surg	9⅝	10⅛
US TrkLn	14⅝	15⅛
UVa Bks	16⅛	16⅝
UpPen P	19⅛	20
Valley Gs	10	10⅛
VanD Alr	9⅛	10
Vance S	4	4½
Velcro	6⅞	7⅛
Ventron	42	44
VaN Bnk	16½	17½
Wads Pu	3⅛	3⅝
Wah NG	12⅝	13⅛
Webb Re	7½	8¼
Weco Dvl	3	3⅛
Weight W	7½	7⅝
Weldtrn	1⅛	2½
Welling M	6⅝	6⅞
Well Gar	4½	5¼
Welsbch	3⅛	4
Wsin Mtg	1 3-16	1½
Westmd	56	56⅛
Wdwrd L	23	27½
Wright W	4⅛	4½
ZionUt B	21½	22½

Montreal Stocks

Quotations in Canadian funds. Quotations in cents unless marked $.

Stock		High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
2981 Bank Mont	$	15⅞	15⅛	15⅞	
3100 Basic Res	$	9⅝	9⅛	9½	
150 Cdn Int Pow	$	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝—	
525 Canron	$	23⅛	22¼	22¼—	⅛
201 Con Bath	$	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝+	⅛
300 Fncl Col		181	181	181	—4
1040 Gaz Metro	$	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
550 Imasco	$	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛+	⅛
400 MLW-Wrth	$	10	10	10	
300 Molson A	$	17⅛	17	17—	⅛
900 Mont Trust	$	10¼	10¼	10¼—	⅜
202 Price Co	$	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
1569 Royal Bank	$	29½	29⅛	29½	
6690 Roy Trust A	$	19	18⅝	19+	⅛
300 Steinberg A	$	15½	15½	15½	

Total sales 342,800 shares.

Swiss Trade Deficit

BERN, Sept. 15 (Reuters).— Switzerland had a trade deficit of 325 million francs in August following a surplus of 83 million francs in July and a 142 million francs deficit in August last year, the Federal Customs Office said. This is the first monthly trade deficit since March this year.

These notes having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only

NEW ISSUE — September, 1976

Leumi International Investments N.V.

US $30,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1981

Principal and Interest Unconditionally and Irrevocably Guaranteed by

Bank Leumi le-Israel B.M.

New Issue
September 16, 1976

All of these bonds having been placed, this announcement appears for purposes of record only.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

Washington, D. C.

DM 250,000,000

7¾% Deutsche Mark Bonds of 1976, due 1983

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT — WORLD BANK

Interest: 7¾% p.a., payable on October 1 of each year
Redemption: on October 1, 1983 at par
Listing: at all German Stock Exchanges
Issue Price: 100%

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft
also for
Berliner Disconto Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft
also for
Bank für Handel und Industrie Aktiengesellschaft

Allgemeine Deutsche Credit-Anstalt
Badische Kommunale Landesbank – Girozentrale –
Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale
Berliner Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Bankhaus Gebrüder Bethmann
Richard Daus & Co. Bankiers vormals Hans W. Petersen
Deutsche Girozentrale – Deutsche Kommunalbank –
Conrad Hinrich Donner
Hamburgische Landesbank – Girozentrale –
Hardy-Sloman Bank GmbH
von der Heydt-Kersten & Söhne
Landesbank Saar – Girozentrale –
B. Metzler seel. Sohn & Co.
Oldenburgische Landesbank Aktiengesellschaft
Gebr. Röchling Bank
Schröder, Münchmeyer, Hengst & Co.
J. H. Stein
M. M. Warburg-Brinckmann, Wirtz & Co.
Württembergische Bank

Bankhaus H. Aufhäuser
Bank für Gemeinwirtschaft Aktiengesellschaft
Bayerische Vereinsbank
Berliner Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft
Bremer Landesbank
Delbrück & Co.
Deutsche Länderbank Aktiengesellschaft
Effectenbank-Warburg Aktiengesellschaft
Handelsbank Heilbronn AG
Georg Hauck & Sohn
Bankhaus Hermann Lampe Kommanditgesellschaft
Landesbank Schleswig-Holstein Girozentrale
National-Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Sal. Oppenheim jr. & Cie.
Saarländische Kreditbank Aktiengesellschaft
Schwäbische Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Trinkaus & Burkhardt
Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Badische Bank
Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank
Joh. Berenberg, Gossler & Co.
Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank
Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft
DG Bank Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank
Deutsche Unionbank G.m.b.H.
Hallbaum, Maier & Co.
Handels- und Privatbank Aktiengesellschaft
Hessische Landesbank – Girozentrale –
Landesbank Rheinland-Pfalz – Girozentrale –
Merck, Finck & Co.
Norddeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale
Reuschel & Co.
Karl Schmidt Bankgeschäft
Simonbank Aktiengesellschaft
Vereins- und Westbank Aktiengesellschaft
Westfalenbank Aktiengesellschaft
Württembergische Kommunale Landesbank Girozentrale

NYSE Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Sept. 15

(Continued from preceding page.)

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev Close
17⅝	11½	TycoLab .20	10	40	14½	14¼	14⅜—	⅛
21⅛	16	Tyler Corp.50	6	10	18⅞	18¾	18¾	

U

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev Close
25⅞	21⅛	UALInc .60		26	25⅛	24⅞	25 —	⅛
29½	21¼	UAL pf .40		2	24½	24½	24½—	½
16⅝	13½	UGICp 1.40	7	2	16½	16¼	16½+	¼
29¾	27	UGI pf 2.75		z100	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛—	⅛
15⅝	10⅝	UMCInd 1	8	4	13¼	13¼	13¼—	⅛
5⅛	⅞	UMET Tr		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
15⅝	10	UOP .10e		28	13⅝	13⅜	13½	
35⅝	19⅝	UVInd 1.48	4	29	31½	30⅝	31½+	¾
11¾	7⅝	Unarco .60	5	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝+	⅛
10⅝	8½	UnBancp .84	10	26	10¼	10	10⅛	
67⅞	59⅝	UCamp 1.60	13	45	64¼	63¾	64 —	¼
76¾	60⅝	UnCarb 2.50	10	145	64¾	63¾	63½—	1¼
9⅝	6⅛	Un Commrc		4	6¾	6¾	6¾	
10⅝	4⅝	Union Corp	30	47	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞—	¼
15⅞	12½	UnElec 1.36	8	16	15⅝	XFD	15¾	
29⅝	26¼	UnEl pf 2.72		9	28⅞	28¾	28⅞+	⅜
6	3⅝	Un Fidelity	6	5	3¾	3⅝	3¾	
55⅝	40⅞	UnOCal 2.10	7	78	51¼	51	51⅛—	¼
71	52½	UOCa pf2.50		5	65⅞	65½	65⅞+	⅛
93	76	UPacCp 2.80	10	119	87¾	86¼	87	
16¼	13⅝	UnPac pf .47		10	15¼	15⅛	15⅛—	⅜
2⅜	1⅜	Uniona Inc		13	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜—	⅛
10½	7⅜	Uniroyal .50	18	38	8⅞	8⅜	8⅞	
82¾	71	Uniryal pf 8		z70	80	79½	80 +	1
11¼	5⅛	Unit Brands	7	13	⅜	8⅛	8⅛—	⅛
12	6⅝	UnBrnd pfA		2	11	11	11	
9½	7¼	UnitCp .97e		10	9½	9⅛	9½	
24⅝	14	UnEnRes 1.32	4	32	21⅞	21¾	21⅞	⅛
11⅝	5¼	UFinCal 24	7	42	10¾	10⅜	10⅜—	⅛
10¼	7¼	Un Guarnty	19		10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
25½	22⅝	Ulllum 2.32	7	15	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛—	⅛
20⅝	9⅝	Unitlnd .60	8	54	20⅞	20⅛	20⅜—	¼
12½	6⅞	Unitln pf .42		5	12¼	12¼	12¼	
12¼	9¼	UJerBk 1.04	7	3	11½	11½	11½	
18⅛	11½	UnitMM .80		824	12⅝	11¾	12⅛+	⅜
41⅝	15⅝	Un Nuclr	15	141	34¾	33⅞	34⅛+	1⅜
19	15	USFoS 1.11e		23	16½	16¼	16½	
47⅝	32½	USFldG 2.48	13	252	45½	44⅝	45⅛+	¼
25⅝	16¼	USGyps 1.60	11	57	22⅝	22	22¼+	¼
28⅜	22½	USGy pf 1.80		4	25⅞	25¼	25⅞—	⅜
10⅛	5¼	USHom .16	10	36	6⅝	6¼	6¼—	⅛
7¼	3¾	USInd .20	11	75	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	
12¼	6⅞	USLeasg .32	5	8	9¾	9⅝	9¾	
3⅝	1⅞	US Rltylnv		8	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
28½	19⅝	USShoe 1.05		29	25⅝	25⅜	25⅜—	⅛
57½	47½	US Steel 2.20	9	514	49	48½	48⅝—	⅜
23⅞	19⅝	USTobac 1	11	50	22	21½	22 +	½
37½	30⅝	UnTech 1.20	7	267	33⅛	32½	33 +	¼
168½	113½	UnTech pf 8		27	150	149	150 +	2
109	104	UnTech pf7.32		26	106	105¼	105¼—	1½
17½	14	UniTel 1.20	10	127	17¼	17	17⅛—	⅛
2⅜	1½	UniTel wt		28	1½	1½	1½	
22½	18¼	UnTl 2pf1.50		2	21½	21½	21½	
9⅝	4½	Unitrod .10e	9	36	6½	6⅜	6½	⅛
15⅝	9½	Univar .56	5	13	11	10⅞	11 —	¼
25⅞	16½	UnLeaf 1.32	6	2	24⅜	24¼	24¼—	⅛
48½	37⅛	Upjohn .96	17	92	44	43⅝	43¾—	⅛
15¼	11¾	USLIFE .36	6	83	13½	13⅜	13½—	⅛
11⅝	9⅞	UslifeF .96a		19	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜+	⅛
63	46¾	Utahlnt 1a	12	88	58	56⅞	58 +	¾
37½	27⅝	UtahPL 2.80	8	29	36⅛	35⅜	35⅞—	¼
32⅜	29⅞	UtPL pf 2.80		8	32¼	32	32	

V

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev Close
28¾	19	VFCp 1.10	7	18	19½	19⅜	19½	
20½	11½	VSICorp .68	7	16	18¾	18½	18½—	¼
9⅛	6½	ValleyIn .40	4	16	6¾	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
17¼	12	Varian .20	12	52	14¼	13⅞	14 —	¼
13¼	4¾	Varo Inc	5	31	9⅜	9⅛	9¼—	⅛
6⅝	3¼	Vendo Co		18	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜+	⅛
7	3½	Venice .30	6	4	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝+	⅛
14¼	12½	VestSe 1.31e		8	14	13⅞	13⅞	
31	16½	Velco .10e	6	128	16½	16⅛	16½	
11⅞	7½	Viacom Int	10	49	9	8⅝	9 +	¼
8	3⅞	Victor Comp		27	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	
15⅞	12¼	VaEPw 1.24	9	742	15¼	14⅞	15⅛	
46	41½	VaEP pf4.20		z60	45¾	45¼	45¼+	1¼
56½	49	VaEP pf 5		z20	54	54	54	
30¾	27⅞	VaEP pf2.95		17	30⅜	30¼	30⅜	
81	72¾	VaEP pf7.45		z100	80	80	80 +	1
6⅝	4⅝	Vornado Inc	5	11	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝+	⅛
27⅞	18¾	Vulcan Mtr 1	11	28	26⅞	26⅜	26⅞+	⅜

W

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev Close
23	18¾	Wachova .50	10	1	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞—	⅛
5⅛	2¾	Wach Rlty		6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
17⅝	11½	WalMart .08	5	13	14⅛	14½	14⅜+	⅛
16¾	12¼	Walgreen 1	9	20	16½	16⅜	16⅜—	⅛
33⅝	28⅞	WlkrA 1.40a	9	10	30¾	30¾	30¾+	⅛
24⅞	18⅝	WallBus .60	9	22	21	20⅞	21 +	⅜
20	11½	WallMu	7	15	17½	17⅜	17⅜—	⅛
44¼	28¼	Walt Jim1.20	8	34	31⅝	31⅜	31½+	⅛
46	31½	WaltJ pf1.60		5	34	34	34	
10⅝	6½	WardFd .471	16	11	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
10½	6½	Warnaco .60f		15	7	6⅞	6⅞	
30½	16⅛	WarnS 1.20	15	2	25¾	25⅝	25⅝—	¼
25⅝	17½	WrnCom .60	6	60	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝+	⅛
10	6½	WrnerCo .50	3	2	8¼	8¼	8¼	
38½	29⅞	WarnerL 1	16	363	33¼	32¾	33¼+	⅛
20	18	WashGs 1.88	10	8	20	19⅞	19⅞	
17	10⅝	WashNat .80	6	x1	15½	15½	15½+	¼
37¼	25¼	WasN pf 2.50		x3	32	32	32 +	⅜
20	12¾	WashSfl 1	6	16	16½	16¼	16¼	
23¼	19½	WesWal 1.68	8	28	23¼	22⅞	23¼+	¼
9⅝	6⅝	WasteM .10e	10	592	10¼	10	10¼+	⅜
35⅞	14	WatkinJ .32	9	41	17⅛	16¾	17⅛+	¼
8⅛	4⅞	WayGos .48	7	6	7¼	7⅛	7⅛	
19⅞	14½	WayG pf1.60		1	19½	19½	19½—	⅜
7	4	Wean Unit		9	4½	4½	4½—	⅛
9½	5¼	Weathrd .40	7	2	8¼	8¼	8¼	
7⅝	3⅝	WebbDel E	10	51	6⅝	6	6½—	⅛
26¼	15⅝	WellsFrgo 1	6	115	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞+	⅛
8⅝	5⅜	WellFM .13e	23	25	7⅜	7¼	7⅜+	⅛
15⅝	10	WescoF .70	8	2	15⅜	15¼	15⅜+	¼
42⅜	33½	WstPtPep 2.40	7	4	35¼	35¼	35¼—	¼
12⅞	9¼	WnAirL .40a	14	121	10¼	10	10 —	⅜
25⅜	17¾	WnBnc 1.40	8	115	25⅛	25⅛	25⅝+	⅛
15½	11¾	WnNorA .40b	4	9	13¾	13⅜	13⅜	
14⅜	6	WnPac Ind	5	23	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜—	⅛
13⅜	10¾	WnPubl .80b	6	34	15⅜	15⅜	16⅜—	⅛
20¼	15¼	WUnion 1.40	10	267	20¼	20	20 —	¼
52⅞	44	WnUn pf4.60		1	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	⅛
26⅛	25	WnUn pf2.56		15	26	26	26	
18⅜	13	WestgEl .97	7	692	18	17⅝	17⅝+	⅛
47½	27½	Wstvco 1.65		80	39⅞	39⅜	39⅜—	¼
25¼	16⅝	Weybrg 1.36	5	1	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	
49⅜	37	Weyerhr .80	25	269	43⅛	42⅞	43	
65¾	55¼	Weyr pf 2.80		46	60½	60⅜	60½+	⅛
27¼	18	WheelFr .60	11	14	22⅜	22⅛	22⅜+	¼
23⅞	15⅝	WheelPl Stl		15	19	18⅜	18¾	
34¾	24¼	Whirlpol .80	13	532	24½	24¼	24½	
25½	18½	WhiteCons 1	6	53	24	23⅞	23⅞	
37	34¾	WhitC pfC 3		2	36¾	36¾	36¾	
9⅛	3¾	Whie Mo		77	6½	6½	6½	
37¾	14⅝	Whiting 1.30	6	16	30⅜	30¼	30¼	
6⅞	3	Whitaker	11	1534	6⅝	6¼	6½	
13⅞	9⅛	Wickes .25r		37	10¾	10⅜	10¾+	⅛
6¾	4	WiebdSt .32	6	6	6⅛	6	6 —	⅛
29	20	WillmsCos 1	8	2055	25¼	23⅞	24¾+	½
7½	5⅛	WilshrO .12e	8	49	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝+	⅛
41¾	36⅝	WinnDx 1.55	12	61	36¾	36⅝	36⅝	
54	48½	WinnDix B		3	48½	48¼	48¼—	¼
9⅞	5⅝	Winnebago	82	18	5⅞	5½	5⅝—	⅛
30¾	24¼	WiscElPw 2	10	85	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝—	⅛
93	84⅜	WisE pf 7.75		z50	91⅝	91⅜	91⅜+	⅜
19⅞	12	WisGas 1.70	10	194	18⅝	18	18¼+	⅛
28¼	25⅝	WisG pf 2.55		3	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	
20⅝	15⅝	WiscPL 1.60	9	49	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	
23¼	15⅝	WiscPS 1.46	9	132	20¼	19¾	20 +	⅛
29½	20½	Wlco 1.40	8	19	28	27½	27¾—	¼
21⅜	10	WlrD .60	4	10	14	13⅞	14	
6⅞	3⅞	WolvrW .10e	6	6	4½	4¼	4⅜	
12½	10⅝	Womeco .44	8	33	12⅝	12¼	12⅝+	⅛
13⅝	5½	WoodCp .10e	3	32	8½	8¼	8¼	
39⅛	13⅝	WoodPet .40	11	29	38	37⅝	37¾+	⅜
19⅞	15⅝	WoodPet wi		23	19	18⅞	18⅞—	⅛
27⅝	20¼	Wolwth 1.20	6	136	24⅜	23⅞	24 +	⅛
39¼	31¼	Wolw pf 2.20		3	35	35	35 +	½
6¾	4	World Airw	24	1	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞—	⅛
84	64⅝	Wrigly 2.40a	10	7	83	82¾	83 +	½
14⅞	5⅝	Wurlitzer .20	7	4	14	13⅞	13⅞	
11⅞	6⅝	Wylain .60	10	11	9⅛	9	9⅛+	⅛
6⅞	1⅛	Wyly Corp		72	1⅝	1½	1½—	⅛

X

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev Close
63⅞	48¾	XeroxCo 1.20	15	456	64⅜	63¾	64⅛+	¼
14	7½	Xtra Inc	20	17	13	12⅞	13 —	⅛

Y

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev Close
12⅝	6¼	Yates Ind	23	23	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝+	⅜

Z

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev Close
35¼	15	ZaleCorp .80	7	x6	16¾	16⅝	16⅝	
20¼	13	ZalepfA .80		x7	14	14	14 —	
15	11⅝	Zapata .30b	4	120	12⅛	12	12 —	⅛
9½	5⅝	Zayre Corp	6	10	6⅝	6½	6⅝+	⅛
43⅞	22⅝	ZenithRad 1	16	250	32	31¾	31⅞—	⅛
14⅝	9⅞	Zurnlnd .40	8	23	13⅛	13	13 —	⅛

Sales figures are unofficial.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. i—Declared or pid after stock dividend or spli tup. j—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimaeld cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

x—Ex-dividend or ex-rights. y—Ex-dividend and sales in full z—Sales in full.

cld—Called. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. ww—With warrants. xw—Without warrants. xdis—Ex-distribution

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend areshown for the new stock only.

U.S. Commodity Prices

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were*

Commodity and unit	Wed.	Year ago
FOODS		
Cocoa Accra, lb	1.27½	Unq.
Coffee 4 Santos, lb	1.52*	88*
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½ yd	38	32
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.) ton	312.00	200.00
Iron 2 Fdry. Phila. ton	210.19	213.92
Steel scrap No 1 hvy Pitt	71-72	72-73
Lead spot, lb	24½-25	20
Copper elec. lb	74⅝	63⅝-65
Tin (Straits) lb	3.9065	3.23
Zinc. E St L. basis. lb	39-40	38½-39
Silver N.Y oz	4.200	4.40
Gold N Y oz	111.60	148.40
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec 31, 1931)	833.7	805.40

* Nominal

NEW YORK FUTURES
Sept. 15, 1976

SUGAR NO. 12 (50 tons)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
SUGAR NO. 1 (50 tons)					
Mar	11.25	11.25	11.25	11.25	11.35
May	11.70	11.70	11.70	n11.65	11.60
Oct	8.50	8.60	8.25	8.33	8.55
Jan	9.1	9.18	9.18	b9.00	n9.28
Mar	9.65	9.70	9.33	9.40	9.65
Jul	10.07	10.14	9.89	10.01	10.07
Sep	10.24	10.24	9.99	10.03	10.16
Oct	10.29	10.29	10.01	10.10	10.17

Sales: 4,263.

WOOL (6,000 lbs)
No Trades

COCOA (30,000 lbs)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	119.20	119.20	117.00	116.00s	119.80
Dec	114.00	114.65	111.35	111.40s	115.05
Mar	107.75	108.90	106.20	106.20s	109.15
May	104.00	105.00	102.60	102.60s	105.25
Jul	101.25	101.25	100.75	98.95s	101.45
Sep	96.75	97.60	95.75	95.35s	97.65
Dec	91.75	92.10	90.10	90.10s	92.00

Sales: 1,635.

COPPER (25,000 lbs)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	65.10	65.50	64.60	64.60s	64.90
Oct	64.90	65.80	64.60	64.60s	65.00
Dec	66.10	67.00	65.50	65.70s	66.10
Jan	66.60	67.30	66.00	66.20s	66.70
Mar	67.70	68.70	67.10	67.30s	67. 0
May	68.80	69.90	68.20	68.40s	68.90
Jul	69.90	70.70	69.40	69.40s	69.90
Sep	70.90	71.40	70.70	70.70s	70.90

Sales estimated 4,001.

MAINE POTATOES (50,000 lbs)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Nov	4.73	4.85	4.73	4.84	b4.77
Mar	5.50	5.59	5.50	5.58	5.54
Apr	5.93	6.00	5.89	5.98	5.96
May	7.54	7.60	7.54	7.60	7.60

Sales: 194.

N.Y. SILVER (5,000 troy oz)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	421.50	424.00	421.50	422.90s	417.80
Dec	424.00	428.50	422.50	420.50s	421.00
Jan	426.50	430.00	423.80	428.00s	422.40
Mar	430.50	433.60	428.00	432.10s	426.40
May	433.50	43 .00	433.00	436.20s	430.40
Jul	438.20	442.00	438.20	440.50s	434.40
Sep	443.50	455.50	443.00	445.10s	438.80
Dec	450.00	452.50	448.50	452.20s	445.70
Jan	452.00	455.00	451.00	454.60s	448.10

Sales: estimated 9,200.
s-Settling.

COTTON, NO. 2 (50,000 lbs).

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Oct	77.40	77.65	75.80	75.80	77.80
Dec	77.90	77.90	75.41	75.75	77.41
Mar	78.30	78.50	76.20	76.90	78.10
May	79.00	79.06	77.20	77.40	79.06
Jul	77.80	77.80	76.60	b76.50	77.80
Oct	70.00	70.30	69.75	69.75	69.60
Dec	67.25	67.45	66.75	67.00	66.61

Sales: 4,950.

ORANGE JUICE (15,000 lbs)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	49.80	50.00	49.80	b49.50	b49.90
Nov	50.60	50.70	50.60	b50.40	b50.60
Jan	51.80	52.45	51.75	51.75	51.80
Mar	53.50	53.65	53.40	b53.30	b53.40
Jul	56.25	56.25	56.00	55.90	b56.80

Sales: 100.
b-Bid.

GOLD (100 troy oz)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	111.50	113.20	111.50	112.20	110.70
Oct	110.70	113.30	110.70	112.20	110.70
Dec	110.50	114.00	110.80	112.30	110.80
Feb	110.90	114.10	110.60	112.80	111.30
Apr	111.70	115.10	111.10	113.50	112.00
Jun	112.00	115.90	112.00	114.30	112.80
Oct	115.30	117.10	115.30	116.90	114.40
Dec	114.50	118.10	114.50	117.70	115.20

Sales: 553.

CHICAGO FUTURES
Sept. 15, 1976

WHEAT (5,000 bu)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	3.09	3.12½	3.06	3.11	3.05¼
Dec	3.19	3.23¾	3.16	3.21½	3.16¾
Mar	3.30	3.35	3.28	3.35	3.28¾
May	3.37	3.41	3.34	3.41	3.35½
Jul	3.42	3.45	3.39	3.45	3.40

CORN (5,000 bu)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	2.88½	2.92	2.88½	2.90	2.89½
Dec	2.88½	2.90	2.87	2.89	2.88¼
Mar	2.97	2.98¼	2.95	2.97¾	2.96
May	3.01	3.03	3.00	3.02	3.00½
Jul	3.02	3.04½	3.01½	3.03¼	3.01¾
Sep	2.94½	2.96½	2.94	2.96½	2.94¼

SOYBEANS (5,000 bu)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	6.92	6.93	6.72	6.81	6.88½
Nov	6.98	7.03	6.76	6.83	6.96
Jan	7.03	7.06½	6.81½	6.89	7.01½
Mar	7.10	7.13	6.84½	6.93	7.04½
May	7.10	7.12	6.84½	6.97	7.04½
Jul	7.10	7.11	6.82½	6.91	7.01¼

SOYBEAN OIL (60,000 lbs)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	23.50	23.95	23.05	23.60	23.40
Oct	23.70	24.05	23.10	23.70	23.50
Dec	23.90	24.30	23.20	23.90	23.75
Jan	24.00	24.30	23.35	23.95	23.80
Mar	24.70	24.50	23.50	24.09	23.90
May	24.15	24.50	23.60	24.10	23.90
Jul	24.20	24.40	23.60	24.15	23.90

SOYBEAN MEAL (100 tons)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	186.50	188.50	183.50	185.50	185.50
Oct	188.50	190.00	184.00	185.50	187.50
Dec	191.50	192.50	186.00	189.00	189.50
Jan	192.50	193.50	187.00	188.50	190.50
Mar	195.00	195.00	188.00	190.00	191.50
May	195.50	195.50	189.10	190.50	192.00
Jul	195.00	195.50	188.80	190.50	192.00

SILVER (5,000 troy oz)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	—	—	—	424.00	419.00
Oct	424.00	428.00	422.00	425.00	420.00
Nov	425.00	427.00	423.50	426.00	421.00
Dec	424.50	429.00	422.50	426.00	421.00
Feb	428.50	432.00	426.00	429.00	423.00
Apr	431.00	435.00	429.00	433.00	427.50
Jun	436.00	439.00	433.50	437.00	432.00
Aug	440.00	443.00	438.30	442.00	436.00
Oct	446.00	447.00	444.00	446.50	440.00
Dec	450.00	452.00	448.00	451.00	444.50
Feb	455.00	456.50	453.00	456.00	450.00

LIVE BEEF CATTLE (40,000 lbs)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Oct	39.60	39.65	38.75	39.42	39.30
Dec	40.67	41.70	40.12	41.00	40.25
Feb	41.10	41.50	40.80	41.50	40.95
Apr	42.10	42.75	42.05	42.62	42.18
Jun	43.52	44.18	43.30	43.80	43.30
Aug	43.95	44.40	43.80	44.40	43.80
Oct	44.20	44.30	43.85	44.30	a43.95

Sales: Oct 4780; Dec 3618; Feb 1855; April 390; June 108; Aug 56; Oct 10.
Open Interest: Oct 11662; Dec 9991; Feb 7001; April 2233; June 1125; Aug 345; Oct 20.

LIVE HOGS (30,000 lbs)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Oct	37.20	37.27	36.62	37.00	37.10
Dec	35.25	35.62	34.95	35.42	35.15
Feb	34.90	35.30	34.57	35.05	34.80
Apr	34.65	34.85	34.30	34.50	34.55
Jun	37.50	37.58	37.00	37.45	b37.60
Jul	37.65	37.85	37.25	a37.75	37.70
Aug	36.25	36.50	36.00	b36.40	a36.40
Oct	35.00	35.25	34.75	35.00	a34.75
Dec	35.00	35.30	35.00	35.15	36.05

Sales: Oct 1561; Dec 1771; Feb 451; April 191; June 48; July 24; Aug 15; Oct 4; Dec 2.
Open Interest: Oct 2691; Dec 3329; Feb 1431; April 829; June 377; July 348; Aug 130; Oct 23; Dec 7.

SHELL EGGS (22,500 doz)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Sep	62.00	62. 5	62.00	62.60	61.60
Oct	59.50	60.20	59.40	59.55	a59.00
Nov	60.30	61.20	60.25	60.50	a60.30
Dec	60.40	61.40	60.00	60.35	60.25
Jan	59.00	59.80	58.75	58.75	59.00
Feb	56.00	57.80	56.00	57.80	n57.95

Sales: Sep 63; Oct 86; Nov 154; Dec 526; Jan 4; Feb 5.
Open Interest: Sep 424; Oct 645; Nov 970; Dec 1419 Jan 25; Feb 17.

PORK BELLIES (36,000 lbs)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Feb	55.50	56.10	54.62	55.60	54.85
Mar.	55.20	55.75	54.37	55.40	54.55
May	55.70	56.40	55.28	a56.20	55.40
Jul	55.50	56.30	55.05	56.25	a55.15
Aug	53.70	54.35	53.25	b54.20	53.45

Sales: Feb 4249; March 440; May 69; July 5; Aug 11.
Open Interest: Feb 3729; March 1 55; May 688; July 318; Aug 181.
b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal

London Commodities

Sept. 15, 1976

	High	Low	Close (Bid Asked)	Previ (Close)
SUGAR				
Oct	126	120.25	120.25-120.50	126
Dec	136.50	131	131 -131.25	135.90
Mar	143.75	139	139.15-139.25	141.90
May	147.25	143.10	143.15-143.50	145
Aug	152.50	148.50	149.25-149.45	149
Oct	157	153.70	153.55-153.75	153.30
Dec	159	157	155.50-156	158
Lots: 3,627.				
COCOA				
Sep	1555	1540	1533 -1537	1559
Dec	1502	1506	1526 -1526½	1544
Mar	1494	1460	1461 -1463	1484
May	1455	1421	1421 -1423	1443
Jul	1474	1395	1389 -1389½	1410
Sep	1362	1360	1351 -1355	1375
Dec	—	—	1298 -1300	1310
Lots: 4,705.				
COFFEE				
Sep	1664	1656	1655 -1675	1640
Nov	1644	1622	1634 -1636	1615
Jan	1620	1603	1615 -1616	1594
Mar	1605	1586	1599 -1601	1575
May	1601	1580	1598 -1599	1570
Jul	1599	1585	1590 -1592	1560
Sep	—	—	1584 -1590	1563
Lots: 1,782.				

London Metals Market

Sept. 15, 1976

	Today Bid Asked		Previous Bid Asked
Copper wire bars:			
spot	826	827	836
3 months	858	859	868
Cathodes: spot	814	815	823
3 months	845.50	846.50	855
Tin: spot	4,522	4,527	4,495
3 months	4,640	4,645	4,605
Lead: spot	273	274	269
3 months	284.50	285	280
Zinc: spot	408.50	409.50	403.50
3 months	425	425.25	420
Silver: spot	242.40	242.80	241.50
3 months	250.70	251	249.90

Paris Commodities

Sept. 15, 1976

	High	Low	Close (Bid Asked)
SUGAR			
Oct	1,480	1,435	1,435-1,465
Nov	—	—	1,400-—
Dec	1,450	1,420	1,395-1,408
Jan	1,390		1,380-1,490
Mar	1,465	1,395	1,395-1,397
May	1,470	1,375	1,390-1,395
Jul	—	—	1,395-—
Aug	—	—	1,395-—
Oct	—	—	1,350-—
Lots: 340.			
COCOA			
Sep	—	—	1,385-1,420
Dec	1,380	1,267	1,270-1,272
Mar	1,248	1,218	1,224-1,227
May	1,215		1,205-1,220
Jul	—	—	1,175-—
Sep	—	—	1,165-—
Lots: 65.			

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

Air France 9½-82	102¼	103¼
Ashland 8-87	96¼	97¼
Aust R D 9¼-80	102¾	103¾
Aust-Swiss 8-87	96	97
Bell Cdna 8¾-8?	101¼	102¼
BFCE 8¾-83	99½	100½
B N P 9½-81	103¾	104¾
Bras Can 9¾-82	102	103
British Gas 9-81	99¾	100¾
Broken Hill 10-90	104½	105½
Broken Hill 9½-81	103½	104½
Carrier 8-87	94½	95½
Charbonnages 8⅝-81	99½	100½
CNE 9¼-81	100½	101½
CN Rhône 10-80/8	103¾	104¾
Cons Food 7½-91	93¼	94¼
Conoco 8-86	100	101
Conf Tel 8¼-86	99	100
Cut Ham 8-87	95	96
Danmark 7½-90	86¼	87¼
Dow Corn 8½-86	103	104
Dupont 7½-79	101¼	102¼
EEC 8¼-82	98	98½
ECS 8⅝-87	100¾	101¾
ECS 9¼-86	101¼	102¼
EIB 9½-85	103	104
Erap 9¾-85	101¾	102¾
Esso 7½-78	101¾	102¾
Esso 8-86 Nov	100½	101½
Eurofima 8½-83	100	101
First Chic 7-80	96½	97½
Gen Mot 8¾-86	104	106
Gould 9¾-83	102½	103½
Gulf Westn 9¼-82	101	102
Haas 8¾-86	100¾	101¾
Home Oil 9½-86	101	102
I.D.B.J 9½-82	101¾	102¾
Intl Util 8¼-82	98½	99½
ISE Canada 9-82	101½	102½
Manitoba 8¾-83	101½	102½
Michelin 9¼-86	99¼	100¼
Modo 9½-83	101½	102½
Montreal 9¾-81	102½	103½
Montreal 9¼-83	100	101
Motorola 8-87	98	99
Nac Financ 10-81	102½	103½
NatWest 9-86	99	100
New Brunsw 9-83	101¾	102¾
N Zealand 9¼-82	102¾	103¾
N Zealand 8½-83	100¾	101¾
NrgKomBk 7½-87	91¼	92¼
Nornipes 9¼-86	100	101
NorskHyd 9¾-85	104	105
NorthAMR 7¾-79	99¾	100¾
Norway 9-80	102½	103½
Norway 8½-81	101¼	102¼
Occidental 9¾-83	101¾	102¾
Ontario 9-83	102	103
Oslo 9-88	99¾	100¾
Otis-Elev 8⅝-85	102½	103½
Pac Light 9¼-81	103¾	104¾
Pennwalt 8-87	97½	98½
QuebProv 8½-81	100¼	101¼
QuebProv 9-83	100½	101½
QuebProv 7½-88	92½	93½
Ralston 7½-87	96	97
ReadBates 9½-81	100¾	101¾
Sandvik 9½-86	101½	102½
S A S 8-85	94⅝	95⅝
Seagram 9-83	101½	102½
SFE 9-82	99¾	100¾
Shell 8-86	100¾	101¾
Shell 7½-87	95¼	96¼
SNCF 9¼-81	103	104
St Ind 8½-80	102¼	103¼
St Ind 8½-88	102¼	103¼
S Handels 9¼-86	100¾	101¾
Tenneco 7½-79	100	101
Tenneco 7¾-87	95¼	96¼
Textron 7¾-87	95	96
Transocean 8-86	100	101
Transocean 7½-87	96¼	97¼
Union Oil 7-79	99¾	100¾
Union Oil 7½-87	96	97
Utah 8-87	99	100
Volvo 9½-85	103	104
BroadHale 4¾-87	77	79
Carnation 4-88	84½	86½
Chevron 5-88	116	118
Chrysler 4¾-88	62½	64½
Chrysler 5-88	65½	67½
Cont Tel 5½-88	78	80
Cumm In 6¼-88	94	96
Dart Ind 4¾-87	84½	86½
EastKodak 4½-88	106	108
Econ Lab 4¾-87	78	80
Firestone 5-88	87	89
Ford 6-86	93	95
Ford 5-88	82½	84½
Gen Elec 4¼-87	88½	90½
Gen Food 4½-87	92	94
Gillette 4¾-82	84	86
Gillette 4¾-87	77½	79½
Gould 5-87	98	100
Gulf West 5-88	94½	96½
Honeywell 6-86	84½	86½
I.S.E. 6¼-89	87	89
ITT 4½-87	77½	79½
Komatsu 7¼-90	108¾	109¾
Matsushita 6¾-90	117	118½
Mitsui 7¼-90	104¾	105¾
McDerm 4¾-87	149	151
Morgan JP 4¼-87	106½	108½
Nabisco 5¼-88	94½	96½
Owens Ill 4½-87	99½	101½
Penney JC 4½-87	81½	83½
Phil Lamb 4¾-83	93	95
R.C.A 5-88	82	84
Revlon 4¾-83	127½	129½
Revlon 4⅞-87	110	112
Sperry 4¼-88	97½	99½
Squibb Intl 4¼-82	79	81
Texaco 4½-88	78½	80½
UnCarb 4¾-82	112½	114½
WarnLam 4½-87	90½	92½
WarnLam 4¼-88	84	86
Xerox 5-88	77½	79½

Convertible Bonds

Amexco 4¼-87	84	86
Ashland 5-88	82	84
Beatrice 6¼-91	115½	117½
Beatrice 4½-92	99½	101½
Borden 6⅝-91	111	113
Borden 5-92	100	102

Bondtrade—Index
(Basis Dec. 31, 1966=100)

	Med.	Long	Conv
Yesterday	100.78	92.34	106.56
Previous	100.78	92.35	106.79

European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

Amsterdam

AKZO	29.40
Albert Heijn	103
Algembank	290
Amrobank	65.90
A'dam	59.40
Fokker	30.60
Heineken	134.40
H V A	51
Holl-Am-H	81
Hoogovens	47
K.L.M.	115
Nff Nieder	78
Pakhoed	89
Philips new	27.50
Robeco	190
Rolinco	143.20
Royal Dutch	119.40
Unilever	114
Van Ommer	281
VerMach	95

Brussels

Arbed	3,025
Brux-Lamb	1,830
Co Ougrée	670
Electrobel	5,820
GB-Inno-BM	1,325
Hoboken	3,290
Pétrofina	4,465
Ph Gevaert	1,870
Soc. Génér.	2,170
Solvay	2,355
Un Minière	1,102

Frankfurt

AEG	89.50
BASF	157
Bayer	130
Commerzbk	177
Cont.Gumm	88.50
Daimler	345.50
Demag	155
DeutBank	291
DresdeBk	219.70
Hoechst	139
Gels Aktien	76.50
Hoesch	54.80
Karstd	385
Kaufhof	245.50
KHD	148
Lufthansa	98
Mannesmann	334
Metallgesell	232.50
Neckermann	87
RWE new	153.20
Schering	325.10
Siemens	277
Thyssen	118.30
Veba	122.90
Volkswagen	132.50

London

Anglo-Am	2.35
Anglo-Am cp	22
Barclay Bk	2.36
Beecham Gr	3.17
BICC	0.96
Boots	1.06
Bowater	1.64
Brit-Am Tob	2.46
Brit Oxyg	0.54½
Brit Pet	5.65
Burmah	0.33
CadburySc	0.41
Chartered	1.18
Courtaulds	1.12
Daggafont	—
DeBeer D	2.16
Decca Rec	1.94
Distillers	1.18
Dunlop	0.75
E Rustline	1.59
GEC	1.29
FreeStGeo	10.25
GKN	2.76
Glaxo Gr	3.28

Gold Fields, Gt Un St, Guinness, Hawker-Sidd, Hudson Bay, Imp Chem, Imps, Mark&Sper, MetalBox, Nichols, Plessey, Rand Mines, Rank Org, Royal Dutch, R T Z, Shell, Thorn (A), Tube Invest, Union Carb, Vickers, War L 3½, West Deep, West Drief, West Hold, West Mln, Woolworth, ZCI

Milan

Bastogi, Erba, Erc Marelli, Fiat, Finsider, Generali, IFI, Italgas, Italsider, LaRinas, Montedis, Olivetti, Pirelli, Snia Visc, Terni

Paris

Air Liquide, Allmentaire, BSN, Carrefour, Cim Lafarge, Citroën, Cie Bancaire, CFP, CGE, CCF, Ferodo, Imétal, L'Oréal, Mach Bull, Michelin, Moët-Henn, Moulinex, Paribas, PUK, Penarroya, Perrier, Peugeot, Rh Poulenc, Sacilor, St Gobain, Suez, Télémécan, Thomson, Usinor

Zurich

Alusuisse, Buerlhe, B Boveri, Ciba Geigy, Cr Suisse, Fischer, HofRochN, Nestlé, Sandoz, Sté B Suisse, Sulzer, U.B Suisse



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ALEXANDER FUND S.A.

Société Anonyme
Luxembourg, 37, rue Notre-Dame
R.C. Luxembourg B 7635

Notice of Meeting

Messrs. Shareholders are hereby convened to attend the Statutory General Meeting which is going to be held on October 5th, 1976 at 11.00 hours at the headoffice, with the following agenda:

Agenda

1. Submission of the reports of the Board of Directors and of the Statutory Auditor.
2. Approval of the Balance-Sheet and the Profit and Loss Statement and allocation of the results as at June 30th, 1976.
3. *Discharge of the Directors and of the Statutory Auditor.*
4. Receipt of and action on nomination for election of Directors and of the Statutory Auditor.
5. Proposal to discontinue publication of quarterly reports.
6. Miscellaneous.

There is no quorum requirement for the Annual General Meeting and the resolutions will be passed at a simple majority of the shares present or represented.

The Board of Directors

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

$13,500,000

Polestar Navigation S.A.

a corporation owned by
Mitsui O. S. K. Lines, Ltd. and Itaya Shosen K. K.

Seven Year Floating Rate Loan

Unconditionally Guaranteed as to Principal and Interest by

The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Limited

This financing was arranged by

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Asia — **Dow Banking Corporation**

and provided by

Dow Banking Corporation — **Bank Europaeischer Genossenschaftsbanken**
Handelsbank N.W./Zurich — **Republic National Bank of New York**
Trade Development Bank Overseas Inc. — **Western American Bank (Europe) Limited**
World Banking Corporation WOBACO Nassau — **Wozchod Commercial Bank Limited**

Agent Bank
Dow Banking Corporation

September 14, 1976

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

Amex Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Sept. 15

1976 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev Close
		A&EPlast P	5		7½	7½	7½	
		AARCp .30	7	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+⅛
		ASPRO .56	5	3	10½	10½	10½	+¼
		AVCCp .40	3	2	11	11	11	—⅛
		Acme Haml		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
		ActionCp	14	1	3	3	3	+⅛
		Adam Russl	8	6	3½	3½	3½	
		AdobeOil .16	16	7	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
		Aegis Corp	7	8	1½	1½	1½	
		Aeronca Inc		6	2	1⅞	1⅞	
		AffilCap .08f	8	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	⅛
		AfflHsp .24	6	10	8	7¾	7¾	—⅛
		AfterSix .20	5	2	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	+⅛
		Alaska Airl	2	8	5	5	5	—⅛
		Alcolac .15e	5	1	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	—⅛
		AllegCp wt		2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
		Alleghy Airl	21	19	5	4⅞	4⅞	
		AllegApfC 3		3	22½	22⅝	22⅝	—⅝
		AlldArt Ind		2	1	1	1	
		Alld Thrm.80	6	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	
		Alpha Ind	11	27	2	1⅞	2	+⅛
		Altec Corp		1	15-16	15-16		
		AltecCp wt		1	¼	¼	¼	
		AltecCrp pf		2	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	—⅛
		AMAX wt		37	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+⅛
		AmBiltrt .50	6	16	8	7⅝	8	⅜
		AmBusP .26	9	8	7¼	7¼	7¼	
		AGarPd .34		8	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	—⅛
		AMaizeA .40	4	18	9⅝	9½	9½	—⅛
		AmMot Inns		5	4	4	4	
		AmPetrof 2	6	3	29½	29½	29½	+¼
		APrecs .20a	5	5	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+¼
		ASalEq .11f	4	2	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
		AmSciE .04e	22	226	14⅞	14¼	14⅝	+½
		AmTec .10e		4	3¾	3¾	3¾	—⅛
		AmUtlS .69e		1	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	—⅛
		AMIC Corp	7	11	13	12⅞	13	+⅛
		AndreR .07f	9	10	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
		AngloC .12e	6	5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
		Anthony .19f	4	3	6⅝	6½	6½	—⅛
		Applid Data	7	3	3¼	3¼	3¼	—⅛
		ArizCL .10e	9	14	4	4	4	
		ArminCp .12	3	51	7	6⅞	7	+⅛
		Arundel		13	4⅝	4½	4½	—⅛
		Asamera .25	8	15	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	—⅛
		Astrex Inc.05e	7	6	3⅝	3½	3½	
		Atalanta	3	2	5½	5½	5½	—⅛
		Atco Ind		3	15-16	⅞	15-16	+1-16
		AtlRichf wt		8	¾	11-16	11-16	—1-16
		AtlasCM B	8	21	4⅛	4	4	
		AtlasCp wt		195	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+⅛
		Augatinc .15	15	153	13⅞	13¼	13⅝	—⅛
		Austral Oil	15	8	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜	+⅛
		AutoTrn .70f	8	12	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+⅛
		Auto Bldg	9	21	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
		Autmat Rad	3	5	5½	5⅜	5⅜	
		AutmSvc .15f	6	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
		AVEMC .16	5	7	3¼	3¼	3¼	
		Aydin Cp	8	35	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	
		B						
	6	BRTRlt wt		7	1-16	1-16	1-16	
	½	BTU Eng		7	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
		BadgrMt .50	8	1	8	8	8	
	⅛	BaldorEl .20	6	4	9½	9½	9½	
		BaldwS .32a		1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
	⅞	BanFd 1.15e		3	16¾	16¾	16¾	
	¼	BanisirCll .20e	6	9	9	8⅞	9	+⅛
	⅞	Banner .06	5	15	4½	4⅜	4⅜	—⅛
	⅞	Barnes Eng		6	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
	⅛	Barnwl .10e	26	12	7½	7	7½	
	¼	BarryR .06e	6	7	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
	⅜	BarryWr .44	6	13	7¾	7½	7½	—¼
	¼	Baruch Fost	13	14	1⅜	1½	1½	—⅛
	¼	Barwick ET		347	1¾	1½	1½	—⅛
		Bellind .08A	5	49	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	+⅛
	¾	BelsctR .06f	6	8	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
	16	BenStMg wt		6	¼	¼	¼	
	½	Benrus Crp	5	11	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+⅛
	½	Berg Ent		4	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	—⅛
	⅛	Berg Bruns	10	59	8	7⅞	7⅞	
		BrgB pf 1.15		8	15¼	15¼	15¼	+⅛
	½	BervenC .06	48	9	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
		BethCp .20e	91	3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
	⅜	Beverly Ent	13	17	2	1⅞	1⅞	—⅛
	¼	BicPen .36	9	2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+⅛
		BinkMf	1	6	14⅝	14½	14⅝	—⅛
	¼	BinnySm .80	7	3	17	17	17	
	½	Blessng .30	5	3	5	5	5	—⅛
	¾	BodinAp .40	7	6	5	5	5	+⅛
	½	BoltBer .20		5	8¼	8¼	8¼	⅛
		BowVall .10	110	105	23½	22⅞	23	—⅜
	¾	BradldN .20	9	1	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	+⅛
	½	BranitAr wt		4	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	—⅛
		BrascanA 1	5	39	11⅝	11½	11½	—⅛
	⅝	Breeze Corp		1	3	3	3	
		BrewerC .80		7	12½	12⅜	12½	
	¾	BrownCo wt		9	3¾	3¾	3⅝	—¼
	¼	BrnFA .60	9	2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+⅛
	⅝	BrnFB .60	9	7	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+⅝
		Buehler Cp	6	11	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
	⅜	Buellind .40b	5	2	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+⅛
		Bulldex Inc	5	1	3¼	3¼	3¼	—⅛
	⅞	Bundy 1.08	6	2	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	—⅛
	3	Burgess Ind	7	4	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
	¼	BuringFd .55e	5	13	12½	12¼	12½	+½
	⅛	Burnslnt .40	7	8	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+⅛
	⅛	Butlerlnt .50	5	7	10½	10⅛	10⅛	—⅛
		C						
	⅞	CKPet .20e	9	29	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	—¼
	⅛	CHCCp r	5	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+⅛
	2½	CMI Corp	5	15	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
	2⅛	CMTIa Inc	45	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
	6⅛	CRSDes .15	5	6	7½	7¼	7½	+¼
	6⅛	CSECp .52	7	2	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+⅛
	5⅝	Cablcom Gn	5	15	5⅝	5½	5½	—⅜
	2⅛	Caldor .25b	9	53	15⅝	15½	15⅝	+⅛
	3⅛	Calcomp		23	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	—⅛
	2½	CalLife	4	34	3⅛	2⅞	3	+⅛
	0⅝	CalPrtCm 1	8	8	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	
	5½	Camco Inc	8	2	6½	6½	6½	+⅛
	5-16	CaChbA .25e		27	3⅛	3	3⅛	
	8⅝	Campin .40b		1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	—¼
	3⅝	CdnExp .05e	10	63	4 7-16	4⅛	4 7-16	+1-16
	4⅝	Cdn Homstd	19	5	6	5⅞	6	
	6⅞	Cdn SuprOil	11	7	44½	44	44	
	1½	Capital Res		52	3¼	3¼	3¼	+⅛
	2⅛	CapitlFd .20	6	3	3½	3½	3½	
	7⅛	Carbon .80a	7	24	23⅝	22⅝	23⅛	+⅝
	5	Caressa .30	5	15	5⅝	5	5⅛	+⅛
	¼	Carnat 1.48	15	65	78⅞	78	78⅛	—1
	1⅞	CaroPlpl 1b	7	6	13½	13½	13½	+⅛
	3	CaroPLpf 5		z170	56	55⅞	56	+½
	2	Carrols Dev		8	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
	3⅛	CasFd 1.20a		12	17¼	17	17¼	
	7⅛	Castleton In	6	6	1½	1½	1½	+⅛
	8¼	Cavitro .10e	10	1	10¼	10¼	10¼	+⅛
	⅞	CelluCraft	6	3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
	4⅛	CentSec .40e		1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
	8⅞	CenM pf 2.25		14	21½	21⅝	21⅝	—⅛
	⅜	Certron Cp		1	¾	¾	¾	—1-16
	1¼	Cetec Corp	10	10	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
	3⅝	Champ Hom		137	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+⅛
	3½	Chartr Med	4	2	4	4	4	
	2½	Chem Exp	4	2	2½	2½	2½	
	8¼	Chiefin Dev	15	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+⅛
	11⅛	Child World	10	2	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	¼
	1¼	Christian Co	5	4	2½	2⅜	2½	+⅛
	1⅜	Cinerama		2	2⅛	2	2	
	5⅛	CircleK .32	8	25	8⅛	8	8	—⅛
	6⅛	Clarkson .20	6	2	8⅝	8½	8½	+⅛
	13⅝	Coachmn	7	20	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	—⅛
	2⅛	Coleman .52	9	10	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+¼
	2½	Colon Coml		51	4	3⅝	3⅝	—¼
	¼	ColwMtg wt		1	3-16	3-16	3-16	+1-16
	13	CombE .05r	10	33	17¾	17½	17¾	+¼
	11⅞	ComMtl .60b	6	2	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	—⅛
	5⅞	Comdrln wt		4	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	—¼
	6⅛	CoPsycC .20a	6	6	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	
	1⅛	CompuDyn	6	5	1⅝	1¼	1¼	
	1-16	Comput Inst		4	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
	6⅝	Conchem .40	5	2	10½	10½	10½	—¼
	4⅝	Concrd Fab	1	18	6	5⅝	5⅝	—¼
	5⅝	Condec Crp	3	15	8⅝	8¼	8¼	—⅜
	2⅝	Conroy .10e	7	3	4	4	4	+⅛
	6¼	ConOil Gas	6	14	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
	3½	Consyne Cp	14	23	9½	9¼	9½	+¼
	⅝	Cont Mater	14	17	1	1	1	
	¼	ConfTel wt		25	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
	5⅛	CookEl .40	14	20	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	—⅛
	14½	CookInd .40	4	182	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	+⅜
	2½	Cordon Intl	14	24	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+⅛
	6⅝	Cornelius .40	6	2	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
	19¼	CorrBlk 1.20	10	4	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	
	13	CoxCbl Com	18	4	17	16¾	16¾	—¼
	3⅝	CramrE .13f	25	2	4½	4½	4½	
	30	CrossAT 1	11	9	33	32⅝	33	+⅜
	4	Crownln .20		12	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+⅛
	5¼	CrutcR .36	14	31	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
	7⅝	CrystlO .40e		34	11¼	11	11⅛	
	6⅝	CubicCp .28	6	6	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛	—⅛
	1½	Curtis Math.10e	10	51	4⅝	4½	4⅝	—¼
		D						
15-16	⅜	DCL Inc	4	5	⅝	⅝	⅝	
4⅛	3½	DWG Cp .50f	4	20	3½	3⅜	3½	
8	3⅝	Damson Oil	28	15	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
20⅛	12⅝	Daniel .18b	8	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+¼
43½	25	Data Dcumt	5	2	31¼	31	31	—⅛
14⅝	4⅝	Dataprod	10	66	12⅝	12½	12⅝	—⅛
8½	5½	DayMin .10e	18	10	6½	6⅜	6⅜	—⅛
2⅝	1⅛	DeRose Ind		2	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
15⅝	9⅛	DelLabs .32	7	8	14⅝	14¼	14¼	—¼
1⅛	7-16	DeltaCp Am		10	⅝	⅝	⅝	+1-16
10⅞	7	DenTal Ez	10	2	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝	—⅛
8½	3⅜	DevCp A	9	9	5¼	5⅛	5¼	—⅛
7¼	3⅝	Dieold VC		7	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
8⅝	3½	Digicon Inc	9	4	4½	4½	4½	
20	15⅝	DillardSt .40	6	22	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+⅜
1⅞	11-16	Diodes Inc		8	⅞	⅞	⅞	—1-16
16	11½	Diversey .56	8	9	14	13⅝	13⅝	
10½	6⅝	Dixilyn .40e	4	9	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜	
11⅞	8⅞	Downey .13a	5	6	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞	
18⅝	16	DrexUtl 1.32		2	17½	17½	17½	+⅛
14	9⅝	DrgFair .40	5	8	12⅛	12	12⅛	
1 13-16	1 5-16	Dunlop .05e	5	1	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16	—⅛
9⅝	5⅝	DurTst .25	9	4	7½	7½	7½	—⅛
6⅝	2½	Dynictn .05e	9	42	4	3⅝	3⅞	
8½	3⅝	DynAer	6	31	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
11¼	6⅝	DynellEl	21	13	8⅛	8	8⅛	+¼
		E						
3⅝	1⅜	EAC In	5	1	2½	2½	2½	
14⅝	10⅝	ELT .87e	11	11	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+¼
2¼	1	Eagle Cloth		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
19⅛	13⅛	EarthRes .1	7	11	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	—⅛
37½	30⅞	EasonO .10r	19	7	36⅞	35⅞	36⅞	+⅛
40⅞	22½	Edgiton .50r	9	9	40	40	40	
4⅛	1⅜	Edos Cp		1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
9½	4⅞	EnrnhPh .20a	6	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	+⅛
9⅛	4⅝	ElcorCh .10	8	13	7	6⅞	7	
7	4⅝	ElHose .20r	11	2	5¼	5¼	5¼	+⅛
12⅝	8⅛	ElecEng .24	6	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	—
18⅝	12⅝	ElectrnicA 1	9	1	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	+⅛
9⅝	6½	EmslEC .60	5	4	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	—⅛
6⅝	4⅞	Espey Mfg	13	21	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
11⅝	4⅛	EsqRad .30e	5	5	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+⅛
8⅞	6⅜	EssexCh .28	5	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	+⅛
12⅛	7½	EvanAr .10r	9	28	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	—⅛
7⅝	3⅞	Execuln .27f	16	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
		F						
5½	2	FDIInc .01e	68	14	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—¼
3	1⅛	FairTex Mil		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
5⅛	2⅝	Fairfld No		1	2⅝	2⅝	2	⅝
25⅛	20⅝	FalconS .60	7	53	24½	23⅞	24⅞	
8⅝	4⅝	FaDolr .16	5	5	5	5	5	
13	8¼	FannyF .42f	5	5	12¼	12¼	12¼	+⅛
13	7⅝	FayDrg .10e	6	2	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+⅛
13⅝	11	fedRlty 1.24	11	11	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	+¼
6¼	4⅝	Fed Resrces		63	5	5	5	—⅛
9¼	5	Felsway .32	5	3	8¼	8⅛	8¼	
10¼	5⅛	Ffwy .51	6	18	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	¼
9⅝	5½	FinGen .36	8	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	+⅛
8½	5½	FtConn .20	7	15	6¼	5⅞	5⅞	—⅜
2⅝	1⅜	Flagg Ind		2	1⅛	1½	1½	—¼
8⅝	4⅞	Flavorland	4	4	5	5	5	
1⅞	11-16	Flock Ind		4	15-16	15-16	15-16	
3⅞	2⅝	FlaRck	13	2	3½	3½	3½	
16⅝	14⅛	FlukeJ	10	7	16¼	16	16¼	+⅛
20	13⅛	FlyDla .11	6	17	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+⅜
9⅝	7⅛	FooteM .25e	12	2	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+⅛
32	28	Foote pf 2.20		1	29½	29½	29½	
12⅝	8⅛	FoxStaP .50	8	1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	—⅛
3⅝	1⅝	Franklin Rl		2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
10⅝	6⅝	FrankNu .36	5	3	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
23¼	15⅛	Fresnillo .40	7	3	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	—⅛
5⅝	3½	Fried .24	6	5	5	5	5	
10½	6⅞	Frigtp .55f	5	24	7⅝	7½	7½	—⅛
17⅞	7¾	Frigitronic	18	71	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+⅛
3⅝	1⅜	FrontAir wt		50	2½	2⅜	2½	
		G						
8⅛	3⅝	GRICp .40		31	3⅝	3¼	3¼	—⅛
1½	1⅛	GSCEn .42c	11	6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
2⅛	⅝	GTI Corp		7	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
11⅞	5⅝	Gariel .30	6	2	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
3⅝	2⅛	Garcia Corp		1	2¼	2¼	2¼	+⅛
24⅝	18	Gearhrt .28	11	93	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	—⅛
2	1⅛	Genisco Tch	6	14	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
4⅝	1½	Geon Ind		3	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
6	2½	Gerer Scl		13	5⅝	5½	5½	—⅛
17⅞	14⅛	GiantFd .1a	5	6	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	—⅛
8⅝	3⅝	GiantYel .18f	27	21	4⅛	4	4⅛	—⅛
10⅝	2½	Gladding Cp		3	4	3⅞	3⅞	—⅛
33⅞	28⅞	Glatfltr 1.52	5	2	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	
13½	6⅝	GlenDls .23f	7	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+¼
15½	10⅞	Gleind .60	4	1	13	13	13	—⅛
16⅞	8	Golden Cycl	111	24	9	8⅞	9	+¼
12	4⅝	GoldnW .27e	6	3	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	—⅛
1⅜	⅝	Goldfield Cp		29	⅞	11-16	⅞	+1-16
8⅝	2⅝	Goodrich wt		21	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+⅛
9	6¼	GrandAu .20	6	2	7½	7½	7½	
12⅞	6	GrandCtl .45	7	9	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+⅛
5⅝	2⅝	GtAm Ind	3	10	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
4½	2⅝	GtBasin Pet		152	4⅛	4	4	—⅛
37⅝	25⅝	GtLkCh .24	14	6	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	—⅛
6⅛	2⅝	Greenman	5	12	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
9½	6⅛	GrowC .32b	9	43	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	+⅜
2½	1⅛	Gruen Ind	113	35	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
9⅝	4⅝	GuardCh .40b	8	4	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+⅜
34⅝	27	GifOilCan 1	8	1	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	—⅜
9½	4½	GullRep Fin.	4	6	8¼	7⅞	7⅞	—½
		H						
1⅜	¼	Halco Prod		1	⅞	⅞	⅞	—1-16
10¼	6⅝	HallsMot .50	5	15	9½	9½	9½	+⅛
4	2⅝	HanvrSq Rlt		5	3½	3½	3½	
21⅛	16⅝	Harland .48	10	23	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+¼
7⅝	3⅝	Hartfd Zdy		20	4	4	4	—⅛
14⅝	10	HartzM .15e	12	2	12	12	12	
1¼	⅜	Harvey Grp	63	2	⅝	⅝	⅝	—1-16
8½	3½	Hasbro Ind	6	1	8⅝	8	8⅝	+⅛
8½	6⅝	Hasting .40a	4	2	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	—¼
10⅝	5	Health Chm	13	23	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	+⅛
6⅝	3⅝	HealthM .30	4	12	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Helnick .05e	8	1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
2⅛	1	Helmn Mfg		8	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
15½	8¼	HerMal .72	4	3	13	13	13	
6⅝	3⅝	Hillhavn .32	5	2	6	5⅝	6	
13⅞	6⅝	Hipotronic .20	10	8	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
3¼	2	Holly Corp	4	8	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+⅛
20	16⅝	HormelG 1	8	3	19¼	19¼	19¼	—⅛
8⅛	5¼	HospM .60e	12	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
5-16	1-16	HospMtg wt		31	1-16	1-16	1-16	
14	11⅛	Hotelin 1.40	9	3	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	—⅛
7⅝	4⅝	HouseVI .32	8	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
11⅞	6⅛	HospMtr In	37	8	8⅝	8½	8½	⅛
66	32⅝	HouOilM .80	20	320	65⅝	64⅜	64⅞	+⅜
22⅛	14⅛	HowelC .40e	5	9	14	13⅞	13⅞	—⅛
37⅛	27½	HobellA 1.50	10	7	33⅝	33	33⅝	+⅝
5⅛	4	HuckMfg .20	11	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
11⅛	6	Huffman .40a	5	16	10⅝	10½	10⅝	¼
3⅝	2	HuntHlt .05r	4	4	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	—⅛
23⅛	17⅝	HuskyO .80	5	20	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+⅛
5⅝	3¼	Hycel Inc	16	52	3¼	3⅛	3¼	—⅛
		I						
10⅛	4¼	ICMR .50f		12	5	4⅞	5	+⅛
8¾	5⅛	IMCMg .20	6	2	6	6	6	
4⅞	3½	ISCFInl .30	18	11	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—⅛
1⅞	9-16	ITI Corp		5	9-16	9-16	9-16	
4⅛	1⅞	Imper Ind		10	2	1⅞	1⅞	—⅛
26⅝	20⅝	ImpOilA .80	11	56	21	20⅞	21	+⅛
201	8½	Incoterm A	12	39	12	11½	12	+⅜
47	41	IndplPL pf 4		z200	46	46	46	+½
2⅝	1⅛	Infl hl Svc	4	9	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
3⅛	1½	Inolex Corp		1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
2½	13-16	Instrum Sys		59	1	1	1	
6⅝	2⅜	Intrmedco	9	51	6¼	6¼	6¼	
12⅞	5¼	IntlAlum .50	9	1	11⅞	11⅞	11	—⅛
2½	1¼	Intl Banknot	9	35	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
23	14⅝	IntCour .24	11	5	15¼	15¼	15¼	
2⅝	1⅝	InFuneralS	5	31	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
11⅞	8	IntGenin .70	5	1	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	
7½	4⅝	IntSeaw .25e	3	2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
36	25⅝	IntSyCon .25	11	10	30⅛	29½	30⅛	+1
14⅝	9⅞	Interpool	9	4	14⅛	14	14	
12⅝	5	Interway Cp		44	12⅝	11¾	12½	+½
2½	1	Investm Fla		11	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
15⅝	9¼	InvDivers A	7	5	14¼	14¼	14¼	—⅛
3⅝	2⅝	InvDivers B	8	17	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
5⅝	3	InvestRlt Tr	1	3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
18	13	Ionics Inc	15	15	17⅝	17¼	17¼	—½
9⅝	6⅝	IroqBrd .16		6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+⅛
15¼	14	IroqBrnd pf		1	14	14	14	
6½	3⅝	IrvinInd .16f	4	12	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+⅛
		J - K						
10½	7¼	Jacobs .70e	5	5	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	—⅛
8½	4½	Jamswy .11f	4	4	7⅛	6⅝	7⅛	+¼
12⅛	10⅞	Jeannet	6	7	11⅛	10⅞	11	—⅜
5⅞	2	Jetronic Ind	4	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
20⅞	9⅝	JohnPd .30	8	4	10⅛	10	10⅛	+⅛
16⅝	8	Kaisrlnd .26		220	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	—¼
8⅞	4⅝	KaneMill wt		2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
7	4⅝	KapokT .20f	8	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
28½	12⅞	Kewalee .72	7	229	26⅝	25⅝	26⅛	+⅜
9	5⅝	Keystind .30	4	5	6¼	6	6	
2	1¼	KinArk Crp	8	5	1½	1⅜	1½	
9½	9½	KirbyE wd		1	9½	9½	9½	
41⅜	16	Kirbyln .26c	4	8	16⅛	16⅛	16¼	—¼
5⅝	1⅝	Kll Mfg	48	4	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
16⅝	13⅞	KnickToy	7	21	16⅝	15⅞	16½	
29⅝	18⅝	Kollmor .50	11	11	26	25⅞	26	—⅛
		L						
2⅛	⅜	LTVCorp wt		38	13-16	13-16	13-16	—1-16
4⅝	2½	LaBarge .06		4	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
6⅝	3⅝	LaMaur .20	7	2	4	4	4	
6½	5⅛	LaPoint .30e	10	1	6¼	6¼	6¼	
9⅞	5⅝	LaQuintaM	7	8	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	+¼
10⅛	7	LafyRad .36	7	9	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
4½	2⅛	Laneco .08e	5	6	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
2⅝	1⅛	LaTour Bck	12	3	2	2	2	
10⅝	6⅝	LeeRon .28a	6		8	7⅝	8	+⅜
11¼	8¼	LeathCo .40	7	5	8½	8½	8½	+⅛
17⅝	15	LEEEntr .52			16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	—⅛
5⅝	3	Lee Pharm		3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
4	1⅛	Leisure Tec		13	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
7⅝	5½	LewisBF .24	6	3	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	—⅛
10	5⅝	Liberty Fab	3	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
7¼	4	Lightolr .16	6	6	5½	5½	5½	
4⅝	2⅞	Lincoln Am	31	3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
11½	5⅝	Lloyds Elec	11	2	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	—⅛
3	1⅜	LodosS .08e	4	3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
8⅞	4⅝	LoewThe wt		9	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	—⅛
7⅛	1	Lynch Corp		5	3½	3½	3½	
3¼	1⅜	Lynwear		P	1½	1½	1½	
		M						
2⅞	1⅜	MDC Corp	15	1	2	2	2	
20⅝	14⅜	MPBCp .80	6	18	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝	+⅝
8⅝	7	MWA .40b	7	2	8	8	8	—⅛
1⅜	⅜	Macrod Ind		4	11-16	11-16	11-16	
9½	4½	Mngood .15f		6	5	5	5	—⅛
26⅝	18	MarkCtl .28	6	21	22½	22⅛	22½	+⅜
6	3⅝	Marshall Fd		1	5	5	5	
8½	4⅝	Marshal Ind	5	2	7¼	7¼	7¼	—⅛
33¼	19	MartPr .50e	6	6	21⅝	21⅝	20⅝	+⅛
10½	6⅝	Masind .40a	4	6	8	7⅞	7⅞	—⅛
7⅝	4	MaulBro .12	7	3	5⅝	5⅝	5½	
5⅛	2⅛	McCulO .24f	33	201	3⅛	3	3	
19½	13⅝	McDonh .80	5	1	18	18	18	
14	6⅞	Mcintsh .70	6	2	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
3	1⅛	McKeon Cn		20	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
6	5⅝	Medalst .40b	5	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+¼
2⅝	5-16	Medaln Grp		32	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
4⅝	1⅛	Medco Jwly	18	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
9⅝	5⅝	Medenco .12	6	12	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	—⅛
6⅝	2½	Medfield Cp	4	1	6	6	6	—⅛
19½	14⅛	MediaGn .40	8	9	16½	16½	16½	+⅛
37	7⅝	Megolnt .20	6	23	14	13⅝	14	+½
16⅝	11⅝	MEMCo 1	6	2	16	15	15	
3⅝	1⅛	Mich Gen	4	45	3⅛	2⅞	2⅞	—¼
14½	10⅛	MichSugar 1	4	11	10½	10¼	10¼	⅛
23⅝	12⅝	MilRoy .25	6	3	16⅝	16½	16½	
2½	⅝	Mission IT		6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
32½	17⅝	MoPfcR 1.30	6	4	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	
31	24⅝	MitchlE	8	29	30	29⅝	30	+⅛
6⅝	3½	MiteCp .16	7	7	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
22⅛	6⅝	Molycrp wt		13	19⅝	19	19⅝	+¼
51½	44	Mon pfC 4.50		z120	49½	48	49½	+1½
13⅝	8⅝	Moog .60		3	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	—⅛
5⅝	3⅝	MtgGth .44e		2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
7⅛	4⅝	MortonS .32	4	6	6½	6⅝	6½	+⅛
8⅝	4½	MovStar .38	5	1	7	7	7	—⅛
2⅝	1	Movielab	5	18	1¼	1¼	1¼	
		N						
7	3⅝	Napco .12e	7	9	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	—⅛
25	12⅛	Nat CSS .05e	10	3	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	
2¼	11-16	NatHlth Ent	8	6	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
2⅝	⅜	Natind wt		1	¾	¾	¾	—⅛
12	8	Nat Paragn.20	4	9	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	—⅛
13	7⅜	Nat Patent	61	45	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	—⅜
4⅛	2⅞	Nat Silver	8	2	3¼	3¼	3¼	
3½	1⅜	Nat System	6	15	2⅝	2½	2½	—⅛
2½	1⅛	NestLM .10a	4	2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	—⅛
34½	22¼	NENucl .40	10	4	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	
1⅛	½	New Idria.04e	9	10	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
26	15⅝	NMex Artz	63	1	21½	21½	21½	+⅛
16⅝	11⅛	NProc .80e	9	6	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	—⅛
19⅝	11½	NYTimes .60	12	5	13½	13⅛	13⅛	+⅛
24⅝	14	Newcor 1b	5	17	23½	22	23⅛	+⅞
4½	3⅛	NewparkRs	8	12	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
16¼	12½	NiagFSv .44	4	1	13	13	13	—⅛
10⅝	3⅛	Nolex Cp	34	14	4⅝	4	4½	—⅛
5⅝	2⅝	Noriek .04	7	3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
13-16	¼	NoAmMt wt		8	¼	¼	¼	
12⅝	8	NorAmR .10	9	62	12½	11⅝	12½	+⅝
9⅞	4 3-16	NorCdn Oils .2		6	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
12⅝	9⅞	NumacO Gs	17	14	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	—⅜
		O						
6⅝	3⅝	OEAInc .16	10	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
13⅝	6⅞	OakwdHom .03r	4	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
21	10½	Offshore Co	4	9	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	—⅛
39⅛	28⅝	OhioB 1.40a	3	1	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	
10⅝	7¼	OhSealy .40	6	5	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	—⅛
10⅝	4⅛	Oilaind .20e	6	2	7½	7½	7¼	—⅛
22½	14⅝	OnLine Sys	17	17	20⅛	19⅝	20	—¼
10½	4	OrioleHo .46f		6	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+⅛
19⅞	10⅝	OSullvn .50	6	7	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+⅛
7⅝	3¼	Outdr Sport	5	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
10	6⅝	OverhDr .50	8	37	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+¼
3⅝	2⅝	Overs Secur		3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+¼
2⅝	1⅛	Oxford Fst		19	1½	1½	1½	
4⅝	2⅝	OzarkA .05e	7	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
		P - Q						
3½	1⅜	P&F Indust		23	1⅞	1⅜	1⅞	+⅛
1⅜	⅝	PSAInc wt		4	¾	¾	¾	
18⅝	16⅛	PGE6pf 1.50		18	17	16⅝	17	
14⅝	12½	PGRd pf1.25		6	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+⅜
14⅝	12¼	PG 4.8pf1.20		3	14¼	13⅝	14⅛	+⅜
28⅝	26½	P 10.18pf2.54		60	29	28	29	+⅛
29½	26⅝	P 10.46pf2.62		65	29½	28½	28⅝	—⅜
13⅝	11⅛	PG 4.5pf1.12		157	13¼	13⅛	13¼	+⅛
29	24⅞	PG 9.4pf2.37		2	26¼	26¼	26¼	+⅛
24	21⅝	PG 8.2pf2.05		8	23	23	23	
23½	20⅝	PGE pf 2		254	23	22⅝	22⅞	+⅜
24	21⅛	PG 8.1pf2.04		13	23½	22⅞	23⅛	—⅛
11¼	4⅛	PHoldg .16		1	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	—⅛
50	44½	PacLt pf4.40		z10	47	47	47	—⅜
50	44	PacLt pf4.50		z330	50	50	50	
18	14½	PNwTel 1.32	9	3	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	—⅛
60	52	PacPLpf 5		z50	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	+1
33¼	22⅝	PallCorp .32	12	4	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	—⅛
2½	1⅝	Palomr Finl	24	5	2⅛	2⅛	2¼	
7½	4	Pandl Bradf	3	6	5	5	5	
3⅛	1⅜	ParkEl .10e		13	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
26¼	20½	ParsonsR .80	6	18	21⅝	20⅝	20⅝	
5	3¼	Patagonia		2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
7⅛	3⅝	PatoCG 1.40e	4	20	6⅝	6¼	6¼	
13⅞	9⅝	Paxall .60a	9	z1000	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	—⅛
2⅝	1½	PennDix wt		2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+⅛
32⅝	19	PenTr 1.20b	6	2	26½	26½	26½	—⅛
7	3⅝	PECp .48f	5	19	4⅝	4½	4½	—⅛
1½		Pentron Ind	5	2	1	1	1	
25½	17¼	PepBoys 1b	5	2	20¼	20¼	20¼	—⅛
15⅝	11	PepCom .60	3	15	13¼	13½	13⅝	—⅛
6⅝	4⅝	PerinlCp .30	3	33	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
8⅛	3⅝	Pertec Corp	7	55	7⅛	7	7	
13⅝	6¼	Pefro Lewis		6	10⅝	10½	10⅝	+⅜
8¼	5⅝	PhilLD .34e	4	5	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
4⅝	3	Phoenix Stl		17	3	3	3	
11¼	7½	PicNPay .20	7	4	9	9	9	
2½	11-16	Pioneer Sys		13	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+⅛
8⅝	6	PionTex .80	3	7	7¼	7¼	7¼	—⅛
42½	31½	Pittway .90	10	1	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	—⅛
26¼	18⅞	PlacrDv .80	25	6	21⅜	21¼	21¼	—⅞
11½	7	Plant Ind		7	9	8⅞	8⅞	—⅛
25⅝	15⅝	Plantrnc .12	16	21	25½	25⅛	25⅛	—⅜
4½	2⅝	PlyGem .51f	9	7	4⅛	4	4⅛	
7⅝	5⅝	Polychr .29f	8	1	6½	6½	6½	—⅛
8¼	3½	Prairie Oil	14	11	7⅝	7½	7⅝	+⅛
14¼	10	PrattLmb 1	6	7	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+⅜
6	4½	PrattRd .20	6	4	5	4⅞	5	+⅛
26¼	19⅝	PrenHa 1.12	12	2	24	24	24	
20⅝	6	Presley Cos	13	45	10⅝	10¼	10⅛	+⅛
5⅝	2¼	PrimMt .12f		10	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
10⅞	8⅝	PrpCT 1.19e	9	10	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	—⅛
9⅝	8¼	ProvGas .80	8	4	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	—⅛
2½	1¼	PrdRIE .15e		1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
5	3⅝	PrudBdg .24	5	7	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
4⅝	2¼	Prud Group		6	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+¼
54	45	⅝PSCol pf4.25		z500	54	51½	54	+3
6⅞	2¼	Pulte Hmes	12	94	7	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
5	2⅝	PuntaGrd ls	8	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
7⅝	4½	Purepac Lb.03e	11	2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	—⅛
6⅞	5	Quebcor Inc	6	1	5½	5½	5½	
		R						
8⅛	5¼	RB Ind	6	1	6	6	6	
2⅝	1¼	REDM Cp	7	3	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
2½	1⅜	RSC Indusl	9	7	1⅜	1⅝	1⅝	+⅛
10⅝	5	RLC Corp	5	32	9	8⅞	9	—⅛
5⅝	3½	Racon .20a	6	8	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
17⅝	7⅛	RaganB .15e	5	7	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+⅛
22¼	13½	Ranchrs Ex	27	7	18⅝	18½	18½	+⅛
19⅝	12½	RangrO Can	53	10	15½	15½	15½	—⅛
25	13⅝	RaymPr .40	30	5	22	22⅛	22½	
2½	1¼	Reading Ind		1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
18	14⅛	RealEsl 1.40	13	9	15⅝	15½	15⅝	—¼
9	5½	RitlncT .75e		15	8⅝	8½	8⅝	—¼
3⅝	2⅝	Redlaw Ent	24	18	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	—⅛
2⅝	1¼	Reeves Telc		26	2½	2½	2½	
1⅞	⅝	RelGrp wt		13	1½	1½	1½	
2⅞	⅜	Rep Housng		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
1⅛	⅜	RepMlln wt		5	⅛	⅛	⅛	
18⅝	13¼	ReschCtl .08	13	32	15⅝	15⅝	15¼	
24¼	14	Resistfix .50	7	6	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞	
9⅛	2	ResrtsIntl A	11	77	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
9⅝	2⅝	ResrtsIntl B	13	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+⅜
2⅞	1	RestAssoc		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
2½	⅞	Rex Noreco		5	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
5¼	2⅝	RibletProd	9	3	4	3⅞	4	
3⅛	1⅜	Richford In		3	2¼	2¼	2¼	—⅛
7⅛	3⅝	Richton .18e	3	10	5⅝	5½	5⅝	
18	10½	Riley Co	8	8	16	15⅝	16	+⅛
21¼	6½	RisdonM .36	12	42	18⅝	18½	18½	
29⅝	17⅝	Robintech		18	22⅞	22⅝	22⅞	
4⅞	2¼	Roblin Ind	5	10	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
15⅛	¼	Rogers Corp		1	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	
3⅝	1⅜	Ronco Telep	5	12	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
4½	2½	Rossmor Cp		40	4	4	4	
5	3	Ruddick Cp.12e	5	17	4½	4½	4½	—⅛
6⅝	4½	Rudick pf.56		8	6½	6	6½	
2½	1	Rusco Ind		6	1⅞	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
		S						
7⅝	5⅛	SGLIn .12r	5	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+⅛
16¼	12⅞	SGSe pf 1.70		2	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
12	7¼	STPCp .45e	11	2	11	11	11	
8	3½	SafiranSy A	5	7	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+⅜
15⅝	8⅝	Salem .89	4	5	10⅝	10¼	10¼	—⅛
18⅞	14½	Sambos .22	9	30	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	
10	7	SCarlo 1.26e		13	7½	7	7⅛	—⅛
101½	88	SDgo pf 9.84		z100	103	103	103	+2
9	3½	SanFr RE		15	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
⅝	¼	SFRE v		1	½	½	½	
3⅝	1½	Sargent Ind	7	13	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	—⅛
10⅝	5⅝	SaundrL .24	5	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
9⅛	6⅝	ScheibE .56	9	2	8	8	8	+⅛
10⅝	5	SchoolP .40	7	3	8	8	8	
8⅞	5¼	Schrader .30	7	4	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
3⅝	1¼	SciMal .09e	16	7	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
18⅞	10¼	SciAtlana	14	10	18	17⅞	17⅞	—⅛
25¼	20⅝	Scopeln .25e	4	1	24	24	24	+¼
17	10¼	Scrivner .70	4	5	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+⅛
23⅛	12⅝	Scurry Rain	10	2	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+⅛
5½	2⅝	Sealecr Cp	15	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛
9	7½	SeasnAll .20	8	6	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
2	13-16	SecMtg Inv		12	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
6⅝	3½	Servisco .30	8	8	6½	6⅝	6½	
4⅛	2½	Servo Corp	4	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
4⅝	2⅝	ShaerS .15e	5	3	3⅛	3	3	
14½	12¼	SharonStl 1	7	6	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	—¼
10⅝	7¼	Shawin .50b	9	6	8½	8½	8½	+⅛
13⅝	4⅞	ShearH .20e	3	14	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
4⅛	2¼	Shelter Res		2	2½	2½	2½	
7⅛	3⅝	ShndCp .24f	5	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
33	20½	Shnandh Oil	31	231	23⅝	21⅝	22⅞	+1⅜
19⅝	10¼	Sherwd Med	15	82	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+⅛
3⅛	1⅝	Shopwell In	20	7	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝	+¼
15	12½	Showbot .80	5	2	13	13	13	
14	9	Silcolnd .50	4	1	9	9	9	—⅛
7⅝	5⅝	Sigma .20e	6	3	7	6⅝	6⅝	¼
4½	3	SikesCp A		5	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
6⅝	3½	Silo Inc	9	3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
10⅝	6	Simkins .60	5	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
4⅛	2¼	Solitron		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
13	6¼	Sonder Brdc	4	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	—⅛
6½	3⅝	Sorg Paper		1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
22⅝	10⅝	Soundsn .40	7	24	22	21⅝	21⅝	—⅛
12¼	10⅞	SC4.0pf 1.02		1	11¼	11¼	11¼	+⅛
13	11⅝	SC4.2pf 1.06		4	12⅝	12½	12½	—⅜
14	11⅝	SC4.3pf 1.08		4	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	—⅛
14⅝	12½	SC4.7pf 1.19		15	14⅝	14½	14⅝	
23	18⅝	SCEO pf1.68		z150	22½	22⅛	22⅛	—⅜
17⅝	15¼	SC5.8pf 1.45		10	17½	17¼	17¼	+¼
16¼	14¼	SC5.2pf 1.30		1	16	16	16	
29	24⅞	SC9.2pf 2.30		32	27⅝	26½	27⅝	+⅜
25¼	23⅝	SCE.8pf 2.21		5	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+⅛
103	91¼	SCE pf 8.70		32	101¼	99⅝	99⅝	—⅛
20	9	SwstAir .06e	5	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	—⅛
3⅛	2⅛	SwtGFin .10	6	5	3¼	3¼	3¼	+⅛
6⅝	4½	Specty Res	5	1	4½	4½	4½	
8½	5⅝	Spector .10e		1	7¼	7¼	7¼	
6¼	2⅛	Specro .12f	4	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
8⅞	3⅛	Spencer .08e	8	17	5⅝	4⅞	4⅞	—⅜
9⅝	6½	SpencrF .32	3	8	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
8⅛	5⅛	Safid Lowd	4	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
7⅛	4⅝	StdCont .14r	3	14	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
17⅝	13½	SdCoosa .90	4	1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+⅛
14⅛	9	SdMoA .43	5	7	11⅝	11½	11½	—⅛
8⅛	3⅛	StdPac Corp	4	28	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
15	8⅝	Stange .12	21	11	14½	14¼	14½	—⅛
19	12	SarrHq .30	6	2	13⅝	10¼	13⅝	+⅜
12⅞	7⅝	Seelmt .23r	4	13	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	
19¾	12	StepnCh .52	7	3	18	17⅝	18	+⅛
2⅛	13-16	Serl Elecr	10	3	1¼	1¼	1¼	
3½	1⅞	SeriExt .10	9	1	2¼	2¼	2¼	
6⅛	2½	Sevcoknit	4	4	4½	4	4	—⅛
10½	6⅝	SruW .10e	8	8	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	—⅛
7¼	6½	SueAnn .36	8	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+⅛
1⅞	⅝	Summl Org	9	2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
18½	13½	SunElec .48	9	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+⅛
14⅝	8⅝	Sundanc .20b	5	11	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	—⅛
9½	6⅝	SunshJr .24b	7	1	7¼	7¼	7¼	
13½	8⅛	SupFdSv .32	8	15	13	12⅝	12⅝	—⅛
4⅝	2¼	Supercr .10e	4	6	3⅝	3¼	3⅝	+⅛
8	4	SupInd .12b	7	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
5⅝	3⅛	SupSurg Mf	13	14	5	4⅞	5	+⅛
3⅛	1⅞	Susquhana		3	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	—⅛
7	4⅝	Synalov .20	4	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
35⅝	23½	Syntex .50	11	522	25⅝	24⅞	25¼	—⅛
10⅝	5⅝	System Eng	350	7	7	7	7	
		T						
4	3¼	Talleyln wt		17	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
20¼	16½	Tasty 1.20a	7	1	19¼	19¼	19¼	
1½	⅝	Tech Sym	81	1	13-16	13-16	13-16	+1-16
5	2½	Techcl Oper		2	2½	2½	2½	
3⅝	1⅝	Techcl Tape	3	2	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
5⅛	2⅝	Techrl .10e	4	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
19⅞	16¼	TelonR .20a	14	3	17	17	17	
14⅞	8½	Teleflex .32f	10	2	13	13	13	—⅛
⅝	⅛	TelexCp wt		16	¼	¼	¼	
7⅛	2½	Tenna Corp	10	41	4⅛	4	4	—⅛
8⅞	4⅝	Tenneco w		32	7⅞	7¼	7⅞	+⅛
21½	10⅝	Teradyn Inc	63	11	16⅝	16	16⅛	+½
13½	9	TerraC .60a	5	234	12⅛	11	11⅞	+⅝
5½	2⅝	Texstar .22f	7	1	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	—⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Tidwell Ind		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+⅛
11	5½	Tiffany .20	4	1	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+⅛
16⅛	11⅛	Tokheim .60	7	8	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	
48⅝	43	TolEd pf4.25		z25	46½	46½	46½	+½
108	99	TolEdpf 10		z10	102½	102½	102½	—1½
9⅞	6⅝	ToppsGu .28	7	19	9¼	9	9	
8⅛	4⅞	TotalPtl NA	9	1	7	7	7	
3 5-16	1 5-16	TotalPtl wt		2	2½	2½	2½	—⅛
16⅝	10⅞	Total pf .70		1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	—⅜
3⅝	1⅝	Town Cntry		10	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+⅛
3⅝	1⅜	Trans Lux		5	2	1⅞	1⅞	
7⅝	3⅛	Trico Bind	7	13	5⅝	5½	5⅝	
6⅞	3	Tsirco .20e	7	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
5⅛	3	TwinFair	n 88	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
		U						
5⅛	3	UIPCp .16	6	12	3½	3⅜	3½	+⅛
3½	1½	UNA Corp		4	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
4⅞	2⅞	URSCp .10e	6	14	3½	3⅜	3½	+⅛
6⅞	3⅝	Unimax Grp	15	4	6	6	6	
3⅞	2¼	Un Invest	7	9	2½	2½	2½	
5⅞	3⅝	Un Asbestos	6	16	4⅛	4	4 1-16	
1½	7-16	UnBrand wt		13	⅝	9-16	⅝	+1-16
2⅛	1¼	Unit Foods		3	1⅝	1¼	1⅝	+⅛
⅛	1-16	UnNatwt n		2	1-16	1-16	1-16	—1-16
4⅞	2	UNatCp pf		1	2¼	2¼	2¼	—⅛
12	8¾	USFilr .24	7	55	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	
7¼	5⅛	UnRltT .75e	11	8	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
3-16	1-16	UnRltT wt		129	⅛	⅛	⅛	
5½	3½	USNal Rsrc	6	17	5⅛	5	5⅛	+⅛
3⅛	1⅜	US Radium		4	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	+¼
13½	7	USRbR .95e	7	8	12¼	12	12¼	+⅛
3	2	UnivClg .05	4	2	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+⅛
3	¾	Univ Contnr		17	2⅜	2½	2⅜	⅛
9⅞	4¼	UnivRs .08e	10	25	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
10⅛	6½	UnivRun .44	4	7	7¾	7½	7½	—¼
		V						
9⅞	6⅝	VallesSt .62f	7	10	6½	6⅜	6⅜	—⅛
13⅝	8⅛	Valmac .70	2	11	10¼	10½	10⅝	—⅜
2⅝	1½	VLDvC .02e		2	2½	2¼	2¼	
9⅛	5⅝	VanDorn .40	6	8	8⅝	8½	8½	—¼
13⅝	6½	Veeco Ins .32	8	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	—⅛
30⅛	14⅝	VermtA .40b	8	2	27¼	27⅛	27⅛	+⅛
7	2⅝	Vernitron		7	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
2⅛	1⅜	Viatech Inc		2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
2⅛	⅜	Viking Genl		5	⅜	⅜	⅜	
4⅝	2½	Vishay Intrl	5	6	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
3⅞	2⅞	VisualGr	8	2	3	3	3	—½
3¼	2	Vol Mer	4	40	2¼	2¼	2¼	
5⅝	1⅝	Vulcan Corp	9	1	3¼	3¼	3¼	
11¼	6⅝	Vulclnc .36	4	8	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+⅛
16¼	11	Vulclncpf 1		5	13¼	13	13	
		W						
6	2⅝	WTC Inc .10	25	8	3	2⅞	3	
21¼	15½	WUfInc .80	6	55	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	—⅛
⅛	3⅝	Wabash .10a	6	3	7¼	7¼	7¼	—⅛
9⅝	6	Wacknht .40	6	25	6¼	6	6¼	+⅛
4⅛	2¼	Walnoco Oil		54	3 15-16	3⅝	3⅝	
24⅝	14⅛	WalcoN .50b	8	5	19½	19⅛	19⅛	—⅜
20	10⅛	WangLb .2	14	26	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	
15⅝	9⅝	WangLB .22	11	17	13½	13	13⅛	—¼
1⅛	½	WardFds wt		7	9-16	9-16	9-16	—1-16
5¼	es.	Wards Co	3	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
7⅞	5	WarC pfC.05		7	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	—⅛
19⅞	14¼	WRIT 1.76	12	16	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	+⅛
6	2⅝	Watsco .20	13	15	4⅛	4	4¼	+⅜
8½	5½	WeldTu Am	4	18	7⅝	7⅝	7½	—¼
11⅞	7⅝	WestChP .40	7	5	8¼	8¼	8¼	—⅛
11⅛	9½	Westats Ptl	19	134	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
7	4 15-16	WstDcal .10	10	48	7	7	7	+⅛
9¼	6¼	WstFinl .15a	4	2	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	⅛
1⅛	¼	WstPacl wt		48	⅜	5-16	5-16	
7	4½	Whitaker .40	8	85	5⅞	5¼	5¼	—½
3¼	1⅞	Whitehal Cp	5	11	2¼	2⅛	2¼	+⅛
1¼	⅜	Whittakr wt		36	⅝	11-16	11-16	+1-16
3	1⅞	Wichita Ino	6	4	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
2	1¼	Wilcx G		1	1½	1¼	1¼	—⅛
9⅝	6½	Wmhous .20	8	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	—1
4⅜	2⅝	WilsonBr .30	5	3	4¼	4⅛	4¼	+¼
4⅛	1⅝	Winston Mil	7	9	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
54	48	WisP pf 4.50	4	z70	51¼	50⅝	50⅝	—1¼
3½	1⅜	Wolf HowB		2	2¼	2¼	2¼	
11⅛	5½	Worcest Cll	11	2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+⅛
12⅝	6¼	WorkWr .60	7	15	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+⅛
1⅛	¾	Wright Har	10	1	13-16	13-16	13-16	—1-16
6⅝	3⅝	WyleLab .28	6	20	6	6	6	—⅛
11⅛	7	Wynnin .15e	7	12	9⅝	9⅝	9½	
12	9½	WymBn .50a	11	4	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	—⅛
		X						
20⅝	13	Xonics Inc	16	40	16	15¼	16	+¾
		Z						
8⅞	7⅝	ZeroMfg .28	6	2	8⅛	8	8⅛	
17	4½	Zimmer .06e	11	5	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	

Sales figures are unofficial.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. i—Declared or pid after stock dividend or split up. j—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

x—Ex-dividend or ex-rights. y—Ex-dividend and sales in full. z—Sales in full.

cld—Called. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. ww—With warrants. xw—Without warrants. xdis—Ex-distribution.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

	Dollar	German mark	Swiss franc	Sterling
7 D.	5⅝-5½	4 -4¼	¾-1¼	13½-14½
1 M.	5 5/16-5⅛	4⅜-4⅞	1⅛-1⅝	15⅛-15½
3 M.	5 5/16-5 9/16	4⅜-4⅞	1¼-1½	15⅛-15½
6 M.	6 1/16-6 3/16	4 11/16-5 1/16	2⅛-2 3/16	15⅞-16⅛
1 Y.	6½-6⅝	5⅜-5⅝	2⅛-2¾	15⅞-16

European Gold Markets

Sept. 15, 1976

	Open	Close	N.C.
London	109.50	111.25	—0.35
Zurich	110.50	111.50	—
Paris (12.5 kilo)	110.88	111.62	—2.66

U.S. dollars per ounce.

International Stock Indexes

	Yest	Prev	1976 High	1976 Low
Amsterdam	87.60	87.40	105.60	87.40
Brussels	106.36	106.73	133.02	106.38
Frankfurt	142.48	142.74	159.66	140.75
London 30	355.90	341.40	420.80	335.90
London 500	148.22	149.11	183.00	148.22
Milan	78.50	78.20	91.17	72.33
Paris	89.80	88.50	112.70	87.60
Sydney	489.20	486.00	522.83	444.73
Tokyo (n)	— Closed —		359.61	326.88
Tokyo (o)	— Closed —		4865.56	4403.06
Zurich	288.60	287.70	304.00	282.50

(n) New (o) Old

Gold Options

(prices in $/oz.)

Basis	Nov.	Feb.	May
105	6.75	9.00	10.50
110	3.00	4.75	7.00
115	2.50	4.25	4.75
120	1.75	3.25	4.25

Valeurs White Weld S.A.
1, Quai du Mont-Blanc
1211 Geneva 1, Switzerland
Tel. 320123 · Telex 27479

Currency Rates

September 15, 1976

By reading across this table of yesterday's closing inter-bank foreign exchange rates, one can find the value of the major currencies in the national currencies of each of the following financial centers. These rates do not take into account bank service charges.

	$	£	DM	FF	L. It.	Gldr	BF com.	SwissF.	Dan.Kr
Amsterdam	2.6005	4.5110	104.41*	53.02*	30.90y	—	6.7680*	105.23*	42.44*
Brussels (c)	38.35	66.73	15.438	7.838	4.5755*	14.7885	—	15.5645	6.42
Frankfurt	2.4845	4.2572	—	50.78*	2.956x	95.75*	6.470*	100.71*	41.54*
London (z)	1.73325	—	4.3060	8.830	1.458	4.4950	66.475	4.2800	10.3670
Milan	840.70	1457.75	337.48	171.49	—	323.36	21.875	340.25	140.39
Paris	4.89125	8.51375	197.000*	—	5.83275x	188.800*	12.7712*	198.575*	81.950*
Zurich	2.4680	4.2775	99.35*	50.43*	0.2936*	95.15*	6.42*	—	41.20*

The following are dollar values only: Danish krone: 5.9880; Escudo: 31.035; Israeli £: 8.25; Peseta: 67.875; Schilling: 17.67; Sw. krona: 4.3500; Yen: 285.55; Belgian financial franc: 39.40; Canada $: 1.02675; Hong Kong $: 4.8985.

(c) Commercial franc (*) Units of 100 (x) Units of 1,000 (y) Units of 10,000 (z) Amounts needed to buy one pound

Weekly net asset value
on September 13, 1976
Tokyo Pacific Holdings N.V.
U.S. $38.74
Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V.
U.S. $28.25
Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange
Information: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, Amsterdam

New Issue — September 1976

MITSUI TOATSU CHEMICALS, INCORPORATED
Tokyo, Japan

DM 50 000 000
Bearer Bonds of the 7¾ % Loan of 1976/1981

irrevocably and unconditionally guaranteed by

THE MITSUI BANK, LIMITED
Tokyo, Japan

Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank — Nomura Europe GmbH
Hambro-Mitsui Limited
Bayerische Vereinsbank — Industriebank von Japan (Deutschland) Aktiengesellschaft
Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise — Nederlandsche Middenstandsbank N.V.
Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Incorporated — Swiss Bank Corporation (Overseas) Limited
Williams, Glyn & Co.

New issue
September, 1976

All of these notes having been placed, this announcement appears for purposes of record only.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT — WORLD BANK

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT
Washington, D. C.

DM 150,000,000

Private Placement
7¾ % Bearer Notes of 1976, due 1982

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft — Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

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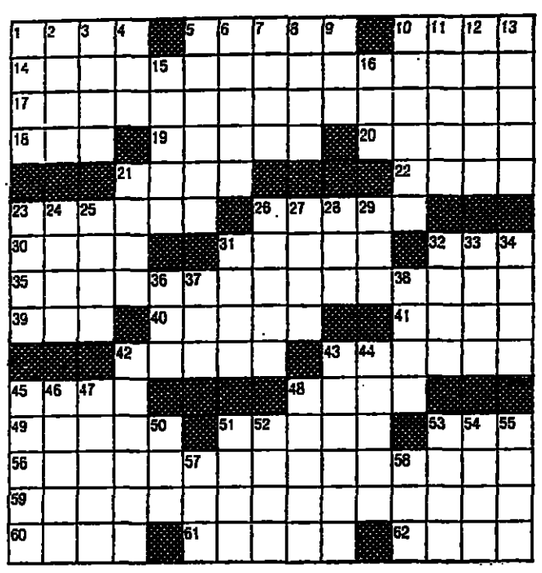
CROSSWORD — *Edited by Will Weng*

ACROSS

1 Employer
5 West Indian sorcery
10 Mantle
14 English literary shrine
17 Author of "Quality Street"
18 Certain carriers: Abbr.
19 Wearies
20 Mill material
21 Pouches
22 Miquelon et al.
23 Fit together
26 Bored
30 Scent
31 Irritate
32 Maori bird
35 Tabard Inn chronicler
39 Undermine
40 Small brooks
41 — me tangere
42 English dramatist
43 Obscures
45 Price of freedom, for some
48 "— ever so..."
49 Of an arm bone
51 Boxing outcomes
53 U.S. author
56 Chronicler of little people
59 Late expert on Italian art
60 Compass directions
61 Theatrical ploy
62 Municipal stadium

DOWN

1 U.N. member
2 Puss
3 Goes amiss
4 Reign, in India
5 Part of a Steinbeck title
6 Certain Africans
7 Gaelic
8 Naval officers: Abbr.
9 Thing to raise
10 Dreiser's Sister
11 Rainy month, in Paris
13 Self-confidence
13 Dills
15 Soviet republic
16 Pester
21 Thrall
23 Minor but essential workers
24 Old Greek theaters
25 Kind of old skirt
26 Stendhal's real name
27 Varnish ingredients
28 Tree
29 Azov, for one
31 Archer of note
32 Image
33 Remained valid
34 Garden flower
36 To's companion
37 Grande
38 Fixed amount
42 Area east of Rockies
43 Careful!
44 Type of thread
45 Lighting items
46 Century plants
47 Habituate
48 Barked
50 British antiquarian soc.
51 Dental degrees
52 Physicist Isador
53 Elegant
54 Western Indian
55 Heater
57 Macaw
58 Church codes: Abbr.



WEATHER

	C	F	
ALGARVE	29	68	Cloudy.
AMSTERDAM	17	63	Cloudy.
ATHENS	27	81	Clear.
BEIRUT	—	—	Unavailable.
BELGRADE	26	79	Cloudy.
BERLIN	19	66	Cloudy.
BRUSSELS	15	59	Cloudy.
BUCHAREST	—	—	Unavailable
BUDAPEST	20	68	Cloudy.
CASABLANCA	23	73	Cloudy.
COPENHAGEN	16	61	Cloudy.
COSTA DEL SOL	27	81	Clear.
DUBLIN	12	54	Cloudy.
EDINBURGH	12	54	Cloudy.
FLORENCE	20	68	Cloudy.
FRANKFURT	18	64	Cloudy.
GENEVA	12	54	Overcast.
HELSINKI	15	59	Overcast
ISTANBUL	24	75	Cloudy.
LAS PALMAS	22	72	Clear.
LISBON	21	70	Cloudy.
LONDON	13	55	Cloudy.
LOS ANGELES	20	68	Cloudy.
MADRID	29	68	Cloudy.
MILAN	13	55	Cloudy.
MONTREAL	21	70	Cloudy.
MOSCOW	21	70	Clear.
MUNICH	13	54	Cloudy.
NEW YORK	21	70	Rain.
NICE	19	66	Showers.
OSLO	12	54	Rain.
PARIS	13	55	Cloudy.
PRAGUE	11	52	Cloudy.
ROME	23	73	Cloudy.
SOFIA	23	73	Cloudy.
STOCKHOLM	11	52	Rain.
TEHRAN	29	84	Cloudy.
TEL AVIV	30	86	Clear.
TUNIS	25	77	Cloudy.
VIENNA	15	59	Cloudy.
WARSAW	19	66	Cloudy.
WASHINGTON	24	75	Cloudy.
ZURICH	15	59	Cloudy.

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., Canada at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS
ADVERTISEMENT
September 15, 1976

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (m)—monthly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

(w) Alexander Fund ... $7.36
(d) Trustcor Int. Fd (AEIF) ... $8.59
Austral. Select Fd. ... $2.69

BANK JULIUS BAER & Co Ltd.:
— (d) Baerbond ... SF802.25
— (d) Conbar ... SF747
— (d) Grobar ... SF581
— (d) Stockbar ... SF396
(w) Browninvest ... $14.07
(d) Can Gas & Energy Fd ... $12.99
(d) Can Secur Growth Fd ... $4.89
(d) A.G.F. Japan Fd ... $8.33

CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:
— (w) Capital Int'l ... $14.78
— (w) Capital Italia S.A. ... $8.13
(d) Capital Reinvest. ... LF1,150
(d) Citadel Fund ... $3.13
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fd. ... $$25.41
(w) Convert Fd Ins. A Certs ... $7.67
(w) Convert Fd. Int. B Certs ... $12.87
(d) Convert. Bond Fd N.V. ... $8.78

CREDIT SUISSE.
(d) Actions Suisses ... SF255.25
— (d) Canasec ... SF531
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Bon-is ... SF71
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l. ... SF67.75
— (d) Energie-Valor ... SF82.50
— (d) Usec ... SF564
— (d) Europa-Valor ... SF117.25

(i) Crosby Fund S.A. ... $4.50
(d) CSF Fund. ... SF24.28
(d) Crossbow Fund ... SF3.63
(w) D.G.G. ... $38.46
(d) Dollar Fund (ex-div.) ... $1.02
(d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l ... $13.12
(w) Dreyfus Intercontinent. ... $13.14
(w) Europe Obligations ... LF1,042

DIT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT:
— (d) Concentra ... DM21.10
— (d) Int'l Rentenfond ... DM72.30

FIDELITY:
— (w) Fidelity Amer. Assets ... $18.04
— (d) Fidelity Dir. Svgs. Tr ... $53.06
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund. ... $17.42
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fund ... $30.78
— (d) Fidelity World Fd ... $11.80
(w) First Intern't Fd. ... $126.51
(w) First Int'l Realty Sec. ... $13.95
(d) First Nat'l City Fund. ... $28.77
(w) Fleming Fund S.A. ... $53.58
(w) Fleming Japan Fund. ... $31.20
(w) Funseles Issue Pr ... SF1,770
(d) Formula Selection Fd. ... SF69.31
(d) Fonditalia ... $9.95
(d) Fund of N.Y (ex-div.) ... $0.68
(w) Future Australia Fd. ... Aus. $9.49

G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:
— (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd. ... $32.61
— (w) G.T. Dollar Fund ... $6.34
(w) Guardian Gr Fd Int'l ... $7.62
(w) Haussmann Holdgs. NV ... $7,273
(i) H.O.I.T. Hobet ... $25.46
(d) Icofund ... $9.57
(c) Interfund S.A. ... $8.86
(w) Intermarket Fund ... $114.04
(w) Int'l Inc Fund (Jersey) ... $32.89
(r) Int'l Securities Fund ... $5.62
(r) Invest Atlantiques ... $33.98
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund ... $8.19
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd. S.A. ... $7.35
(d) I.T.F. Fund N.V. ... $7.77
(r) Japan Growth Fund ... $17.37
(d) Japan Selection Fund ... $51.45
(w) Japan Pacific Fund ... $19.21

JARDINE FLEMING.
— (r) Jardine Japan Fund. ... $49.53
— (r) Jard. Sth East Asia ... $12.61

(d) KB Income Fund ... LF1,663
(d) Kleinwort Benson Int. F ... $11.50
(w) Kleinwort Bens. Jap F. ... $22.28
(r) *Leverage Cap Hold.* ... $31.04

LLOYDS INTERNATIONAL MGT S.A.:
—+(w) L&BT Multi-way Fu ... SF412.50
—+(w) Lloyds Int'l Income ... SF354.50
(w) Luxfund ... $19.63
(m) MAGNUM Fund Ltd ... $37.08
(d) Mediolanum Sel Fund ... $9.95
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund ... $1.48
(d) Neuwirth Inv Fund ... $3.02
(w) N.A.M.F. ... $88.86
(w) Nippon Fund ... $43.72
(w) Nor Amer Inv Fund ... $6.32
(w) Nor Amer Bank Fd ... $6.20
(r) Pegasus Intern'l ... $6.76

PROPERTY GROWTH OVERS Ltd.:
— (w) U.S. Dollar Fund ... $101.08
— (w) Sterling Fund ... £102.10
(d) Putnam Intern'l Fund ... $21.54
(d) Renta Fund ... LF1,528
(d) Rentinvest ... LF907
(d) Safe Trust Fund ... $10.49
(w) Samurai Portfolio ... SF65.55

Share Realty N.V. ... $15.51
Share International N.V. ... $4.63

SEPRO:
— (w) Sepro (N.A.V.) ... $13.10
(w) SMH Special Fund ... DM86.70

SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:
— (r) Parfon Sw. R. Est. ... SF1,578
— (r) Securswiss ... SF957
(d) Soros Fund ... $240.75
(w) Star Fund ... $4.87

SWISS BANK CORP.:
— (d) America-Valor ... SF468.75
— (d) Intervalor ... SF65.50
— (d) Japan Portfolio ... SF380.25
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser. ... SF211.50
— (d) Univ. Bond Select. ... SF92.50
— (d) Universal Fund ... SF93.74
(w) Talent Global Fund ... $8.87
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. (Seal) ... $28.25
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold N.V. ... $28.74
(w) Transpacific Fund ... $21.41

UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:
— (d) Amca U.S. Sh. ... SF35
— (d) Bond Invest. ... SF72
— (d) Convert-Invest. ... SF75.50
— (d) Eurit Europe Sh. ... SF109
— (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh. ... SF88.50
— (d) Globinvest. ... SF64
— (d) Pacific Invest. ... SF79
— (d) Rometac-Invest. ... SF354
— (d) Safit South Afr Sh. ... SF110
— (d) Sima Swiss Sr Est. ... SF179

UNION INVESTMENT, Frankfurt.
— (d) Atlantic fonds ... DM16.40
— (d) Europafonds ... DM31.05
— (d) Unifonds ... DM30.10
— (d) Unirenta ... DM42.40
— (d) Unispecial I ... DM80.35
(w) United Cap Inv Fd ... $3.08
(d) U.S. Trust Invest Fd ... $11.74
(w) Western Growth Fd ... $6.13
(w) Western Hedge Fund ... $1,384.26
(w) West Proprietary N.V. ... $1,529.41
(d) World Equity Grth Fd ... $415.21
(w) Worldwide Securities ... $48.57
(w) Worldwide Special ... $3,807.85

DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-dividend. t — New; N.A. — Not available; BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs; SF — Swiss francs; + — Offer prices; a — Asked; b — bid. Change F/F $10 to $1 per unit.



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JUMBLE® — *that scrambled word game*

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

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ASTUE
TROICE
WRAITE

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: A

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: JUROR VALET NAPKIN REDUCE

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BOOKS

THE LISTS OF THE PAST

By Julie Hayden. The Viking Press. 159 pp. $7.95.

THE MASTER AND OTHER STORIES

By Sue Kaufman. Doubleday & Co. 228 pp. $7.95.

Reviewed by Richard R. Lingeman

HERE are two separate books of stories by two different women, selected with no expectation of any relatedness, yet, while preserving their separateness, they touch on things in common, like two workmen in different places who whistle the same tunes. Different writers, different preoccupations, but the melodies are drawn from a common storehouse.

The common storehouse from which these two writers draw is nothing more—or less—than life. One could enunciate certain broad similarities of background, education, class, readership—and, of course, sex—between the two writers, but the main bond between them is simply that of storytellers engaged in a common social function—making stories out of their perceptions, distilling nectar, sweet or bitter, from the blooming profusion of life.

Sue Kaufman's stories unfold from time past to time present, like an undated log of places, events, climate, happenings, meanings; there are no continuing characters, the stories are organized under simple rubrics of movement ("Here," "There," "Here Again") yet one has a sense of development of writer's time, (Miss Kaufman's own developing knowledge), as well as historical time. The "Here" stories are sketchily dated in the late 1930s and early '40s and concern, mostly, young college women in a town undergoing suburbanization; under "There" are stories of Americans abroad, post-college men and women making their obligatory pilgrimage abroad to soak up the glories of culture, only to meet with meaner truths about themselves; and "Here Again" is about people in later lives concerned with marriage, careers, motherhood, children, adultery. Their cumulative effect is linear, chronological, maturational.

Julie Hayden's stories, on the other hand, comprise a book of illuminations, like a saint's meditation diary. They are shifting glances of light, playing through the water, dappling objects on the bottom with light and shade. They yield up moments of intense illumination, or dance about picking out a pattern. Two focus on young women in the city, chewing on the dregs of affairs, one that is over, the other in which an abortion shatters the woman's days into shards of lacerating, unrelated impressions and memories that hasten her back to her lover at a cocktail party.

In another story, "A Touch of Nature," there are memories of a wartime childhood in a resort town: a self-contained world that is faraway, yet always close. The second half of the book, "The Lists of the Past," is a group of linked stories about a family and the death of its father. One story is mostly about the large home with its huge yard, where the father gardens, repairs, builds, his life organized around an unending series of lists of chores to be done. When he is taken sick, the mother and a daughter wait restlessly for news of the operation, and the mother thinks of the poem about the Spartans combing their hair before battle of Thermopylae—"dressing up for disaster." While the father recuperates in the hospital, daughters and then the neighbors are drawn obsessively to perform the neglected lists of chores; they do the jobs, in a way, inferior to how *he* would have done them; then, a cross-section, "Amis and smug, kind and bigoted, faithful, loyal, mortal, they stand back and enjoy the [illegible] they've done."

The old man comes back, sets things right, celebrates Thanksgiving with the family, reminisces with a bottle of Scotch with an old crony, then goes back to the hospital. Another operation. Soul and Body enter the scene, the former to say, "Not so fast," the latter already governed by laws beyond appeal. The end comes, the family assembles, the Catholic funeral service begins. Soul hovers until it learns that re-entry into Body has been forever barred: "After the effort, the work that goes into burying a dead man. Could they endure having him back again, after that?" No, the living have buried him, and locked him up in memory.

In Sue Kaufman's "The Jewish Cemetery," a man, an artist [illegible] has been accused of being brilliant but lacking in humanity, so attends a funeral of an uncle whom the blows of life had transformed from a vigorous man into a shuffling wreck. Standing [illegible] the coffin, burning because the gravediggers have laughed at the Hebrew chant, the man has the ritual shovel of dirt thrust into his hands and suddenly is disclosed in his family, his religion, his humanity.

Change is liberation, but in the larger world, the postgraduate Europe Miss Kaufman's characters flee toward, is a place where their vulnerabilities, safely incubated at home, are bared and unerringly probed. The young man in "The Master," who has a letter of introduction to Picasso, watches as a socially superior artist friend elbows him aside to pick the plum of meeting himself.

And in the last story, a man trapped by his hosts' children is freed by a young wife, trapped herself in marriage to a pompous condescending psychiatrist; in Julie Hayden's "A Touch of Nature," the children bury in the animal cemetery, added to [illegible] during their stay, a bird [illegible] know is not quite dead, the memory of whose scratching—persistence of even the weakest to go on living in the worst circumstances"—they will carry with them, as they will the memory of the queer, inbred, doomed local boy they left behind to die along with the bulldozed hill and their childhoods.

Two storytellers, then, happening on common ground at times, yet different in vision. Sue Kaufman sees life as a master, drawing out lessons with a stinging slap of surprise. She finds the unscribable social truths, sharply definable, and thus at times a little banality, though she is consistently intelligent, well-crafted and readable. Julie Hayden's stories move by indirection, like a meandering river in one of those they move to the brink of something, and so at times risk falling over the abyss of the inane. Yet there is a tender radiance glimmering around the edges, hints of wonders and mysteries.

Richard R. Lingeman is a reviewer for The New York Times.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

B	A	G	S		A	N	O	A	S		A	S	H	E
A	R	A	T		S	I	M	B	A		C	L	A	D
N	O	I	R		S	T	A	R	R		C	A	R	D
C	A	L	I	F	O	R	N	I	A		P	O	P	P	Y
			D	O	R	E		J	U	S				
L	A	T	E	N	T		S	T	E	N	T	O	R	S
A	M	E	N	D		S	L	A	V			H	E	O
K	E	N	T	U	C	K	Y	C	O	L	O	N	E	L
E	N	S			R	I	P	E		A	V	I	S	O
S	T	E	P	D	A	M	E		D	I	E	S	E	S
			E	O	N			P	A	R	R			
R	H	O	D	E	I	S	L	A	N	D	R	E	D	S
N	E	R	A		U	P	E	N	D		A	L	U	M
E	A	R	N		M	O	N	E	L		T	U	N	E
E	T	A	T		S	T	A	L	E		E	L	E	E

BRIDGE — *By Alan Truscott*

One of the deals that helped to decide the outcome of a match held recently is shown in the diagram. Both teams in the final reached a shaky three no-trump contract. In the auction shown, South's one no-trump was the weak variety and North pushed to game after using Stayman in the hope of finding a four-four heart fit.

At both tables, West led a low club and South was able to win with the jack after playing from dummy and collecting the ten from East. One declarer now attacked diamonds and was defeated when East won with the ace and continued clubs. West had the king of spades as an entry to score three club tricks.

The declarer for the team that won adopted a plan that was fractionally superior theoretically and had the practical merit of succeeding. He played the spade ace and continued the suit, knocking out West's entry.

The immediate diamond play would have worked if West had held the diamond ace and East the spade king. The declarer's choice was due to win if those honors were the other way round, or if West held the singleton spade king.

However, there was a better play still. The declarers should have crossed to the heart ace at the second trick, running some risk that the defenders would be able to set up heart tricks, and let the spade nine. If this lost, there would be excellent prospects, the only clear danger being that West would be able to establish three club tricks and ruff the diamond ace as an entry. A distribution against which South would be powerless in any event.

The contract would also fail on the rather unlikely event that West returned a heart and forced his partner with four more hearts to lead and ruff the diamond ace.

If the spade nine won the first trick, South would have to [illegible] for the possibility of a heart lead by West. He would repeat the spade finesse. If this lost, he would run the same risks as before. If it won, he could return to diamonds with a guaranteed nine tricks.

NORTH
♠ J97
♡ A752
◇ K642
♣ A3

WEST
♠ K64
♡ J84
◇ 87
♣ KQ962

EAST
♠ 832
♡ Q10
◇ A10
♣ 10

SOUTH
♠ AQ105
♡ K9
◇ QJ5
♣ J754

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding:

East	South	West	North
Pass	1 N.T.	Pass	2 ♣
Pass	2 ♠	Pass	3 N.T.
Pass	Pass	Pass	

West led the club six.

Trail by 6 Going Into Short Series

irates Have Last Chance to Get Directly at Phillies' Lead

DELPHIA, Sept. 15 The Pittsburgh Pirates wn for their final show- nd perhaps their last topping the Philadelphia from taking away the League Eastern Divi- n.

the Phillies, who last led a game to their lead, it a six-game margin Pirates going into the series which opens re playing it cautiously. t feel the next two s any different than the ys Philadelphia manager Danny Ozark. "By no means do I think a sweep or split will end the race."

There is good reason for the caution even though the Phillies are riding a three-game winning streak, including a 3-2 victory over the Montreal Expos last night, and the Pirates are coming off a forgettable series with the New York Mets, losing both games.

The Phillies had won only two games between Aug. 24 and last Saturday. During that stretch, a 15 1/2-game Philadelphia lead fell to four.

"Time is running out," Pirates' pitcher Jim Rooker said last night after the Mets beat Pittsburgh, 4-3, with two runs in the ninth. "But we were 15 out and got it down to four when everyone had us counted out. If we win the next two with Philadelphia it's back to four again."

"I don't feel a six-game lead can allow us to relax," says Phillies' ace reliever Ron Reed. "Maybe we relaxed a little four weeks ago."

Reed and Tony Taylor gave the Phillies a dramatic boost in last night's victory. Taylor, who has spent much of the season on the disabled list, brought his 40-year-old body off the bench and laced a run-scoring single off his old friend Woody Fryman, sparking a three-run rally in the fifth inning.

Reed pitched two powerful innings of relief, picking up four strikeouts and saving Jim Lonborg's 16th triumph.

On the other side of the state, the Pirates were suffering a dramatic defeat. They led 3-2 going into the ninth but Dave Kingman got the Mets rolling with a single off Rooker, who was tagged with the loss, his eighth of the season against 13 victories.

Kingman went to third on a John Stearns single and scored on a base hit by Ed Kranepool. With Stearns on third, Bud Harrelson grounded to second and beat a double-play attempt when shortstop Frank Taveras's throw to first was wide, allowing Stearns to score the winning run

Giants 7, Padres 6

At San Diego, Bobby Murcer's second home run of the game, a two-run shot in the ninth inning, propelled San Francisco to a 7-6 victory over the Padres. Murcer, who had hit a two-run homer in the fifth to put the Giants ahead 5-0, tagged rookie reliever Butch Metzger for his 20th home run in the ninth. It was only Metzger's second loss in 13 decisions.

Dodgers 9, Reds 0

At Cincinnati, Steve Garvey pounded out four hits, including his 13th homer, and drove home three runs while Ed Goodson added a three-run homer to lead Los Angeles to a 9-0 romp over the Reds. Tommy John hurled a 10-hit shutout.

Astros 4, Braves 3
Braves 4, Astros 3

At Atlanta, Willie Montanez hit a three-run homer in the third inning to give the Braves a 4-3 victory over Houston for a split of a doubleheader after the Astros won the first game, 4-3, on Enos Cabell's homer.

Both games were won by rookies making their first major league appearances. Houston's Mark Lemongello won the opener with Ken Forsch earning a save by stopping the Braves over the last two innings. The Braves' Al Autry started the nightcap and pitched five innings and got credit for the victory.

Cubs 6, Cardinals 3

At St. Louis, Jerry Morales and George Mitterwald drove in two runs each as Chicago scored three times in the first and second innings to take a 6-3 victory over the Cardinals.

A's 4, Twins 2
Twins 4, A's 3

At Bloomington, Minn., Oakland lost a little ground in its chase after Kansas City in the American League East as it split a doubleheader with the Twins. The A's won the opener, 4-2, and then Dan Ford singled home Craig Kusick in the ninth inning to give Minnesota the nightcap, 4-3. The A's now trail the Royals, who won yesterday, by 4 1/2 games.

Gene Tenace hit his 20th homer and drove in three runs and Vida Blue scattered eight hits for the A's opening-game victory.

With the score tied 3-3 in the second game, Kusick led off the ninth with a double off loser Paul Lindblad. Mike Cubbage beat out an infield single and Ford lined the first pitch off reliever Jim Todd into center field for the winning run.

Royals 2, White Sox 1

At Chicago, Andy Hassler braked a two-game Kansas City skid with a five-hitter and the Royals backed him with three double plays en route to a 2-1 victory over the White Sox.

Angels 6, Rangers 4

At Arlington, Texas, Jerry Remy's two-out, ninth-inning single gave California a 6-4 victory over the Rangers. Andy Etchebarren singled with one out off loser Steve Hargan, 6-7, and moved to third on a double by Ron Jackson. Dave Collins struck out, but Remy hit a looping base hit to shallow left center to bring in the winning runs.

Orioles 9, Tigers 7

At Baltimore, Mark Belanger's seventh-inning sacrifice fly drove in the winning run as the Orioles rallied from a six-run deficit to beat Detroit, 9-7. It was Baltimore's sixth triumph in a row. Orioles' first baseman Lee May knocked in two runs with a single and a double to run his American League leading RBI total to 100, while rookie reliever Dennis Martinez was the winning pitcher in his major league debut, hurling four-hit ball over five innings.

Yankees 8, Indians 2

At Cleveland, Roy White, batting at a .500 clip during his eight-game hitting streak, had four hits and scored three runs to spark New York to an 8-2 victory over the Indians. Grant Jackson, making his first major league start since Sept. 29, 1971, allowed only four hits over the first seven innings before giving way to reliever Dick Tidrow in the eighth. Jackson is now 5-0 with a 1.70 ERA since joining the Yankees from Baltimore June 5.

The Yankees staked Jackson to a 2-0 lead in the first inning on singles by Mickey Rivers, White, an infield out and a bunt single by Carlos May. Consecutive doubles by White, Thurman Munson and Chris Chambliss with one out in the third chased Cleveland starter and loser Pat Dobson, 14-12, with Chambliss scoring th third run of the inning on an infield out.

Brewers 3, Red Sox 2

At Milwaukee, Robin Yount's two-out single in the 10th inning enabled the Brewers to snap a seven-game losing streak and defeat Boston, 3-2. The score was tied 2-2 when George Scott opened the 10th with a single. After Mike Hegan struck out, Darrell Porter forced Scott at second. Boston reliever Jim Willoughby, who had entered the game in the 10th, hit Dan Thomas with a pitch before yielding the hit to Yount.



United Press International.

PAS DE DEUX—Royals' George Brett is tagged out by White Sox pitcher Larry Monroe off third base. Brett got caught off the base after a roller was hit to Chicago pitcher.

irt Flood: The Slump Continues

By Murray Chass

AND, Calif., Sept. 15 (NYT).—The small- man in a pale yellow shirt and brown- e striped slacks walked into the lobby of ewater Hyatt House, and Lou Piniella rt to him without showing any sign of on, Mickey Rivers and Elrod Hendricks im in a corridor of the motel and did not a. Billy Martin came out of his room and ish black man stopped.

Martin," he said to the Yankees' manager to shake your hand."

eyed him tentatively, figuring this was bothersome fan, the kind of thing base- onalities always get in hotels and restau- d on the street. Then, after a moment, man said, "I'm Curt Flood."

lood played the outfield for the St. Louis s for 12 years and compiled a .293 batting Then the Cardinals traded him to the hia Phillies, but he wound up in court of the Phillies' uniform. He challenged s reserve rules that bound a player to a life, he lost and he was forgotten.

l to the island of Majorca, off the Mediter- oast of Spain, to get away from everything; bar there, The Rustic Inn, for five years he is back in the city where he grew up, s forgotten.

's face didn't jolt anyone's memory that he motel, but it is said that any player aseball for five years is forgotten. Still, e—Curt Flood—and the person should not tten by anyone playing baseball today.

irectly because of Andy Messersmith and cNally, baseball players are beginning to ousands and hundreds of thousands, per- llions of dollars more than they ever have fore and ever hoped to make. But seven o, Flood, boldly and at great sacrifice to career and future, pioneered an effort to me freedom for himself and his fellow an effort that now has reached fruition.

Hard Times

oday, while the Messersmiths and the Mor- d the Seavers are earning $200,000 and lood is earning nothing. With no job and ne, Flood is living in an apartment in , next to his 90-year-old mother. Only eople wouldn't call it living; it's more like

now 38, and five years removed from attempt to play baseball, seems to be hid- n the outside world, a man prevented by le from letting people know what his life y like. Three months ago, he suffered a d skull that nearly ended his life. He fell me stairs, he said, after having "a couple o many." Others, though, are not so cer- fall, wherever it happened, was an accident. gave me a brain scan," Flood said, dis- his near-fatal injury, "and they found

laughed at his own joke. At least he could e and laugh, although sometimes the laughs oo easily, as if they were masking some less humorous feelings. Flood is a proud ho once made $100,000 for playing baseball ot everyone was making $100,000 and he is ot to admit to the world that life no longer 0,000 romp through the woods on a Sunday on in autumn.

still looking fit at 5 feet 9 inches and 65 pounds, scoffed at the idea that anyone hall would hire him, if, indeed, he wanted hired at all. But toward the end of the umbling conversation, he was resigning him- taking a baseball job if he could find what ted.

ng the afternoon, he also recalled his legal with baseball, the way he was treated that ed the suit and the total lack of interest ow players showed in his lonely legal chal- o the millionaires who ran the game. But in no way begrudges today's players the they're earning; they deserve it all, he said. same time, he has come to understand y the owners think and feel and why they rminedly desire to control their employees. nexpectedly, he also played down the im- ce of the suit he began after his trade to lies late in 1969.

things that I did, I did for me," he said, sitting in a brown leather chair by the window of the room that was not far from the Oakland Coliseum. "I did that because I thought they were right. I thought I should have some control over what happened to my life. I played for 12 years in St. Louis, we won the pennant three times, made a lot of money, built a new stadium for them and you know what they did to me? If I had worked for the Pacific Gas and Electric Company for 12 years, they'd have given me a watch, a nice gold watch, and I'd probably still have it. But they called me on the telephone and they said we just traded you for Richie Allen. And the guy hung up. It was just the shabby way that these executives have of handling men. We had contributed so much to St. Louis and to get a kick in the butt like that. I don't think I deserved it that way.

"But what I did then is relative today only because it happens that other people have benefited by it and that's cool. These guys are making more money and deservedly so. They're the show. They're it. They're making money because they work hard. Don't you tell me one minute that Catfish Hunter doesn't work his butt off. I know he does and he's the show. People come out and see the Bird, Mark Fidrych of Detroit. Every time this guy goes on he draws 50,000 people. Well, why not get paid for it? You could put World War II in that damn stadium right there and you couldn't draw 30,000 people.

"So what happened five years ago is significant in only one respect, that it gave the ballplayer a chance to think what am I worth? What is my talent worth? Do I have to spend the rest of my life in servitude to this one person? Can he juggle my life any way he wants to? Now these guys are getting what they're worth and that's cool."

No Baseball Fans

Players being as selfish as anyone else, they don't stand around giving credit to Flood or Messersmith or anyone else for what they have reaped. That doesn't bother Flood, but what did gnaw at him for a long time was the total lack of moral support (financial support he had from the players association) he received from his fellow players.

"I spent six weeks in New York during the trial,' he said, wisps of cigarette smoke curling toward the ceiling, "and not one player came to see what was going on. All right, I had all the news media there, that was cool. There were ex-baseball players who came and said how they got ripped off. But not one baseball player who was playing at the time came just to see—I didn't want him to testify—just to see what was going on because it involved them so dramatically. But no one came just to sit and say hey, this is pretty important. It concerns me and my wife and my kids and, if they ever play baseball, their kids."

And so Flood lost the case that reached the United States Supreme Court, he disappeared in Majorca and now he has reappeared—but not really. He isn't a recluse, but he apparently is not far from it. His friends and family would like him to emerge from the prison he has built around himself "and be more of a human being than just sitting around and winding up like a vegetable."

But so far, about all he has done is helped with the kids on the little league baseball teams sponsored by an Oakland furniture man, Sam Bercovich, for whom Curt played as a youngster.

"What would they do with me?" he asked when it was suggested he might seek a job in baseball. "You have to understand I sued all of them. They don't like being sued; most people don't. And baseball is such that they don't go out of their way for exes. There are a lot of exes they don't find places for."

"I would like to find a place for myself," he said toward the end of the conversation, "and unfortunately I think it's going to be back in baseball in some capacity or another, except I don't want to stand on first base and say 'Don't get picked off.' Why unfortunately? Because that's all I know. When you do something for 20 years, that's all you really know. I have a chance to buy a cocktail lounge here, but I'd probably drink up all my profits. I wouldn't want to do that either. I'd like to get into baseball, like in spring training. I'd like to spend six weeks with some team in Florida in whatever capacity I could help. I'd be delighted to do something like that."

Major League Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Phil'adelphia	88	55	.615	—
Pittsburgh	82	61	.573	6
New York	76	67	.531	12
Chicago	66	79	.456	23
St. Louis	63	78	.447	24
Montreal	45	93	.340	39
Western Division				
Cincinnati	93	53	.637	—
Los Angeles	82	62	.569	10
Houston	72	75	.490	21 1/2
San Diego	67	80	.456	25 1/2
San Francisco	67	81	.453	27
Atlanta	63	82	.432	30

Tuesday's Results

Los Angeles 9, Cincinnati 0.
New York 4, Pittsburgh 3.
Houston 4, Atlanta 3 (1st).
Atlanta 4, Houston 3 (2d).
Chicago 6, St. Louis 3.
Philadelphia 3, Montreal 2.
San Francisco 7, San Diego 6

Wednesday's Games

St. Louis at New York, n.
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia, n.
Chicago at Montreal, n.
Los Angeles at Cincinnati, n
San Francisco at San Diego, n.
Houston at Atlanta, n.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
New York	88	55	.615	—
Baltimore	79	66	.549	9 1/2
Cleveland	72	71	.507	15 1/2
Boston	68	76	.472	20 1/2
Detroit	67	77	.465	21 1/2
Milwaukee	53	90	.441	25
Western Division				
Kansas City	83	62	.572	—
Oakland	78	66	.542	4 1/2
Minnesota	74	73	.503	10
California	67	78	.462	16 1/2
Texas	64	80	.444	18 1/2
Chicago	63	83	.432	20 1/2

Tuesday's Results

Kansas City 2, Chicago 1.
Oakland 4, Minnesota 2 (1st).
Minnesota 4, Oakland 3 (2nd).
Milwaukee 3, Boston 2
California 6, Texas 4.
New York 8, Cleveland 2
Baltimore 9, Detroit 7.

Wednesday's Games

Kansas City at California, n.
Texas at Chicago, n.
Boston at Milwaukee, n.
Detroit at Baltimore, n.
New York at Cleveland, n.
Minnesota at Oakland, n.

Bills Suffer Loss While Gaining O.J.

By William N. Wallace

BUFFALO, N.Y., Sept. 15 (NYT).—The significance of the return of O.J. Simpson, pro football's premier running back, to the Buffalo Bills' lineup was lost in translation here Monday night as a swirl of other events took precedent.

The Bills regained Simpson, who had been holding out, but they lost the game to the Miami Dolphins, 30-31, and they lost their fullback, Jim Braxton, who has been so complimentary to Simpson as a blocker and inside runner.

Braxton was injured on the third play of the game, an injury later diagnosed as torn knee ligaments, and he underwent surgery yesterday with expectations that he would be out for the season. Vic Washington is the immediate replacement.

During the nine weeks of training camp Saban had no idea he would ever have Simpson again. Even though O.J. had only one brief practice session with the team this year, the coach put the star in the game on the fourth play.

Simpson went in and out of the contest all night, gaining 28 yards on five rushing plays. His one big play came when he caught a short pass and ran for 43 yards in his usual dazzling manner.

The run gained nothing because John Leypoldt subsequently missed on a 27-yard field-goal attempt with the Bills nine points behind in the last period. Leypoldt also missed from the 39 and had a third attempt blocked. Saban said he thought the game turned on those three failures and he is trying out other kickers after putting Leypoldt on waivers.

Apart from Braxton, other players injured and out for the season following knee surgery are J.D. Hill, the wide receiver for Detroit, and Lyle Alzado, Denver's best defensive lineman.

Pat Haden, a rookie, will be the starting quarterback for the Rams on Sunday when they play the Vikings. Haden, a Rhodes scholar on leave from Oxford, was promoted after Ron Jaworski fractured his shoulder in the victory over Atlanta. He will be out six weeks. James Harris, the former No. 1, is recovering from a broken thumb but could play Sunday.

"The thought of facing guys like Carl Eller and Alan Page boggles my mind but I think I can do the job," said Haden, who is only 5 feet 10 and 180 pounds. He was impressive in the summer exhibition games for the Rams.

Chuck Noll, who complained about the rough play of Oakland's defensive backs against Pittsburgh's wide receiver Lynn Swann, received little sympathy around the league. Tom Landry recalled how rough the Steelers' defenders had been on Golden Richards, the Cowboys' receiver, in the Super Bowl, for example.

Swann suffered a concussion when struck in the head from behind illegally, according to Noll, who intends to put together film clips to support his case of unnecessary roughness against the Raiders.

NFL Appeal

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (AP).—The National Football League has said that it will appeal "at least portions" of a federal court ruling which declared its system of selecting potential professional players from among college players illegal.

Last Wednesday in Washington, U.S. District Court Judge William Bryant declared the league's player draft in violation of anti-trust laws. Bryant called the system a group boycott by the 28 clubs. NFL commissioner Pete Rozelle made the announcement of the league appeal.

Each year, the NFL holds a "college football draft," in which member teams pick new players from among college seniors. The team with the worst record gets the first pick. A college player may not sign a contract with any team other than the one which selected him without the selecting team's consent.

Bryant's ruling was the third major courtroom setback for the NFL in recent years. In 1974, a federal judge in San Francisco ruled the standard player contract illegal. And last year, a federal judge in Minneapolis did the same with the Rozelle Rule, under which the commissioner set compensation when a club signed a player who had played out his option with another team. Both of those decisions are under appeal.

World Cup Hosts Argentina Can't Keep Players at Home

By Brian Glanville

LONDON, Sept. 15 (IHT).—The Argentinians are beginning to worry about their World Cup chances, for the best players are leaving in droves. With the World Cup less than two years away, it becomes increasingly probable that unless they recall their stars from abroad, they are most unlikely to exploit their home advantage (assuming the tournament isn't moved!) and win.

One's sympathies go to Cesar Luis Menotti, the Argentinian team manager, who seemed to have been doing a good job in rebuilding the team, already much depleted after the 1974 World Cup, when it gave a satisfactory account of itself in West Germany.

But Spain in particular has been syphoning off its talent. The big young center-forward Mario Kempes, a 1974 World Cup man at 19, has gone there; so has the championship's most frequent scorer, Hector Scotta, and Miguel Angel Brindisi, still rated one of the best midfield players in the country, though he was a disappointment in the World Cup.

For reasons which have never quite been clear to me, Norbeto Alonso, a refulgent star of the Argentinian European tour of the previous year, scorer of a marvellous goal against West Germany, did not take part in the World Cup tournament. Now he has been snapped up by Olympique Marseilles, always so ready to buy the best foreign talent. Alonso has a remarkable left foot which should bring him many goals in the French championship. Uruguay, bled white by foreign clubs, has now placed a ban on any more "exports" of its leading players, but Argentina, whose economic situation and vulnerability are hardly superior to Uruguay's, has been strangely slow to emulate it.

There is strong criticism about the organization of the World Cup—whose chief administrator was recently assassinated—in Buenos Aires. It has been said, if one may use the term, that fine words butter no parsnips, that the government's insistence that the World Cup of 1978 is a matter of international priority is still to be translated into deeds.

Confirmation that the Italian championship spawns violent play and anarchic attitudes was furnished on Torino's August tour of Ireland. You would have thought that a match against the League of Ireland would have passed off with no great clamor, but you would have been wrong. Two Torino players, Italian international midfielders Pecci and Claudio Sala, were sent off for bad fouls, while Graziani, the international center-forward, an explosive figure when his country played England in New York, was also involved in incidents.

I have been assured by an Italian official in London that there will be nothing to worry about when Italy plays England in Rome on Nov. 17 in that potentially decisive World Cup match. I know that Don Revie will not be quite so easily reassured. Meanwhile, the likable Enzo Bearzot, Italy's team manager, continues his endless series of visits to England to increase and improve his dossier on English players, which must now be entering its 25th volume.

Terry Neill's beginning at Arsenal, where he has become manager of the club for which he once played, has not been easy. Though he boldly spent £333,000 ($566,000) on Malcolm Macdonald, he has on the whole inherited as inadequate a collection of players as he did when he became manager of nearby Spurs two years ago. Macdonald is unquestionably one of the most effective goal scorers in English soccer, but someone must make the bullets for him to fire, and someone must give him the kind of support he got so abundantly last season from Newcastle United's Alan Gowling, a university graduate and a superb foil for a thrusting center-forward.

A lack of distinguished coaches, a plethora of aging players, are problems which Neill will not find it easy to solve. I believe he will be wise to take his chance with youth, at least to the extent of giving a chance to a promising young player, rather than retain an old hand whose best days are manifestly behind him. Whether Alan Ball belongs in that category or whether he will recover the form he showed at times last season, time will tell.

Minter Next in Line For European Title

LONDON, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—Alan Minter set himself up for a crack at the European title when he defended his British middleweight championship with a points victory over old rival Kevin Finnegan at the Royal Albert Hall here last night. Minter's winning margin of half a point was the same as the decision he gained when winning the vacant title against Finnegan last November.

Minter now is expected to meet European champion Angelo Jocupucci of Italy here in December.

Transitions

NBA BASKETBALL

Philadelphia—Signed Freeman Blade, a guard from Eastern Montana College.

Seattle—Signed Mike Green, a forward from the ABA, to a series of one-year contracts.

Washington—Traded Tom Kropp, guard, to Chicago for "future considerations."

NFL FOOTBALL

New England—Obtained Jess Phillips, running back, on waivers from Oakland and waived Richard Bishop, tackle.

Seattle—Obtained Bob Lurtsema, defensive lineman, from Minnesota on waivers

Canada Won't Let Up Against Czechs in Hockey Final

TREAL, Sept. 15 (AP).—e the thoroughness of Team a's 6-0 playoff-opening h over the world amateur champion Czechoslovakian Canadian defenseman Lar- inson is convinced his club better.

r the Canadians swept to first-period lead and breez- to victory in the best-of- series opener Monday night, son was displeased that his ppeared to sit on its lead. started after we built up that 4-0 lead to back off a little bit and that's really not our game," said Robinson. "In the first period we were on them all the time and forcing them into mistakes, and later on we were just backing up and trying to protect the lead."

Robinson admitted, however, that "I wouldn't want to be in their shoes and come out against our club, to tell the truth."

The Czechoslovaks admitted there was much room for improvement as they try to stay alive in the playoff which will determine the winner of the first Canada Cup international tournament.

"We will take a rest and try again," said Czechoslovak co-coach Karel Gut, who admitted that weak play by goalie Vladimir Dzurilla—who had blanked the Canadians 1-0 last Thursday in a regular-phase game—had dug his team into an early hole.

Coach Dr. Jan Starsi agreed. "The Canadians came out as if shot out of a cannon," he said. "We couldn't match their tempo and we started making mistakes."

Mistakes helped the four-goal first period which saw Gil Perreault, Denis Potvin, Bobby Orr and Guy Lafleur score, while the Canadian defense destroyed Czechoslovak strategy by cutting off the long breakaway passing game the Europeans favor.

"They (the Czechoslovaks) go for the home run, so as defensemen, we had to watch their centers because they like to move their wings behind us for the long pass. We just made sure they didn't get any breakaways, made sure they didn't get any shots from in front of the net and the rest took care of itself," said Team Canada defenseman Serge Savard.

Goalie Rogie Vachon took care of the rest, picking up his second shutout of the tournament. Backed by strong checking, Vachon has allowed only six goals in the six games. In two against the Czechoslovaks and one against the Russians, Vachon has surrendered just two goals.

"Our defense has been playing fantastic the last three or four games and our forechecking has been a lot better. That's why we've been winning," said Vachon. "If we play the way we can play, I don't really think that they can beat us," said left wing Bobby Hull. "I think everybody's had about enough of this series as far as wanting to get it over with in a hurry."

Team Canada goes for a two-game sweep at The Forum tonight. A third game, if necessary, will be played Friday night at The Forum.

But Canada coach Scotty Bowman warned against overconfidence. "We've beaten them, they've beaten us. They're not going to pack up and go home," he said. "You know they're going to be coming back in the next game. It's going to be a matter of the way we start the game. I certainly wouldn't want to fall behind that club."

checkter Changes for 1977

NDON, Sept. 15 (UPI).— African Jody Scheckter esterday he will be driving car for Walter Wolf Racing t year's Formula One series.

eckter, currently third in orld drivers' championship, eave the Tyrrell team where e Ronnie Peterson will take lace.

ter Wolf, a 37-year-old Can- millionaire, entered For- One racing this year with has proved an uncompeti- Williams FW machine driven aly's Arturo Merzario. The car will be designed by ey Postblewaite, creator of Hesketh, and the team will be by Peter Warr, a manager e Lotus team for the past 15 , Scheckter said.

cing sources said Scheckter would receive a salary of $150,000 from Wolf, who made his fortune from offshore oil platform maintenance. Scheckter declined to say how much he was being paid to switch, adding that he was getting "the going rate" for the job.

"Ken Tyrrell offered me a contract for 1977 and I spent a long time thinking about it before turning it down," Scheckter said.

King Returns Oct. 17

PALM SPRINGS, Calif., Sept. 15 (UPI).—Billie Jean King, who announced her retirement from singles competition after winning at Wimbledon last year, will play in the singles of the $200,000 Colgate inaugural women's tennis tournament here Oct. 17-24, it has been announced.

Tuesday's Line Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Houston ..... 200 010 100—4 6 1
Atlanta ..... 001 010 010—3 9 2
Lemongello, Forsch (8) and Herrmann; Ruthven, Torrealba (8) and Correll, Murphy. W—Lemongello (7-0). L—Ruthven (13-15).

Houston ..... 100 110 000—2 5 0
Atlanta ..... 102 000 00x—3 7 0
McLaughlin, J. Niekro (5), J. Sosa (7), Sambito (7) and Johnson; Autry, Leon (6), Devine (8) and Murphy. W—Autry (1-0). L—McLaughlin (3-6). HR—Cedeno (18th), Cruz (4th), Montanez (9th).

New York ..... 001 200 002—4 2 0
Pittsburgh ..... 001 000 110—3 6 0
Swan, Lockwood (8) and Stearns; Rooker, Tekulve (8) and Ellis. W—Lockwood (8-7). L—Rooker (13-6). HR—Torre (5th); Bronnett (2d).

Montreal ..... 000 200 000—2 8 1
Philadelphia ..... 000 020 00x—3 4 1
Fryman, Kerrigan (7) and Foote, Lonborg, Schueler (6) Reed (8) and Boone. W—Lonborg (16-9). L—Fryman (12-11). HR—Williams (14).

Chicago ..... 320 000 000—5 12 1
St. Louis ..... 010 000 002—3 9 2
R. Reuschel (13-10) and Mitterwald; McGlothen, Solomon (3), Waterbury (3), Lagrow (6), Capilla (8) and Simmons. L—McGlothen (12-14).

Los Angeles ..... 102 001 220—9 15 1
Cincinnati ..... 000 000 000—0 10 0
John (9-10) and Paciey; Nolan Norton (8) and Bench. L—Nolan (12-8). HR—Garvey (19th), Goodson (3rd).

San Francisco ... 300 020 002—7 11
San Diego ..... 000 006 000—6 13 2
Knepper, Dressler (6), Caldwell (6), Heaverlo (6), Williams (7), Moffitt (8) and Alexander; Strom, Johnson (6), Freisleben (7), Metzger (8), Tomlin (9) and Kendall. W—Moffitt (5-5). L—Metzger (11-2). HR—Murcer 2 (30th).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Oakland ..... 000 200 020—4 9 1
Minnesota ..... 010 000 001—2 8 2
Blue (15-12) and Newman. Luebber, Campbell (9) and Borgmann. L—Luebber (4-5). HR—Tenace (20th), Ford (17th).

Oakland ..... 000 101 100—3 11 0
Minnesota ..... 100 200 001—4 9 1
Boaman, Lindblad (4), Todd (9) and Newman, Tenace (7), Haney; Goltz (13-13) and Wynegar. L—Lindblad (5-5). HR—Washington (4th), Cubbage (3rd).

Kansas City ..... 100 100 000—2 10 1
Chicago ..... 001 000 000—1 3 3
Hassler (5-10) and Stinson, Wathan (4); Monroe, Forster (3), Carroll (8) and Eagan. L—Forster (2-12).

Detroit ..... 024 100 000—7 15 2
Baltimore ..... 005 000 40x—9 11 1
Ruhle, Lemanczyk (3), Hiller (7), Laxton (8) and Freehan; Grimsley, Pagan (3), D. Martinez (4) and Dempsey. W—Martinez (1-0). L—Hiller (11-8). HR—Deginces (9th).

New York ..... 203 300 000—8 13 0
Cleveland ..... 000 000 110—2 7 0
Jackson, Tidrow (8) and Munson; Dobson, Hood (3), Buskey (4), Parker (7) and Fosse, Cerone (6). W—Jackson (6-1). L—Dobson (14-12).

California ..... 001 000 302—6 9 2
Texas ..... 020 101 000—4 9 2
Hartzell (7-4) and Humphrey, Ettchebarren; Barker, Hargan (7) and Sundberg. L—Hargan (6-7). HR—Grieve (16th).

Boston ..... 000 000 011 0—2 6 0
Milwaukee ..... 000 000 200 1—3 10 2
Wise, Willoughby (9) and Fisk; Slaton, Sadecki (8), Frisella (8) and Porter. W—Frisella (5-2). L—Willoughby (2-12).

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Art Buchwald

Letter From Paris

PARIS—There is not too much happening in France at the moment. The biggest controversy seems to be that a French bishop insists on saying the Catholic mass in Latin instead of French and the Pope is very mad at him. The country is now divided on the issue with the Gaullists supporting the bishop, the independent Socialists the Pope and the Communists demanding a television debate before they decide how to vote.


Buchwald

The American tourist, long the symbol of U.S. imperialism in France, has virtually disappeared and has been replaced in all the first-class hotels by large families of Arab sheikhs, their wives and children. The lobby of the Hotel George V is now full of little Saudi Arabian princes and princesses playing soccer between the chairs while their parents are out trying to figure out how to spend millions of dollars worth of oil royalties in Paris shops. The employees of the hotel have strict orders not to remonstrate the children for anything they do because an average Arab kid in a Paris hotel spends $100 a day ordering from room service.

There has been a drought in northern France and this has given the French merchants an excuse to raise their prices not only on food products in the drought zone, but on other things that ordinarily would not be affected by water.

A handbag priced on the Faubourg St. Honoré cost $450. The lady in the store explained to me it was "because of the drought."

A man's shirt in a window near the Place de l'Opera had been marked up from $40 to $50 "because of the drought."

Even a Louis XV table in an antique shop had increased by $8,000 because of the dry weather in Normandy. The antique merchant explained that because of the lack of water the dealers had to slaughter all their Louis XV tables, since they couldn't afford to feed them any more.

The big question I was constantly asked in Paris by the French was, "What do the Americans think of President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing and France?"

I had to be honest and explain that Giscard was probably as well known in the United States as Richard Schweiker and the last time France was mentioned in the United States was when some Croatians hijacked an airplane flying from New York to Chicago

"But it isn't our fault," I explained to my French friends. "Most Americans are only interested in the countries Henry Kissinger is interested in. At the moment, Henry has decided he prefers Africa to France and we have to go along with him."

"Why?" a Frenchman asked me.

"Because Henry knows best," I replied. "The national interests of the United States are inexorably tied to Namibia, Rhodesia and South Africa. It came as a surprise to most of us, but if Henry says, 'That's where it's happening,' we have no choice but to put our prestige and money on the line. Henry doesn't fly around the world for nothing."

My French friend said, "He's making a big mistake getting into that stew."

"Ordinarily, I would agree with you, but as an American I cannot question Henry's reasons for taking such a big interest in southern Africa. Besides, he may have something going for him in Cape Town that none of us knows about."

My French friend said, "Do you think Kissinger will stay on if Ford is elected President?"

"He'll have to," I said. "He can't quit until Namibia is a free nation."

"Where is Namibia?"

"If we Americans knew," I replied testily, "do you think we'd tell you?"

Beer Conditioning

WIESBADEN, West Germany, Sept. 15 (Reuters).—West Germans drank a record 950 million liters of beer during the heat-wave month of July—about 16 liters for every man, woman and child, the official statistics office announced.

'There's an attitude around here that dirty water is good for business, or that where there's smoke, there's jobs.'

Pollution: Houston's Corporate Washrooms

By James P. Sterba

HOUSTON (NYT).—From their executive suites atop Houston's proliferating skyscrapers, business and civic leaders gush with self-praise over their city's prosperity and growth Mayor Fred Hofheinz calls it "the envy of the nation."

From their corporate washrooms, however, gushes a less enviable commodity—raw sewage. It is flowing into city waterways in such volume that John Hill, the state attorney general, this month dubbed Houston the No. 1 water polluter in Texas.

Mr. Hill has joined in a lawsuit against the city and has threatened to stop the city from issuing new building permits. His assistant attorneys charge that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Texas Water Quality Board have been so lax in enforcing anti-pollution laws that Houston, in the name of growth, has been allowed to dump increasing volumes of untreated human waste for more than a decade.

$3 Million

The lawsuit, filed by the Clear Creek Basin Authority in state district court, seeks up to $3 million in compensation for victims of Houston's waste dumping into Galveston Bay. In joining the suit, Hill is seeking an injunction that would prohibit Houston from receiving further extensions of time to improve the efficiency of its present sewage treatment plants.

Contending that the suit would have a disastrous effect on Houston's economy, that it would "kill the goose that laid the golden egg," Mr. Hofheinz and the City Council have hired the Houston law firm of Leon Jaworski, the former Watergate special prosecutor, to fight the attorney general. The mayor contends that the city's $500-million sewer upgrading program (the bulk of the money is federal) is well under way. State attorneys, however, say that the city is waging delaying tactics.

From one downtown sewage plant alone, they charge, up to 120 tons of untreated human waste per day flow into Buffalo Bayou, the Houston Ship Channel and eventually into Galveston Bay. In it are some 70 viruses—responsible for such illnesses as polio, hepatatis and spinal meningitis—that environmentalists contend are contaminating one of the nation's most valuable marine estuaries. Several sections of the bay have been closed to oyster fishing and swimming.

"There's an attitude around here that dirty water is good for business, or that where there's smoke, there's jobs," said Terence O'Rourke, a Houston lawyer who filed the original suit on behalf of what he calls the "downstream victims" of Houston.

Recent Years

His client is the Clear Creek Basin Authority, an area that includes the Johnson Space Center and several bayside suburbs. People have moved into that area in recent years to enjoy sailing, water skiing, fishing and other water recreation only to find it hazardous to their health.

Mr. Hofheinz counters by asserting that rivers from as far off as Dallas flow into Galveston Bay, so other cities may be equally guilty of polluting it.

But, Dr. John Malouf, a consultant to the attorney general on sewage, says that most bacteria and viruses from upriver would die on their way to the bay. Houston's viral sludge, on the other hand, floats only a few miles into the bay. Because it is warm the year-round, he said, viruses can become embedded in the bay bottom, in oysters and other marine life, and live for up to 200 days.

A Few Miles

State officials say they have no quarrel with Houston's plans to build new sewage treatment plants. They are concerned with the disrepair and neglect of present facilities. In a survey two years ago, a county pollution officer, Dr. Walter Quebedeaux, found that two-thirds of the city's 36 treatment plants were operating at less than 80 per cent efficiency on the average. In addition, 32 sewer lines dumped waste directly into Houston bayous, bypassing treatment altogether.

Since then, according to Dr. Malouf, the situation has gotten worse. He claims that treatment plants are simply not maintained. Sometimes the city runs out of chlorine or filters to catch sludge, which should be dried and hauled away to landfills.

PEOPLE: *Gordon Liddy Fights For Inmates' Rights*


Gordon Liddy
on way to jai[l]

Gordon Liddy, Watergate burglar and onetime counsel to former President Richard Nixon's re-election committee, is now fighting for inmates' rights in a prison in Danbury, Conn. Liddy, who is working as a clerk in the prison power plant, is serving six to 20 years. He is not eligible for release until 1981.

Liddy refused to answer Watergate investigators' questions, and he still refuses to be interviewed. But during a tour of Danbury prison, Associated Press reporter John Zucker saw Liddy at his desk in a small office at the power plant.

The reporter learned that last February Liddy was placed in a small cell reserved for disciplining inmates. He was accused of being insolent to a guard but was later cleared during an administrative hearing.

Then on Aug. 19, Liddy represented himself and other inmates in U.S. District Court, where he complained that prisoners placed in "administrative detention" were not given adequate explanation for the disciplinary action against them. He also argued that privileged mail, which can be opened only in the presence of the inmate to whom it is being addressed, is being opened outside the inmate addressee's presence. Judge Jon Newman ruled last April that prisoners put in detention must be given written explanations. At the same time, Newman designated more categories of mail as "privileged."

Liddy has also suggested that prisoners whose rights have been violated be compensated by shortened sentences.

* * *

For a price reported to be well over $1 million, Marietta Peabody Tree has sold her Manhattan town house, long a sort of salon for Democratic party and United Nations social life. Next month, Sotheby, Parke Bernet will sell the furnishings and art works—most of them from Ditchley, the 18th-century mansion formerly owned by Mrs. Tree and her husband, Ronald Tree, who died in July at the age of 72. The 20-room house was bought by John Samuels 3d, a 42-year-old lawyer from Texas.

* * *

Crown Princess Beatrix of the Netherlands and her husb[and] Prince Claus, a former West G[er]man diplomat, arrived in B[onn] Tuesday for an official v[isit]. Besides dinner with Presid[ent] Walter Scheel and a confere[nce] with Chancellor Helmut Schm[idt] the couple will visit Bonn U[ni]versity and take a trip on [the] Rhine.

* * *

"We need a president who [be]lieves in a natural way of [life,] someone who has nothing [to] hide," Eddie Hicock told a cr[owd] of about 50 who gathered a[t a] downtown plaza in San Fr[an]cisco. The 40-year-old "nude c[an]didate for president" said: [I] have no support but I'm g[oing] to do it anyway." Collins t[hen] dropped his blue jeans and [be]fore they got to his ankles, [he] was hustled away by two po[lice]men. Hicock said that it was [his] 18th or 19th arrest for inde[cent] exposure charges around [the] United States during his ye[ar-]long presidential campaign.

* * *

After 40 years of manag[ing] hotels, Charles Carey, 65, be[gins] studies to become a Ro[man] Catholic priest in Rome Fri[day]. Carey retired last year as exe[cu]tive director of corporate ser[vices] for the Sheraton hotel chain [and] manager of the Sheraton Car[lton] in Washington. Carey, a bache[lor,] said that he didn't consider [the] priesthood far afield from his [hotel] experience, since clergymen [and] hotel managers both render [ser]vice.

—SAMUEL JUSTIC[E]

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